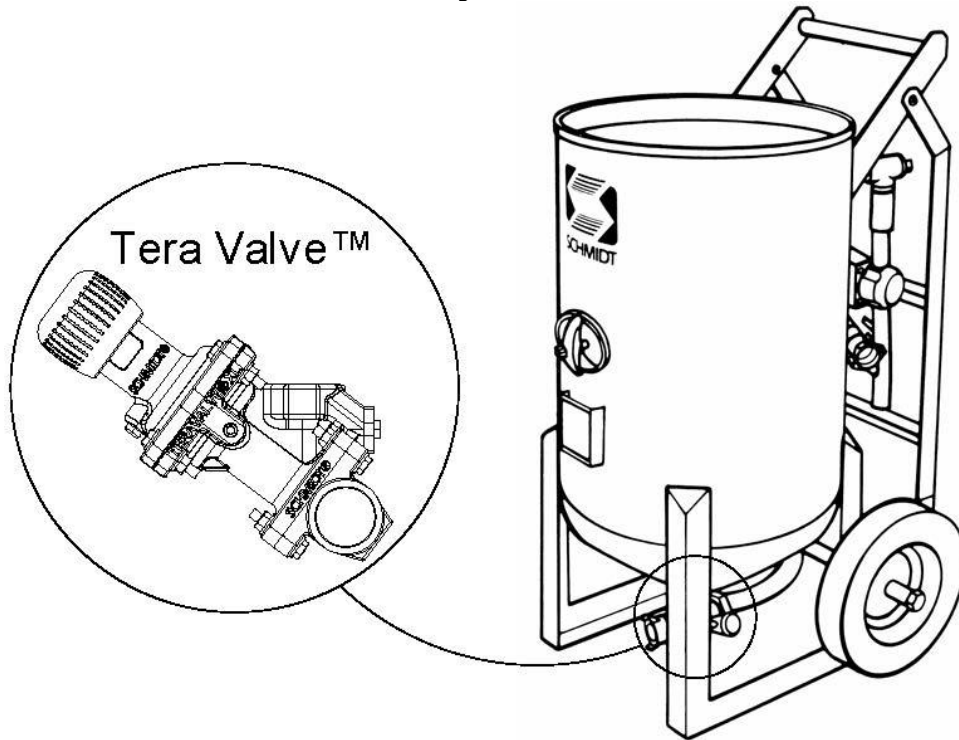


# Abrasive Blasters 1.5 - 20 c.f. (Tera)

## OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL

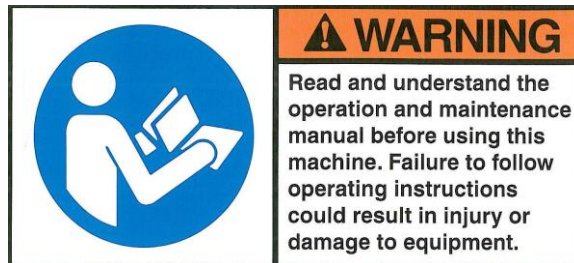
July 2018



# **SCHMIDT**®

SAVE THIS MANUAL AND MAKE AVAILABLE  
TO ALL USERS OF THIS EQUIPMENT!

Manual Part Number 7200-200TRV  
(Available for downloading from [SchmidtAbrasiveBlasting.com](http://SchmidtAbrasiveBlasting.com))



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Website

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Manual

# WARNING

1. Any person intending to operate this equipment or any person intending to be in the vicinity during its operation must receive proper training from his/her supervisor, employer and/or supplier. If this equipment is to be leased or rented, the supplier must assure that the lessee or renter has received proper training before the lessee or renter takes possession of the equipment. Consult Axxiom Manufacturing, Inc.
2. Any person authorized to operate this equipment or any person intending to be in the vicinity during its operation and who is not capable of reading and understanding this manual must be fully trained regarding the *Rules for Safer Operation* and all operating procedures, and must be made aware of all the Dangers, Warnings, and Cautions identified herein. Consult Axxiom Manufacturing, Inc.
3. Do Not operate any abrasive blaster or blast equipment before reading and completely understanding all the warnings, operating procedures and instructions, and the *Rules for Safer Operation* contained in this manual.
4. Do Not operate any abrasive blaster or blast equipment without following the *Rules for Safer Operation* and all the operating procedures and instructions. Failure to properly use blast equipment could result in serious injury or death.
5. Do Not perform any maintenance on any abrasive blaster or blast equipment while it is pressurized. Always depressurize the abrasive blaster vessel before loading abrasive or performing any maintenance.
6. Do Not use abrasives containing free silica. Silica can cause silicosis or other related respiratory damage. All operators must wear personal protective equipment for all abrasive blasting operations. Observe all applicable local, state and federal safety regulations in conjunction with airline filters and respiratory protection. Reference OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134.
7. Do Not enter areas during abrasive blasting operations without breathing protection. All personnel in the vicinity of abrasive blasting operations should wear NIOSH approved air fed respirators, hoods or helmets.
8. Do Not modify or alter any abrasive blaster, blast equipment or controls thereof without written consent from Axxiom Manufacturing, Inc.
9. Do Not use bleeder type deadman valves on any Schmidt® abrasive blaster. The use of A-BEC, Clemco or a similar bleeder type deadman valve can cause unintentional start-up without warning, which can result in serious personal injury.
10. Do Not sell, rent, or operate abrasive blasters without remote controls. OSHA regulations require remote controls on all blast machines. Failure to use remote controls can cause serious injury or death to the operator(s) or other personnel in the blasting area. Reference OSHA 29 CFR 1910.244(b).
11. Do Not repair or replace any portion of Schmidt® equipment using components that are not Schmidt® original factory replacement parts. Use of replacement components that are not Schmidt® original factory replacement parts may result in equipment failure which can result in serious personal injury and in addition will void all warranties.

## Instructions for use of manual sections

This manual contains information needed to operate and maintain a Schmidt® abrasive blaster. Read this entire operations and maintenance manual before using the abrasive blaster. Pay close attention to the *Rules for Safer Operation* (Section 1.0), and the Dangers, Warnings, and Cautions identified.

The purpose of safety symbols and explanations are to alert operators of the possible hazards and explain how to avoid them. The safety symbols and explanations alone do not eliminate any danger. However, following the instructions given and taking proper accident prevention measures will greatly lower the risk of injury to personnel. Below are the three hazard levels as used in this manual.



WHITE LETTERS with RED BACKGROUND

**DANGER:** Indicates an imminently hazardous situation that, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury. This signal word is limited to the most extreme situations.



BLACK LETTERS with ORANGE BACKGROUND

**WARNING:** Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.



BLACK LETTERS with YELLOW BACKGROUND

**CAUTION:** Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury. It may also be used to alert against unsafe practices that may cause property damage.

This manual contains terms that may be specific to the abrasive blast industry. Understanding these terms will help operators understand the procedures and instructions given in this manual. All operators must be familiar with the following terms and refer to them as needed while reading this manual.

| Term                 | Definition                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Pressure Vessel      | A fabricated tank (or reservoir) that is part of the abrasive blaster which is filled with compressed air and abrasive. (Also referred to as “blast vessel” or “vessel”.)                                                                                 |
| Pressurize           | To manually or automatically fill the abrasive blast vessel with compressed air.                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Depressurize         | To manually or automatically release all the compressed air from inside the abrasive blast vessel. (Also referred to as “blowdown”.)                                                                                                                      |
| Depressurized System | An abrasive blaster that is pressurized only when the deadman activates the blast operation. The blaster automatically depressurizes when the deadman is released.                                                                                        |
| Pressurized System   | An abrasive blaster that is automatically pressurized when the air inlet ball valve is opened. The blaster remains pressurized when the deadman is released.                                                                                              |
| Blowdown             | To manually or automatically release all the compressed air from inside the abrasive blast vessel. (Also referred to as “depressurize”.)                                                                                                                  |
| Deadman              | A manually operated valve or switch that allows remote starting and stopping of the blast operation. [Also referred to as “deadman valve” (pneumatic blast controls) or “deadman switch” (electric blast controls).]                                      |
| Popup                | An air pressure operated valve that seals the abrasive inlet at the top of the pressure vessel. Its operation may be manual or automatic.                                                                                                                 |
| Abrasive             | A granular substance used in an air blast operation that is the means for blasting the surface of an object. (Also referred to as abrasive blasting media.)                                                                                               |
| Silica               | The crystalline chemical compound silicon dioxide (SiO <sub>2</sub> ) which can be found in many natural abrasives and other substances. Breathing silica dust can cause respiratory diseases such as silicosis. (Also referred to as crystalline silica) |

## 0.0 Warning Decal Identification and Location

Listed below are the warning decals and the corresponding hazards related to this equipment. Refer to Figure 0.1(a) and 0.1(b) for images of the warning decals. Refer to Figure 0.2(a) and 0.2(b) for the locations of these warning decals on the abrasive blaster.

| No. | Qty. | Part no.             | Description                                                     | Hazard                                                                                                                                                                    |
|-----|------|----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1.  | 1    | 7031-001<br>7031-002 | Medium “Schmidt”<br>Small “Schmidt”                             | Not Applicable                                                                                                                                                            |
| 2.  | 1    | 7031-054             | “Warning”<br>Airborne particle and<br>loud noise hazard.        | Airborne particles and loud noise from blast nozzle and blowdown can cause injury and loss of hearing. Wear approved eye and ear protection. See Section 1.0 and 3.10.    |
| 3.  | 1    | 7031-007B            | “Danger”<br>Pressurized vessel.                                 | Propelled objects will cause serious injury or death. Depressurize vessel prior to performing any maintenance. See Section 6.2 and 6.3.                                   |
| 4.  | 1    | 7031-057             | “Warning”<br>Read manual before<br>using this machine.          | Read and understand operator’s manual before using this machine. Failure to follow operating instructions could result in injury or damage to equipment. See Section 1.0. |
| 5.  | 1    | 7031-077             | “Warning”<br>Pinch point hazard.                                | Vessel pressurization will close popup. Closing popup can pinch and crush. Keep hands and fingers away from popup.                                                        |
| 6.  | 1    | 7031-082             | “Danger”<br>Pressurized vessel<br>Handway components            | Propelled objects will cause serious injury or death. Incorrect or damaged handway or manway cover components can result in failure. See Section 6.4.                     |
| 7.  | 1    | 7034-001             | Welded “Warning” plate<br>General hazard and<br>advisory notes. | Steel “Warning” plate welded to pressure vessel which is a general list of required actions to take before and during the operation of this equipment. See Section 1.0.   |



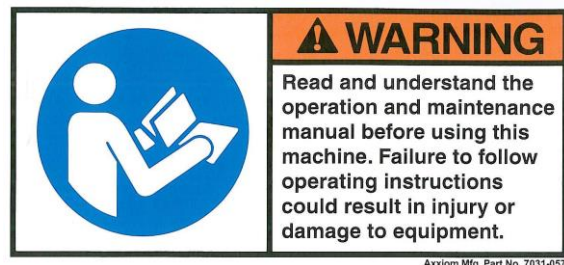
1) 7031-001 / 7031-002



2) 7031-054



3) 7031-007B



4) 7031-057

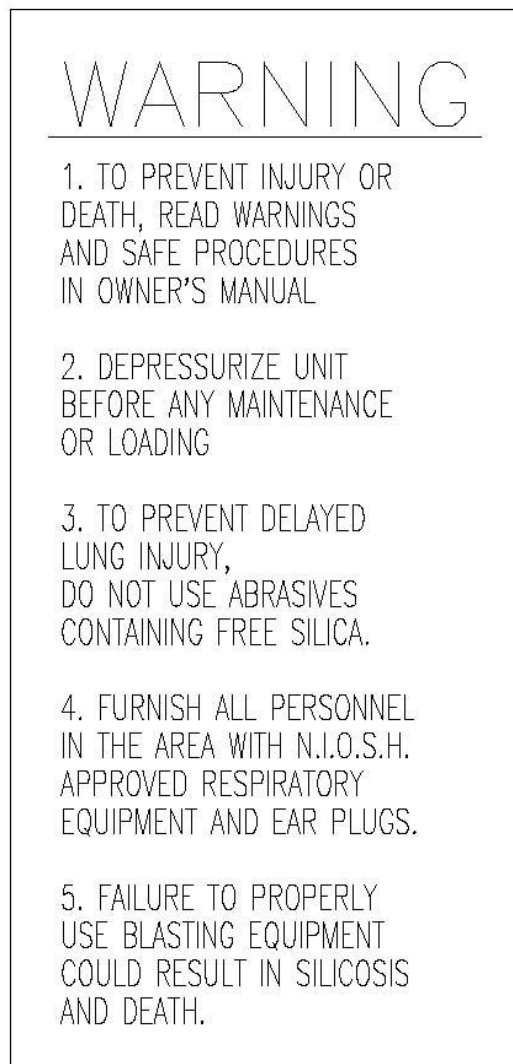
Figure 0.1(a) – Warning decal summary



5) 7031-077



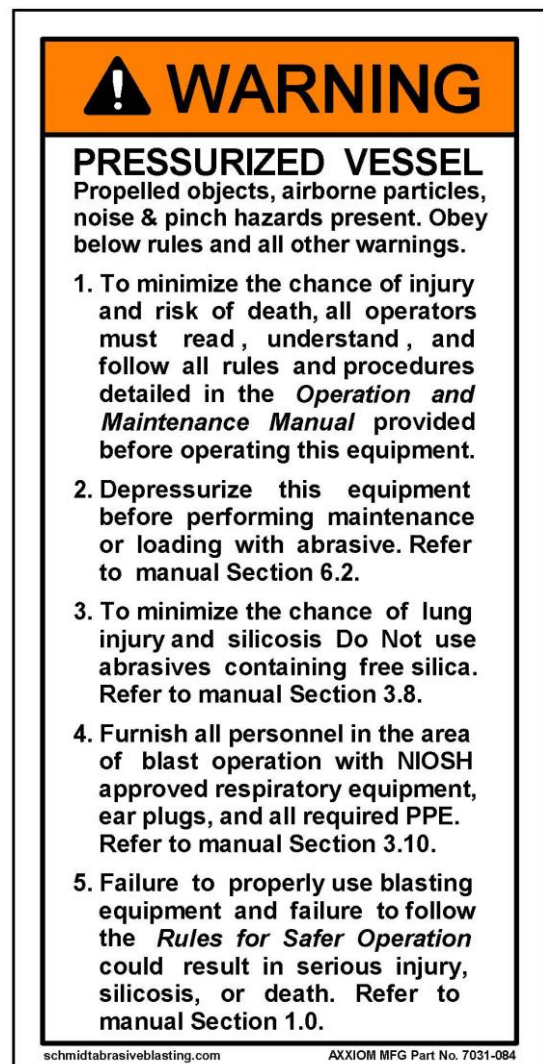
6) 7031-082



7a) 7034-001

Welded Warning Plate

Used on units manufactured prior to June 2017

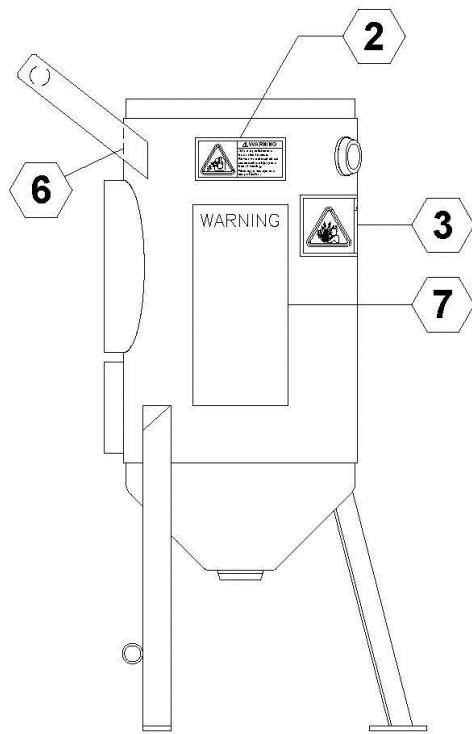


7b) 7031-084

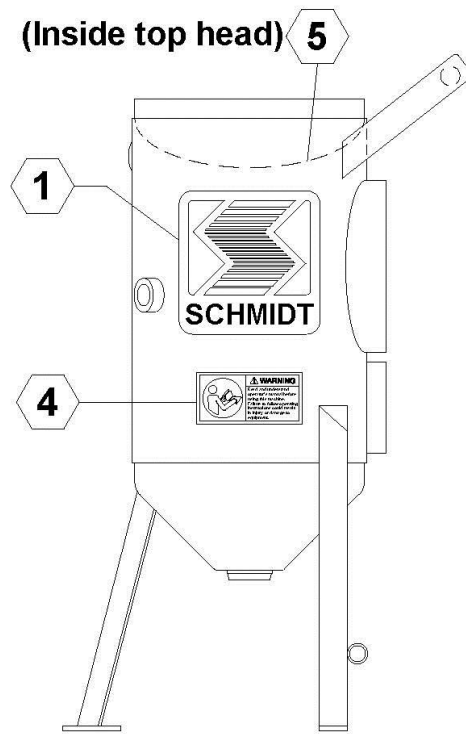
Warning Decal

Used on units manufactured after June 2017

**Figure 0.1(b) – Warning decal summary (continued)**

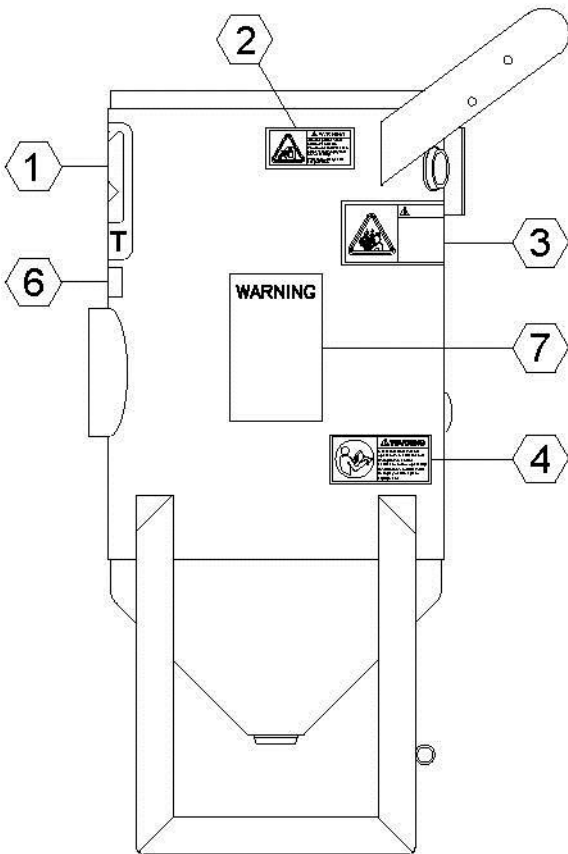


**Left Side**

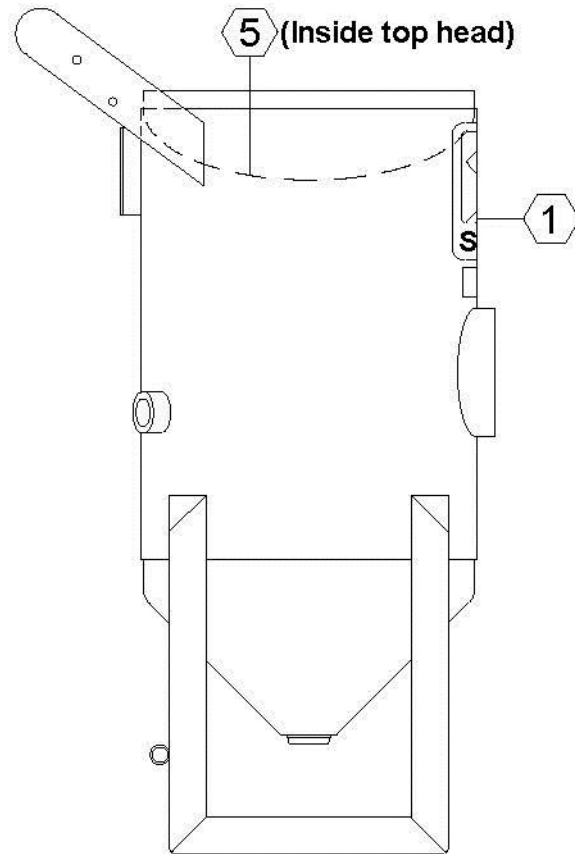


**Right Side**

**Figure 0.2(a) – Warning decal placement (1.5 cu. ft.)**



**Left Side**



**Right Side**

**Figure 0.2(b) – Warning decal placement (3.5 - 20 cu. ft.)**

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## 1.0 Rules for Safer Operation

### 1.1. GENERAL RULE FOR SAFER OPERATION.

SCHMIDT® ABRASIVE BLASTERS HAVE BEEN DESIGNED TO BE SAFER WHEN USED IN THE PROPER MANNER. ALL ABRASIVE BLASTERS ARE POTENTIALLY DANGEROUS IF ALL SAFETY PRECAUTIONS ARE NOT RIGOROUSLY FOLLOWED. PROPER TRAINING IS REQUIRED BEFORE OPERATION. PROPER PROCEDURES MUST BE FOLLOWED. THE ABRASIVE BLASTER AND ALL COMPONENTS MUST BE PROPERLY MAINTAINED. FAILURE TO OPERATE, SERVICE AND MAINTAIN THE ABRASIVE BLASTER AS SET FORTH IN THIS MANUAL MAY CAUSE INJURY OR EVEN DEATH TO ANY PERSON USING, SERVICING OR IN THE VICINITY OF THE ABRASIVE BLASTER.

THIS MANUAL IDENTIFIES POTENTIAL HAZARDS BY DANGER, WARNING, AND CAUTION SYMBOLS. HOWEVER, ALL THE RULES, PROCEDURES AND RECOMMENDATIONS MUST BE FOLLOWED. FAILURE TO OPERATE PROPERLY IS VERY LIKELY TO PLACE PERSONS AND PROPERTY AT HIGH RISK OF DAMAGE, INJURY OR EVEN DEATH.



ABRASIVE BLASTERS AND THE ABRASIVE BLAST OPERATION ARE POTENTIALLY DANGEROUS IF ALL SAFETY PRECAUTIONS ARE NOT FOLLOWED. FAILURE TO OPERATE THE ABRASIVE BLASTER WITHOUT FOLLOWING ALL THE *RULES FOR SAFER OPERATION* MAY RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH TO OPERATING PERSONNEL OR PERSONS IN THE OPERATING VICINITY.

### 1.2. KNOW YOUR EQUIPMENT.

Do Not operate this equipment in a manner other than its intended application (see Section 4.0). Do Not operate this equipment or any other Schmidt® equipment without following the *Rules for Safer Operation* and all the operating procedures and instructions. Learn the applications and limitations as well as the specific potential hazards related to this machine. Failure to do so could result in serious injury or death.

### 1.3. RECEIVE PROPER TRAINING.

Do Not operate this equipment unless you have received operational and maintenance training. Begin by thoroughly reading and understanding this operation and maintenance manual and all included information. Consult an authorized Schmidt distributor or Axxiom manufacturing, Inc.

### 1.4. PROTECT YOUR FEET.

Do Not operate this equipment without wearing OSHA approved foot protection. Observe all applicable local, state and federal regulations. See Section 3.10 and OSHA 29 CFR 1910.136.



Heavy objects can shift while being blasted and may fall on operators. All operators and personnel in the vicinity must wear OSHA approved foot protection during the operation of this equipment. See Section 3.10 and OSHA 29 CFR 1910.136.

### 1.5. **PROTECT YOUR EYES.**

Do Not operate this equipment without wearing OSHA approved safety glasses. Observe all applicable local, state and federal safety regulations. See Section 3.10 and OSHA 29 CFR 1910.133.



When filling the blast vessel and during the blast operation, abrasive can be blown in the face and eyes of operators. All operators and personnel in the vicinity must wear OSHA approved safety glasses during the operation of this equipment. See Section 3.10 and OSHA 29 CFR 1910.133.

### 1.6. **PROTECT YOUR LUNGS.**

Do Not operate this equipment without wearing OSHA approved respiratory protection. Abrasive blasting produces dust contaminated with toxic substances from the abrasive used, the coating being removed, and the object being blasted. This dust may contain silica which can cause severe and permanent lung damage, cancer, and other serious diseases. Do Not breathe the dust. Do Not rely on your sight or smell to determine if dust is in the air. Silica and other toxic substances may be in the air without a visible dust cloud. If air-monitoring equipment for silica is not provided at the worksite, then all personnel **MUST** wear appropriate respiratory protection when using or servicing this equipment. Breathing air supplied to respirators must be of acceptable quality. Consult your employer and OSHA regarding the appropriate respiratory protection and breathing air quality. See Sections 3.9, 3.10, and OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134.



Abrasive blasting produces dust which may contain silica and other toxic substances that can cause severe and permanent lung damage, cancer, and other serious diseases if inhaled. All operators and personnel in the vicinity must wear OSHA approved respiratory protection during the operation of this equipment See Sections 3.9, 3.10, and OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134.

### 1.7. **BREATHING AIR QUALITY.**

Do Not use breathing air that does not meet OSHA Class D standards. Use extreme caution when selecting a source of breathing air. Breathing air provided by an oil-lubricated air compressor can contain carbon monoxide; therefore, use of a carbon monoxide detector is required (See Section 3.10). Carbon monoxide can be in the compressed air produced by an oil-lubricated air compressor when it is operated at extremely high temperature; therefore a high temperature alarm is required to alert the operators when this condition exists. See Section 3.9 and reference OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134(i).

Extreme caution must be taken when connecting to factory air sources. Factories can have sources of compressed gases such as nitrogen which is fatal if used as a breathing air source. Verify that the air source is breathable air.



Breathing air must meet OSHA Class D standards. Use of breathing air sources that do not meet Class D standards can cause asphyxiation and result in death. Verify that all air sources are breathable quality and use a high-temperature alarm and a carbon monoxide monitor when required. See Sections 3.9, 3.10 and OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134(i).

Enclosed blast areas must be ventilated to reduce airborne dust to an acceptable level as required by OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1000.

**1.8. PROTECT YOUR HEARING.**

Do Not operate this equipment without wearing OSHA approved hearing protection. Observe all applicable local, state and federal safety regulations. See Section 3.10 and refer to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.95.



Loud noise is produced by the blast nozzle and the blowdown operation of this equipment. All operators and personnel in the vicinity must wear OSHA approved hearing protection during the operation of this equipment. See Section 3.10 and refer to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.95.

**1.9. PROTECT YOUR PERSON**

Abrasive blasting produces dust contaminated with toxic substances from the abrasive used, the coating being removed, and the object being blasted. All blast operators and other personnel involved in the blast operation or in the vicinity of the blast operation should wear protective clothing. The protective clothing should be disposable or washable work clothes that should be removed at the worksite so that contaminated dust is not transferred into automobiles or homes. See Section 3.10 and refer to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.94 and 1910.134.

**1.10. ADHERE TO ALL REGULATIONS.**

Do Not operate this equipment without observing all local, state, and federal safety regulations including, but not limited to, OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration).

**1.11. STAY ALERT.**

Do Not operate this equipment when you are tired or fatigued. Use caution and common sense while operating and/or performing maintenance on this equipment.

**1.12. DO NOT USE DRUGS, ALCOHOL, or MEDICATION.**

Do Not operate this equipment while under the influence of drugs, alcohol, or any medication.

**1.13. PROTECT BYSTANDERS.**

Do Not allow blast equipment operators and other personnel to enter the vicinity of the blast operation without providing respiratory protective equipment that meets OSHA regulations. If dust concentration levels exceed the limitations set in OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1000 then respirators are required.

**1.14. KEEP CHILDREN AND VISITORS AWAY.**

Do Not allow children or other non-operating personnel to contact this equipment or the connecting hoses and cords. Keep children and non-operating personnel away from work area.

**1.15. AVOID DANGEROUS ENVIRONMENTS.**

Do Not operate this equipment without familiarizing yourself with the surrounding environment. The blast operation creates high level of noise which may prevent the operator from hearing other possible dangers (i.e. traffic or moving equipment). In such situations a stand-by watch person may be necessary to protect against injury to personnel.

**1.16. AVOID DANGEROUS ENVIRONMENTS.**

Do Not use this equipment in areas cluttered with debris. Debris in the work area can create tripping hazards which can cause the operator to lose control of the blast hose and result in injury to operating personnel. Keep work area clean and well lit. When working at an elevated location, pay attention to articles and persons below.

**1.17. AVOID DANGEROUS ENVIRONMENTS.**

Do Not operate this equipment in elevated areas without using fall protection equipment. Certain applications of this equipment may require the use of scaffolding. Use of scaffolding creates hazardous situations such as tripping and fall hazards which can result in serious injury or death to operating personnel. Consult OSHA 29 CFR 1910 Subpart D.

**1.18. AVOID DANGEROUS ENVIRONMENTS.**

Do Not blast objects that are not properly secured. The blast operation can cause the blasted object to shift or move. Extremely large objects to be blasted can create a crush hazard to operating personnel which can result in serious injury or death. Properly secure the object to be blasted.

**1.19. AVOID DANGEROUS ENVIRONMENTS.**

Do Not blast objects used to store flammable materials. The blast operation can cause sparks which can ignite fumes or residual flammable materials inside enclosed containers which can explode resulting in serious injury or death to operating personnel.

**1.20. ELECTRICALLY GROUND EQUIPMENT.**

Static electricity is generated by the abrasive flow through the blast hose. To minimize chance of static electrical shock to operating personnel only use static dissipating blast hose and install a grounding strap on the abrasive blaster. See Section 5.12.

**1.21. MAINTAIN VESSEL INTEGRITY.**

Do Not operate this equipment with the pressure vessel damaged, or with any part of it worn or damaged. Do Not operate this equipment in a condition that may cause failure of the pressure vessel. See Sections 1.22 through 1.32 below.



An abrasive blaster is a Pressurized Vessel. Alterations, damage, or misuse of the pressure vessel can result in rupturing. Damaged or incorrect components used on the abrasive blaster can result in rupturing. The compressed air inside a pressurized vessel contains a dangerously high level of energy which can propel objects and cause serious injury or death.

**1.22. NEVER OPERATE OVER MAXIMUM WORKING PRESSURE.**

Do Not operate this equipment above maximum allowable working pressure (MAWP) at maximum operating temperature (°F) shown on the ASME nameplate attached to the vessel. See Sections 2.2 and 8.1.

**1.23. INSTALL PRESSURE RELIEF DEVICE.**

Do Not operate this equipment without a pressure relief device in place. The ASME Code requires that all vessels be equipped with pressure relief devices prior to installation. The pressure relief device must be set at the maximum allowable working pressure of the abrasive blaster. See the ASME nameplate attached to the vessel typically located above the handway. See Section 3.11 for information regarding the pressure relief valve.

**1.24. NEVER OPERATE BEYOND ALLOWABLE TEMPERATURE RANGE.**

Do Not operate this equipment above the maximum allowable temperature at the allowable pressure or below the minimum design metal temperature (MDMT) shown on the pressure vessel nameplate. The characteristics of the pressure vessel metal are weakened when the temperature is outside the operating range. Operating the pressure vessel outside of allowable temperature range can result in rupturing and cause serious injury or death. See Section 2.2.

**1.25. ASME NAMEPLATE REQUIRED.**

Do Not operate this equipment if the ASME pressure vessel nameplate is missing. Contact Axxiom Manufacturing, Inc. for technical support.

**1.26. DO NOT MODIFY VESSEL.**

Do Not modify or alter any abrasive blaster, blast equipment, or controls thereof without written consent from Axxiom Manufacturing, Inc. Do Not weld, grind, or sand the pressure vessel. *It will not be safe to operate.* Non-authorized modifications could lead to serious injury or death. Non-authorized modifications will void the warranty and may void the ASME/NB integrity.

**1.27. DO NOT HAMMER ON VESSEL.**

Do Not hammer on or strike any part of the pressure vessel. Hammering on the pressure vessel can create cracks and cause rupturing.

**1.28. FIRE DAMAGE NOTICE.**

Do Not operate if the pressure vessel has been damaged by fire. If damaged, take out of service immediately and have it inspected and/or repaired by a qualified facility. Contact Axxiom Manufacturing, Inc. for technical support.

**1.29. INSPECT VESSEL REGULARLY.**

Do Not operate this equipment with damage to the pressure vessel. *It is not safe.* Inspect outside and inside of the pressure vessel regularly for corrosion or damage (i.e. dents, gouges or bulges). If damaged, take out of service immediately and have it inspected and/or repaired by a qualified facility. Contact Axxiom Manufacturing, Inc. for technical support. See Section 8.0.

**1.30. CHECK FOR LEAKS IN VESSEL.**

Do Not operate this equipment if there is a leak in the pressure vessel. If leaking, take the pressure vessel out of service immediately and have it inspected and/or repaired by a qualified facility. Contact Axxiom Manufacturing, Inc. for technical support.

**1.31. INSPECT HANDWAY ASSEMBLY.**

Do Not operate the abrasive blaster without first inspecting the handway assembly. To insure proper operation, all handway components must be the correct size for the vessel handway opening. See Section 6.4.

**1.32. NEVER MODIFY BLOWDOWN.**

Do Not connect the blowdown on this equipment onto a common header with any other unit of any description, or any other source of compressed air, without first making sure a check valve is used between the header and this unit. Do Not install this equipment sharing piping with another unit of higher discharge pressure and capacity. A safety hazard could occur in the form of a back-flow condition. Do Not install a muffler or silencer on the blowdown that is not designed for use on abrasive blast equipment because it can cause a malfunction and can result in a hazardous condition.

**1.33. DEPRESSURIZE VESSEL BEFORE PERFORMING MAINTENANCE.**

Do Not remove, repair, or replace any item on this equipment while it is pressurized. Do Not attempt to perform maintenance or load abrasive while this equipment is pressurized or is even capable of being pressurized. This means the inlet ball valve should be closed and the air supply should be shut off or disconnected. Anytime the manual blowdown valve is closed it should be assumed that the abrasive blast vessel is pressurized.



An abrasive blaster is a Pressurized Vessel. The compressed air inside a pressurized vessel contains a dangerously high level of energy which can propel objects and cause serious injury or death. Depressurize vessel before performing any maintenance. See Section 6.2 and 6.3.

**1.34. ALWAYS USE REMOTE CONTROLS.**

Do Not sell, rent, or operate abrasive blasters without remote controls. OSHA regulations require remote controls on all abrasive blasters. All abrasive blasters must be equipped with automatic (deadman) type remote controls (either pneumatic or electric). Failure to use remote controls can cause serious injury or death to the operator(s) or other personnel in the blasting area. Reference OSHA 29 CFR 1910.244(b).

**1.35. NEVER USE BLEEDER TYPE DEADMAN VALVES.**

Do Not use bleeder type deadman valves on any Schmidt® abrasive blaster. The use of A-BEC, Clemco, or a similar bleeder type deadman valve can, without warning, cause unintentional start-up which can result in serious personal injury. A particle of dirt from the air hose can plug the bleed hole in the deadman valve and cause the blast outlet to turn on.

**1.36. CHECK FOR DAMAGED PARTS.**

Do Not use this equipment with damaged components. Periodically check all valves, hoses, fittings, pipe, and pipe fittings (internal and external) to confirm that they are in good condition. Repair or replace any component that shows any sign of wear, leakage, or any other damage. See Section 8.0.



Damaged components can fail during operation and result in serious injury or death to operating personnel.

**1.37. ALWAYS USE SAFETY PINS ON HOSE COUPLING CONNECTIONS.**

Do Not use this equipment without hose coupling safety pins in place and hose whip checks installed on all air and blast hoses. All blast hose couplings and air hose couplings have pin holes that must be safety pinned to protect against accidental disconnections. Accidental hose disconnection can cause serious injury or death. See Sections 5.14 and 8.7.

**1.38. ALWAYS USE CORRECT REPLACEMENT PARTS AND ACCESSORIES.**

Do Not use replacement parts or accessories that are not rated for pressures equal to or higher than the abrasive blaster's operating pressure. Improper hoses and/or fittings used on, or connected to the abrasive blaster can rupture and cause serious injury or death.

Do Not use replacement parts that are not Schmidt® original factory replacement parts. Non-original parts may not fit properly and can cause equipment damage and/or failure which can result in serious injury to operating personnel. Consult Axxiom Manufacturing, Inc.



Use of replacement components that are not Schmidt® original factory replacement parts may result in equipment failure which can result in serious injury to operating personnel.

**1.39. ALWAYS USE CORRECT PRESSURE RATED ACCESSORIES.**

Do Not use air reservoirs or moisture separator tanks that are not rated for use in compressed air applications. Air reservoirs and moisture separator tanks larger than 6 inches inside diameter must have an ASME code stamp.



An air reservoir or moisture separator tank is a Pressurized Vessel. The compressed air inside a pressurized vessel contains a dangerously high level of energy which can explode propelling objects and result in serious injury or death to operating personnel. Air reservoirs and moisture separator tanks must be ASME coded tanks.

**1.40. NEVER AIM BLAST NOZZLE TOWARDS ANY PERSON.**

Do Not aim the blast nozzle towards yourself or any person. A system malfunction or a blocked blast nozzle that clears can trigger accidental start up resulting in injury to personnel.

**1.41. NEVER USE ABRASIVE NOT INTENDED FOR BLAST EQUIPMENT.**

Do Not use abrasive blast media containing free silica. Silica can cause silicosis or other related respiratory damage. Verify that the abrasive is intended for use in blasting equipment. Personal protective equipment, including airline filters and respirators, must be used for all abrasive blasting operations. Observe all applicable local, state and federal safety regulations. See Sections 3.8, 3.10, and reference OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134.

**1.42. CHECK ABRASIVE FOR DEBRIS.**

Do Not use blast abrasive that contains trash or other debris. Trash or debris can create a blockage and cause equipment malfunction. Screen recycles abrasive to remove trash.

**1.43. STOP OPERATION IMMEDIATELY IF ANY ABNORMALITY IS DETECTED.**

Do Not operate this equipment if anything abnormal is seen during operation. Stop operation immediately for inspection. Refer to Section 8.0 for maintenance and inspection details.

**1.44. DO NOT OVERLOAD THE LIFT EYES.**

Do Not load the lifting eyes above the rated capacity. Do Not lift the blast vessel by any point other than the lifting eyes or designated lift points. Do Not lift the blast vessel while it is pressurized. See Section 2.6.

**1.45. DO NOT TRANSPORT BLAST EQUIPMENT LOADED WITH ABRASIVE.**

Do Not attempt to roll portable blasters with abrasive inside. The additional weight of the abrasive can cause loss of control of the blaster while moving which can result in injury to operating personnel.

**1.46. MAINTAIN WARNING DECALS.**

Do Not remove, cover, obstruct, or paint over any warnings, cautions, or instructional material attached. Warning decals must be installed, maintained, and located to be visible and with enough light for legibility. See Sections 0.0 and 8.14.

**1.47. SAVE THIS OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL.**

Refer to this operation and maintenance manual as needed as well as any additional information included from other manufacturers. Never permit anyone to operate this equipment without having him/her first read this manual and receive proper training. Make this manual readily available to all operating and maintenance personnel. If the manual becomes lost or illegible replace it immediately. This operation and maintenance manual should be read periodically to maintain the highest skill level; it may prevent a serious accident.

**1.48. SAFETY REFERENCES**

See Section 12.4 for safety information sources and contact information. Use these sources to obtain additional information regarding all aspects of blast operation safety.

## 2.0 Specifications and General Information

### 2.1 Notes to Distributors and Owners

- 2.1.1. Verify that the deadman, twinline (or cords), and the operation and maintenance manual are included with the abrasive blaster when it is received. Verify that the deadman, twinline (or cords), and the operation and maintenance manual are included with the abrasive blaster when it is delivered to the purchaser.
- 2.1.2. This equipment is intended for knowledgeable and experienced users. No person or persons should be allowed to operate this equipment without first receiving proper training in abrasive blasting operation and use of this equipment.
- 2.1.3. Immediately notify Axxiom Manufacturing, Inc. of any instances of use of this equipment in any manner other than the intended application. See Section 4.0.
- 2.1.4. Only qualified personnel should load and unload this equipment for shipping. Slings or other lifting devices must only be attached to the designated lifting points. See the lifting diagrams shown in Section 2.6.
- 2.1.5. For further information on options and accessories available for Schmidt® abrasive blasters visit the Axxiom website or contact us:

Axxiom Manufacturing, Inc.  
11927 South Highway 6  
Fresno, Texas 77545  
Phone: 1-800-231-2085  
Fax: 1-281-431-1717  
Website: [www.SchmidtAbrasiveBlasting.com](http://www.SchmidtAbrasiveBlasting.com)

### 2.2 Abrasive Blaster Operational Specifications

|                           |                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Maximum Working Pressure  | 125 or 150 psig @ 250°F (see ASME nameplate).<br>All abrasive blasters manufactured after February 2005 are rated for 150 psig standard. |
| Maximum External Pressure | Not designed for external pressure                                                                                                       |
| Minimum Metal Temperature | -20°F @ 125 or 150 psig (see ASME nameplate)                                                                                             |
| Air Consumption           | See Section 13.0 table 1                                                                                                                 |
| Abrasive Consumption      | See Section 13.0 table 2                                                                                                                 |
| Blast Hose Size           | See Section 13.0 table 3                                                                                                                 |
| Electrical requirements   | See Section 3.7                                                                                                                          |
| Abrasive Capacity         | 1 Bag: 1.0 cu.ft.    3 Bag: 3.1 cu.ft.    6 Bag: 5.6 cu.ft.<br>10 Bag: 8.8 cu.ft.    20 Bag: 18.2 cu.ft.                                 |

### 2.3 Important Reference Numbers

Fill in the Abrasive Blaster model number, serial number, and other information in the blank spaces below. This information will be needed for reference when service, maintenance, or technical support is required.

Blaster Model Number \_\_\_\_\_

Blaster Serial Number \_\_\_\_\_ National Board Number \_\_\_\_\_

Blaster Type: *Tera Valve™*    *Tera/Combo*    Blaster Piping Size \_\_\_\_\_

## 2.4 Vessel Information

- 2.4.1. All pressure vessels used in Schmidt® Abrasive Blasters are manufactured in strict accordance with the provisions of the ASME Code Section VIII, Div. 1.
- 2.4.2. In order to maintain the high level of quality and quality control used in the manufacturing of this vessel, it is required that any and all welded repairs to this vessel be performed by a reputable shop holding a National Board “R” Stamp and/or an ASME “U” stamp, depending on state or city law. Welding on the vessel performed by welders not properly qualified per the ASME Code may void the ASME/NB integrity of the vessel.

## 2.5 Notes

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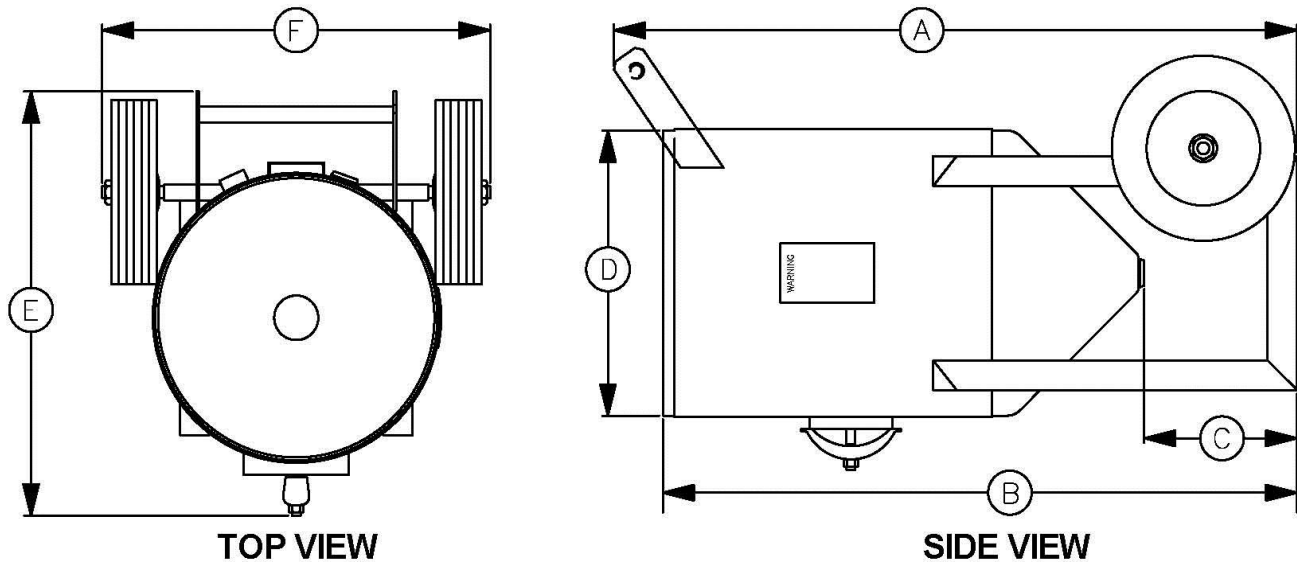
## 2.6 Abrasive Blaster Lifting Diagrams and Dimensional Specifications

**⚠ DANGER**

An abrasive blaster is a Pressurized Vessel. The compressed air inside a pressurized vessel contains a dangerously high level of energy which can propel objects and cause serious injury or death. Depressurize vessel and empty of abrasive before lifting, moving, or transporting. (See section 6.2)



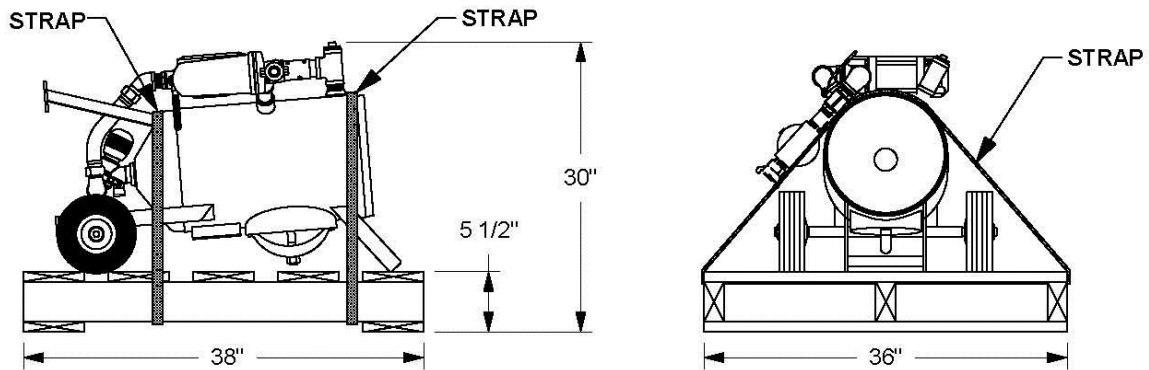
Figure 2.6(a) – Abrasive Blaster Lifting Diagram



| SIZE | CONTROLS                                         | TYPE       | A             | B             | C            | D              | E             | F             |             | *WEIGHT      |              |
|------|--------------------------------------------------|------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|
| 1.5  | MV/ComboValve® & Tera Valve®                     | PORTABLE   | 36"<br>(914)  | 33"<br>(838)  | 7"<br>(178)  | 12"<br>(305)   | 24"<br>(610)  | 22"<br>(559)  | in.<br>(mm) | 144<br>(65)  | lbs.<br>(kg) |
| 3.5  | MV/ComboValve & Tera Valve                       | PORTABLE   | 46"<br>(1168) | 42"<br>(1067) | 6"<br>(152)  | 18"<br>(457)   | 30"<br>(762)  | 22"<br>(559)  | in.<br>(mm) | 252<br>(114) | lbs.<br>(kg) |
|      | Thompson® Valve                                  | PORTABLE   | 49"<br>(1245) | 45"<br>(1143) | 9"<br>(229)  | 18"<br>(457)   | 30"<br>(762)  | 22"<br>(559)  | in.<br>(mm) | 254<br>(115) | lbs.<br>(kg) |
|      | MV, Thompson, & Tera Valve with Union Ball Valve | PORTABLE   | 53"<br>(1346) | 49"<br>(1245) | 13"<br>(330) | 18"<br>(457)   | 30"<br>(762)  | 22"<br>(559)  | in.<br>(mm) | 268<br>(122) | lbs.<br>(kg) |
|      | MV/ComboValve & Tera Valve                       | STATIONARY | -             | 42"<br>(1067) | 6"<br>(152)  | 18"<br>(457)   | 28"<br>(711)  | 25"<br>(635)  | in.<br>(mm) | 229<br>(104) | lbs.<br>(kg) |
|      | MV, Thompson, & Tera Valve with Union Ball Valve | STATIONARY | -             | 49"<br>(1245) | 13"<br>(330) | 18"<br>(457)   | 28"<br>(711)  | 25"<br>(635)  | in.<br>(mm) | 245<br>(111) | lbs.<br>(kg) |
|      |                                                  |            | -             |               |              |                |               |               |             |              |              |
| 6.5  | MV/ComboValve & Tera Valve                       | PORTABLE   | 51"<br>(1295) | 47"<br>(1194) | 6"<br>(152)  | 24"<br>(610)   | 37"<br>(940)  | 33"<br>(838)  | in.<br>(mm) | 380<br>(172) | lbs.<br>(kg) |
|      | Thompson Valve                                   | PORTABLE   | 54"<br>(1372) | 50"<br>(1270) | 9"<br>(229)  | 24"<br>(610)   | 37"<br>(940)  | 33"<br>(838)  | in.<br>(mm) | 382<br>(173) | lbs.<br>(kg) |
|      | MV, Thompson, & Tera Valve with Union Ball Valve | PORTABLE   | 58"<br>(1473) | 54"<br>(1372) | 13"<br>(330) | 24"<br>(610)   | 37"<br>(940)  | 33"<br>(838)  | in.<br>(mm) | 396<br>(180) | lbs.<br>(kg) |
|      | MV/ComboValve & Tera Valve                       | STATIONARY | -             | 47"<br>(1199) | 6"<br>(152)  | 24"<br>(610)   | 35"<br>(889)  | 31"<br>(787)  | in.<br>(mm) | 323<br>(147) | lbs.<br>(kg) |
|      | MV, Thompson, & Tera Valve with Union Ball Valve | STATIONARY | -             | 54"<br>(1372) | 13"<br>(330) | 24"<br>(610)   | 35"<br>(889)  | 31"<br>(787)  | in.<br>(mm) | 339<br>(154) | lbs.<br>(kg) |
|      |                                                  |            | -             |               |              |                |               |               |             |              |              |
| 10   | MV/ComboValve & Tera Valve                       | PORTABLE   | 57"<br>(1448) | 59"<br>(1499) | 6"<br>(152)  | 24"<br>(610)   | 48"<br>(1219) | 33"<br>(838)  | in.<br>(mm) | 449<br>(204) | lbs.<br>(kg) |
|      | Thompson® Valve                                  | PORTABLE   | 60"<br>(1524) | 62"<br>(1575) | 9"<br>(229)  | 24"<br>(610)   | 48"<br>(1219) | 33"<br>(838)  | in.<br>(mm) | 451<br>(205) | lbs.<br>(kg) |
|      | MV, Thompson, & Tera Valve with Union Ball Valve | PORTABLE   | 64"<br>(1626) | 66"<br>(1676) | 13"<br>(330) | 24"<br>(610)   | 48"<br>(1219) | 33"<br>(838)  | in.<br>(mm) | 465<br>(211) | lbs.<br>(kg) |
|      | MV/ComboValve & Tera Valve                       | STATIONARY | -             | 59"<br>(1499) | 6"<br>(152)  | 24"<br>(609.6) | 35"<br>(889)  | 31"<br>(787)  | in.<br>(mm) | 363<br>(165) | lbs.<br>(kg) |
|      | MV, Thompson, & Tera Valve with Union Ball Valve | STATIONARY | -             | 66"<br>(1676) | 13"<br>(330) | 24"<br>(610)   | 35"<br>(889)  | 31"<br>(787)  | in.<br>(mm) | 379<br>(172) | lbs.<br>(kg) |
|      |                                                  |            | -             |               |              |                |               |               |             |              |              |
| 20   | MV, Thompson, & Tera Valve with Union Ball Valve | STATIONARY | -             | 66"<br>(1676) | 13"<br>(330) | 36"<br>(914)   | 47"<br>(1194) | 43"<br>(1092) | in.<br>(mm) | 840<br>(381) | lbs.<br>(kg) |

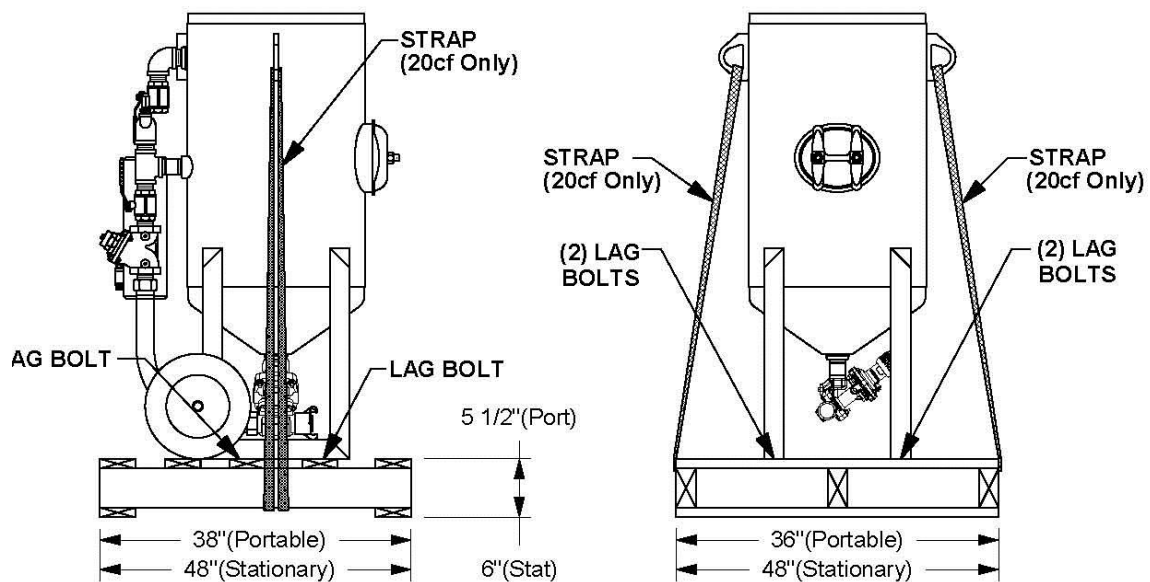
**Figure 2.6(b) – Abrasive Blaster Dimensional Data**

## 2.7 Abrasive Blaster Strapping / Packing Detail



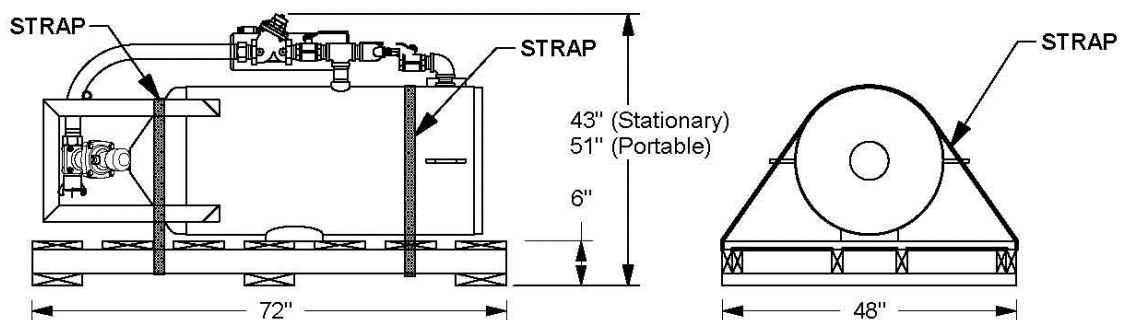
LAY BLASTER AS SHOWN TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO PIPING.  
STRAP BLASTER TO PALLET AS SHOWN. DO NOT STRAP ACROSS PIPING.  
REFER TO SECTION 2.0 FIGURE 2.6(b) FOR BLASTER EMPTY WEIGHT.

FIGURE 2.7(a) - 1.5cf Shipping Detail



POSITION BLASTER AS SHOWN TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO PIPING.  
LAG BOLT BLASTER TO PALLET AS SHOWN. STRAP BLASTER TO PALLET AS SHOWN.  
REFER TO SECTION 2.0 FIGURE 2.6(b) FOR BLASTER EMPTY WEIGHT.

FIGURE 2.7(b) - 3.5cf, 6.5cf, and 20cf Shipping Detail



LAY BLASTER AS SHOWN TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO PIPING.  
STRAP BLASTER TO PALLET AS SHOWN. DO NOT STRAP ACROSS PIPING.  
REFER TO SECTION 2.0 FIGURE 2.6(b) FOR BLASTER EMPTY WEIGHT.

FIGURE 2.7(c) - 10cf Shipping Detail

## 3.0 Installation Requirements and Personnel Protective Equipment

Carefully read and follow all the recommendations regarding the abrasive blast system installation requirements. Improper installation can result in equipment malfunction and significant lost time expenses. Consult an authorized Schmidt® distributor or Axxiom Manufacturing, Inc.

### 3.1 Abrasive Blast System Installation Location

- i. *Portable units:* Units equipped with handles and wheels are portable and can be rolled to locations where blast jobs are performed. Locate the unit to allow accessibility to the handway and for ease of abrasive filling. Pay close attention to objects that may be in the path of the pressure vessel exhaust air (depressurization). See Section 5.5 for system depressurization.
- ii. *Stationary units:* Units that will be installed in permanent locations require careful consideration. Stationary units can be installed below an abrasive hopper with a support structure that can limit access to the abrasive blast system. Install stationary blast systems in a position that will allow access to the handway and the blaster piping. These areas must be accessible to perform required maintenance. Pay close attention to objects that may be in the path of the pressure vessel exhaust air (depressurization). See Section 5.5 for system depressurization. A longer exhaust hose assembly can be installed on MV3 Blast Systems to direct the exhaust air into the blast room. **Note:** A longer blowdown exhaust hose can lengthen the blowdown time and also creates the possibility of blockage. **Note:** An abrasive spider is recommended for blasters installed below an abrasive hopper (see Section 9.12).
- iii. Abrasive blasters 3.5cf and larger are provided with mounting holes in the leg base. These holes can be used for securing the blaster to the floor or mounting structure.

### 3.2 Compressed Air Requirements (blast nozzle)

The blast nozzle size and blast pressure determine the compressed air requirements. Available air flow capacity and/or air compressor size must be considered before selecting the blast nozzle size. An air source dedicated to the abrasive blast system is preferred to reduce system pressure drops and back flow of air. If an existing air compressor will be used or a limited air supply is available, then the blast nozzle must be selected based on these conditions. Be aware that as the blast nozzle wears the air demand will increase. See Table 1 in Section 13.0 for air consumption by nozzle size at various pressures. **Note:** 10cf and 20cf units can be upgraded to two blast outlets and therefore, this option should be considered when determining compressed air requirements.

### 3.3 Air Compressor Size

Air compressor size is crucial to the operation of the abrasive blast system. Blast nozzle selection and desired productivity must be evaluated to determine the air flow requirements prior to selecting the air compressor size. Sufficient air supply capacity is necessary to maintain the system air pressure. Insufficient air flow capacity will result in reduced blast nozzle pressure and lost productivity. The air compressor must be large enough to supply:

- i. The sum of blast air requirements for each nozzle at the highest pressure that will be used (see Section 13.0, Table 1).
- ii. The 12 CFM breathing air supplied to each blast operator respirator. **Note:** Reference OSHA regulations regarding requirements for breathing air, especially when an oil-lubricated air compressor is used.

### 3.4 Blast System Air Supply Line

The air supply hose and fittings must be rated at a minimum of 150 psi operating pressure. The air supply hose from the air compressor to the blast unit should be at least the same diameter as the air inlet piping (see Section 9.0). This size hose will be large enough to supply the required airflow to operate the blast unit controls and each blast nozzle. See Section 5.14 for further information on air hose connection.

**Note:** If the abrasive blast system will be installed in a permanent location, the inlet connection can be hard piped. Do Not install hard piping that is smaller than the piping size of the blast system. Smaller piping size will reduce the air flow capacity. If other equipment will be using the same source of air as the abrasive blaster, install a check valve at the air inlet. This will protect against back flow of air pressure that can carry abrasive into the blast controls.

Hard piping connected to the abrasive blaster must be structurally supported so not to apply any loading on the pressure vessel at the points of connection. Unsupported piping can create bending loads at the pressure vessel connections which can cause damage and possible failure. Hard piping connections to the pressure vessel must be designed and installed by qualified personnel experienced with piping systems and the applicable codes pertaining to them.



External loading at piping connection can cause damage and possible failure of the pressure vessel. Hard piping connected to the pressure vessel must include supports to eliminate the possibility of applying loads on the pressure vessel.

### 3.5 Blast System Air Pressure

The maximum allowable working pressure (MAWP) for the blast unit is stamped on the ASME nameplate attached to the vessel. For most abrasive blast systems the MAWP is 150psig. Do Not exceed the MAWP. An air pressure regulator can be installed to reduce air supply pressure that is higher than the MAWP. To prevent air pressure backflow only use a non-relieving air regulator. Air pressure backflow will carry abrasive from the blast vessel and contaminate the blast control system. **CRITICAL: Any inlet air valve or air pressure regulator added to the system must have sufficient air flow capacity for proper operation of the blast system. Insufficient air flow capacity will cause pressure drop in the blast system resulting in equipment malfunction, abrasive backflow, and reduced blast productivity. Select a valve that will operate with little or no pressure drop (5 psi max.) at the required cfm air flow.**

Installing an air pressure regulator allows the option of blasting at low pressure. When blasting at low pressure the air supply to the deadman blast control system must be at least 80psig (see Figure 5.4 and 5.5). The valves in the abrasive blast system are “spring closed” and therefore require at least 80psig to operate properly. If the air pressure regulator is set below 80psig the air supply to the blast controls must be taken upstream of the regulator.

### 3.6 Blast System Air Quality

Air quality is crucial to the operation of an abrasive blaster. Moisture and contaminants can cause components to malfunction. Moisture condensation in a blast system causes abrasive flow problems. Condensation occurs when the hot vapor-filled compressed air cools as it reaches the abrasive blaster. Water droplets formed during condensation can be absorbed by the abrasive in the blast vessel which can cause erratic flow to the abrasive valve. To minimize the chance of abrasive flow problems a moisture removal device installed for the blast system air supply is highly recommended (i.e. coalescing moisture separator, air-cooled aftercooler or deliquescent dryer). Contact a local authorized Schmidt® distributor or Axxiom Manufacturing, Inc. to locate one near you.

### 3.7 Electrical Requirements

On units equipped with electric blast controls the supply voltage is 12Vdc or 24Vac. The maximum power required is:

|           |          |                                |          |
|-----------|----------|--------------------------------|----------|
| 1-outlet: | 7 watts  | 1-outlet with abrasive cutoff: | 14 watts |
| 2-outlet: | 14 watts | 2-outlet with abrasive cutoff: | 28 watts |

**Note:** Insufficient electric power output will result in malfunctioning of the electric blast control system. A power transformer or power supply can be used if the above voltages are not readily available.

### 3.8 Abrasive Selection

Abrasive selection is likely the most difficult decision related to the blast operation. Choice of abrasive is based on factors such as blast application type, desired finish and coating requirements, characteristics of object to be blasted, cost and ability to recycle, available equipment, safety, and environmental constraints.

There are many abrasives available that are either natural, manufactured, or processing by-products. Abrasives are available in varying sizes, shapes, and hardness. These characteristics determine the resulting effect on the surface to be blasted and limitations of its use. The effects on the blasted surface are measured by its degree of cleanliness and the surface profile. Standards and required levels of these measurements are established by organizations such as Steel Structures Painting Council (SSPC), National Association of Corrosion Engineers (NACE) and coating manufacturers. See Section 12.5 for contact information of these organizations. Use these sources to obtain information regarding all aspects of surface preparation and abrasive selection guidelines.

Schmidt® abrasive blasters are designed for high production open abrasive blasting with a wide range of abrasives. It is the responsibility of the employer and operators to select the proper abrasive. It is the responsibility of the employer to make certain that the abrasive selected is safe to use for abrasive blasting.

**Critical:** Always obtain the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) for the abrasive to be used. The MSDS provides the chemical makeup of the abrasive. Do Not use abrasives containing toxic materials. Refer to OSHA 29 CFR for acceptable limits of various toxic substances and additional measures to be taken to protect operating personnel. Always use abrasives containing less than 1% of crystalline silica. Always use a NIOSH approved respirator when handling, loading and cleaning up abrasives. Organic substances which are combustible may only be used in automated blast systems with ventilation that meets OSHA 29 CFR 1910.94.

### 3.9 Breathing Air Quality

All blast operators must be supplied with and required to use NIOSH approved air-fed respirators. Breathing air supplied to these respirators must meet Grade D air quality standards as specified by OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134(i) and the Compressed Gas Association Specifications ANSI/CGA G-7.1. Consult these specifications when selecting a source of breathing air.

Breathing air must be clean, dry, contaminant-free, and provided at a pressure and volume specified by NIOSH. Use NIOSH approved air filters on all sources of breathing air. See Section 3.10.

#### **DANGER**

Breathing air filters do not remove carbon monoxide or any other toxic gases. Use a carbon monoxide monitor to detect unacceptable levels. Consult OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134(i).

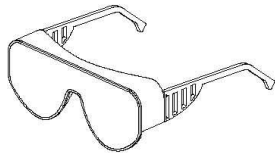
Many sources of breathing air are available such as air cylinders, free-air pumps, oil-less air compressors, and oil lubricated air compressors. The most commonly used is the same air compressor that is used for the blast air which most often is oil lubricated. Breathing air provided by an oil-lubricated air compressor can contain carbon monoxide and therefore requires the use of a carbon monoxide detector (See Section 3.10). Carbon monoxide can be in the compressed air produced by an oil-lubricated air compressor when it is operated at extremely high temperature; therefore, a high temperature alarm is required to alert the operators when this condition exists.

#### **DANGER**

Oil lubricated air compressors can produce carbon monoxide. Carbon monoxide can cause asphyxiation and result in death. Use a high-temperature alarm and a carbon monoxide monitor when an oil lubricated air compressor is used to supply breathing air. Consult OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134(i).

### 3.10 Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Abrasive blasting has many hazards that may cause injuries to operators. To protect operators from injury each must be supplied with, and required to use Personal Protective Equipment. The Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) requires the employer to assess the workplace to determine what PPE is necessary and supplied to each operator (Reference 29 CFR 1910 Subpart I). OSHA requires that this equipment meet or be equivalent to standards developed by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI). Figure 3.10 below identifies the minimum personal protective equipment required for each abrasive blast operator. Also identified are the OSHA references for each and the ANSI standard each PPE item must meet. All PPE clothing and equipment should be selected for safe design and quality of construction. Select each for proper fit and for comfort which will encourage operator use.



**Safety Glasses**

Reference OSHA 29 CFR 1910.133  
Must meet ANSI Z87.1 - 1989



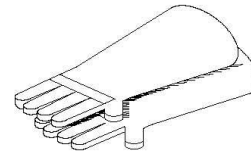
**Safety Boots**

Reference OSHA 29 CFR 1910.136  
Must meet ANSI Z41.1 - 1991



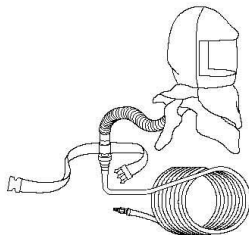
**Ear Plugs**

Reference OSHA 29 CFR 1926.101  
Must meet ANSI S3.19  
(Also see OSHA 29 CFR 1910.95)



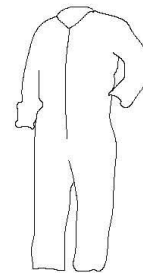
**Gloves**

Reference OSHA 29 CFR 1910.138  
No Applicable ANSI Standard



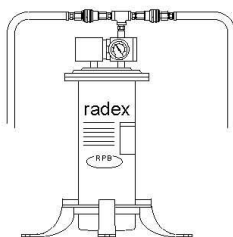
**Respirator**

Reference OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134  
Must be NIOSH approved



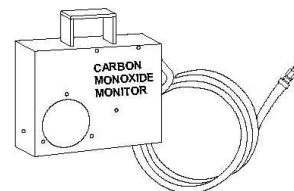
**Protective Clothing**

Reference OSHA 29 CFR 1910.138  
No Applicable ANSI Standard



**Airline Filter**

Reference OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134  
Must be NIOSH approved



**Carbon Monoxide Monitor**

**Figure 3.10 - Personal Protective Equipment**

### 3.11 Pressure Relief Valve Installation

Do Not operate this equipment without a pressure relief device installed to protect the blaster pressure vessel from over-pressurization. The ASME Code requires that all vessels be operated with pressure relief devices in place.

If the compressed air system does not provide for the installation of a pressure relief valve one can be installed on the pressure vessel piping. Refer to Figure 3.11 for the recommended location of the air pressure relief valve.

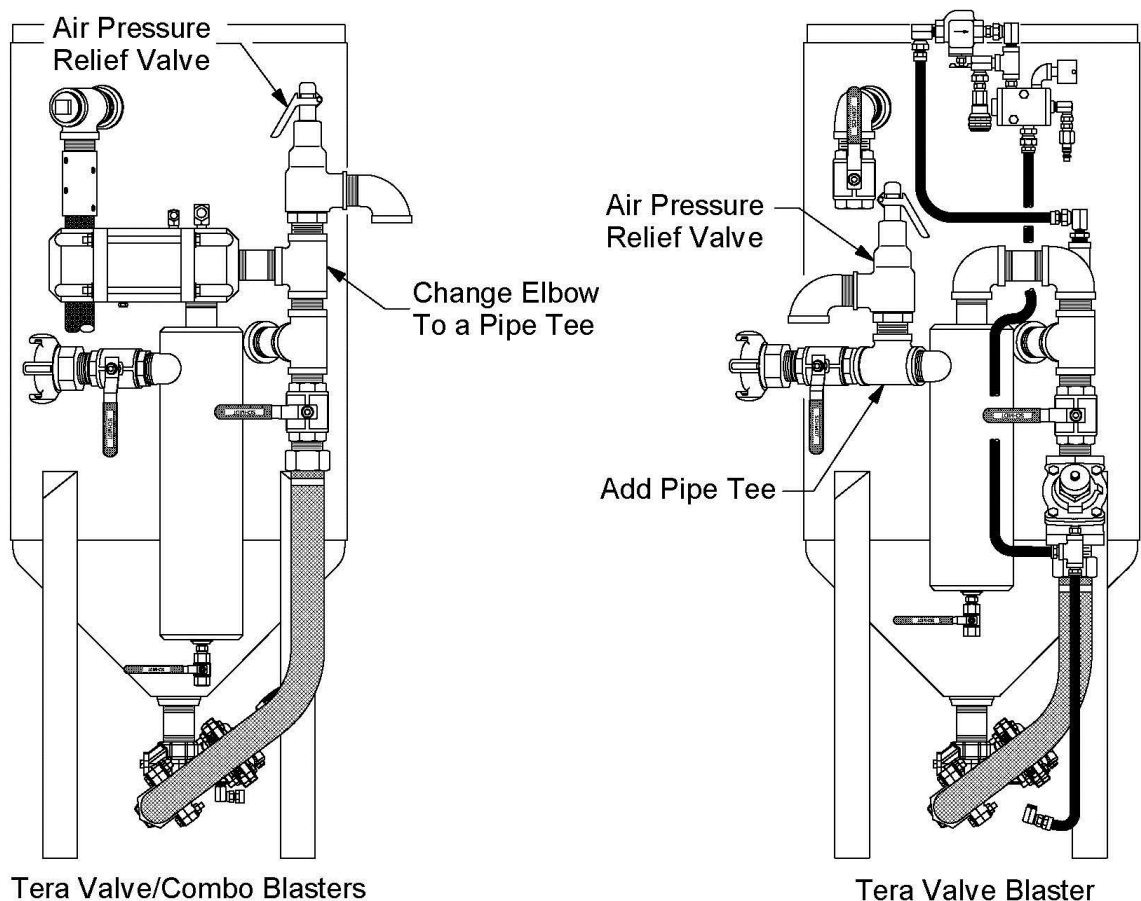
Local regulations set the specifications for pressure relief valves; therefore, it is the responsibility of the owner of the abrasive blaster to install a pressure relief valve that meets *all* applicable regulations. The pressure relief device must be set at the maximum allowable working pressure of the abrasive blaster pressure vessel. See the ASME/CE vessel nameplates attached to the pressure vessel.

#### **⚠ DANGER**

Rupture Hazard. Operating the pressure vessel above the maximum allowable working pressure can result in rupturing the pressure vessel. Install an air pressure relief valve to protect against over pressurization of the blast vessel.

#### **⚠ WARNING**

Airborne particles and loud noise hazards from relief valve exhaust air can cause serious injury and loss of hearing. Wear approved eye and ear protection. Stay clear of exhaust air path. DO NOT place hands or other body parts in the exhaust air path. Make sure no personnel are in the exhaust air path. Direct the relief valve exhaust away from work area.



**Figure 3.11 – Suggested location for air pressure relief valve**

### 3.12 INSTALLATION CHECKLIST (Photocopy this page to use as a worksheet)

- ☐ **Deadman/Twinline (or cords):** confirm delivery with the abrasive blaster.
- ☐ **Blast accessories:** confirm receipt as purchased with the blaster.
- ☐ **Inspect blaster:** check for possible damage during shipment. See Section 8.0 for inspection instructions.
- ☐ **Popup alignment:** remove popup dust cover from top head and check popup alignment. Shifting of popup is possible during shipment. See Section 8.4 for inspection & alignment instructions.
- ☐ **Clean blaster:** remove handway cover and check for debris inside. Trapped debris can vibrate loose during shipment and later block abrasive flow. If necessary vacuum the bottom of tank. Replace handway cover per instructions in Section 6.4.
- ☐ **Accessible location:** install stationary blasters so that handway is accessible for maintenance. See Section 3.1 for additional information.
- ☐ **CFM available:** determine available air supply (cfm) and record here. \_\_\_\_\_  
See Sections 3.2, 3.3, and 3.5 for information on determining air requirements.
- ☐ **Air supply connection:** install air supply piping or connect an air supply hose that is the same size as the blaster piping size or larger. See Section 3.4 for details.
- ☐ **Air quality:** install moisture separator or AirPrep System to remove moisture from blast air supply to protect against abrasive flow problems. See Section 3.6.
- ☐ **Electric power:** provide power source for electric deadman controls. See Section 3.7.
- ☐ **Blast abrasive:** select abrasive suited for application. See Section 3.8.
- ☐ **Breathing air:** provide Grade D air source for blast operators. See Section 3.9.
- ☐ **PPE:** provide all the necessary personal protective equipment. See Section 3.10.
- ☐ **Pressure relief valve:** install pressure relief valve if not provided on air compressor. See Section 3.11 for information on pressure relief valve installation.
- ☐ **Blast nozzle:** select size based on available cfm noted above. See Section 5.13.
- ☐ **Blast hose:** select size three times the nozzle size to be used. See Section 5.12.
- ☐ **Adjust media spider:** adjust height per drawing in Section 9.12 (spider is optional).
- ☐ **Operator training:** all operators must completely read and understand the operation and maintenance manual and be properly trained in equipment and blast operations.
- ☐ **Abrasive blaster setup:** follow procedures in Section 6.0.

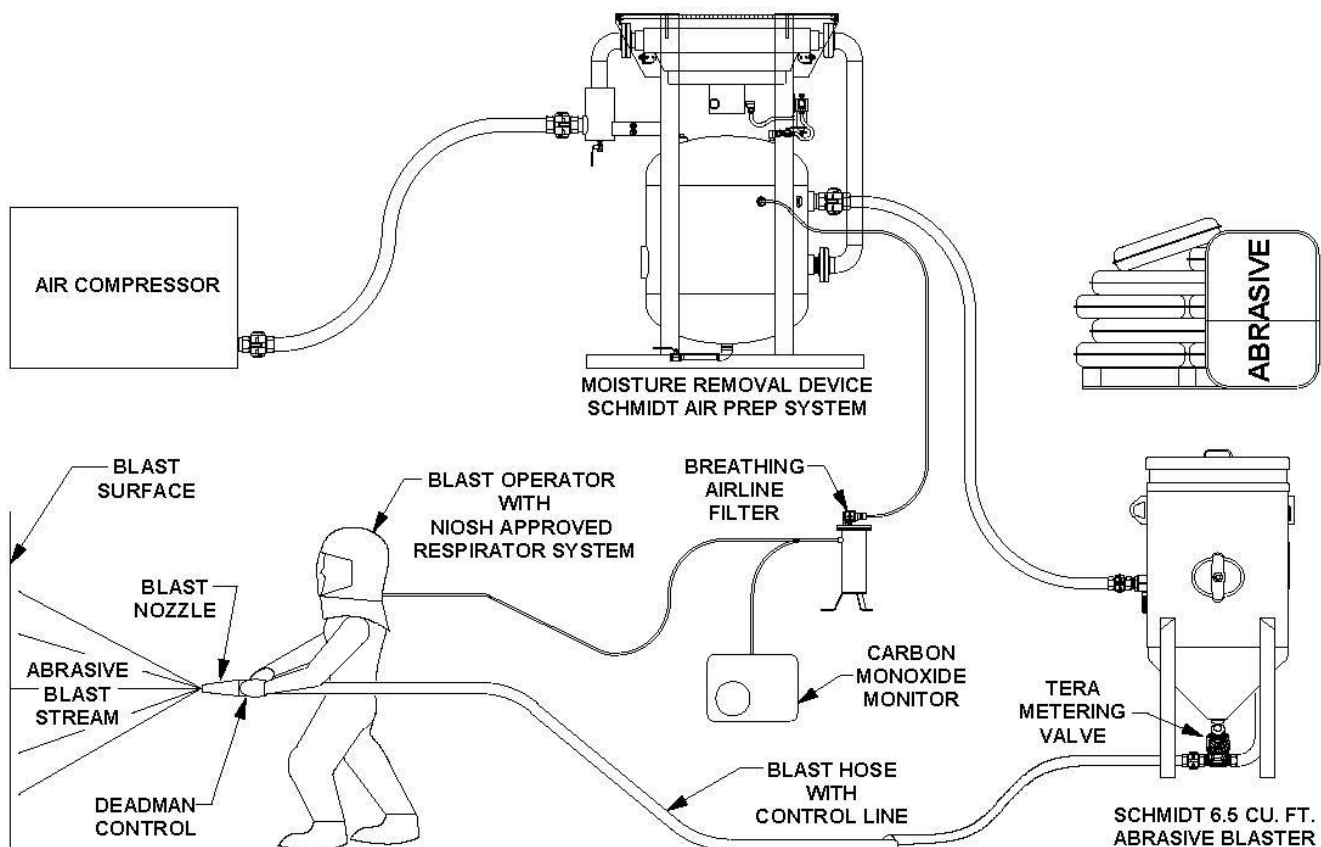
## 4.0 Abrasive Blast System General Operation

The function of the Schmidt® abrasive blaster is to provide a mixture of dry abrasive and compressed air to a blast nozzle. The abrasive blast stream through the blast nozzle is used for removing rust, paint, or other unwanted surface defects. After abrasive blasting, the surface is ready for new paint or coating.

An abrasive blaster is one of a group of components used in an abrasive blasting job. The typical components are an air compressor, moisture removal device, an abrasive blaster, blast hose, a blast nozzle, operator personal protective equipment, and blast abrasive. See Figure 4.1.

The blast abrasive is loaded into the abrasive blaster through the abrasive inlet at the top of the blaster. All the compressed air must be removed from inside the abrasive blaster before it can be filled with abrasive. The abrasive can be bag loaded, or loaded from a Schmidt storage hopper. To begin blasting, the abrasive inlet is closed and the abrasive blaster is filled with compressed air from the air compressor. Since moisture creates problems in the blast operation, it is common for the compressed air to be fed through a moisture removal device, such as a Schmidt AirPrep System. The air pressure in the abrasive blast vessel is equal to the air pressure in the blast hose where it connects at the metering valve. This equal pressure is needed to allow the blast abrasive to flow downward by gravity. The abrasive flow is controlled by the metering valve at the bottom of the blaster. From the metering valve the blast abrasive flows into the blast air stream and through the blast hose. The speed of blast air and abrasive mixture is greatly increased by the blast nozzle onto the work surface. The high speed of the air and abrasive is what gives it the energy to blast rust and paint off of surfaces. The abrasive blast stream and the dust it creates are harmful; therefore, all blast operators must use personal protective equipment during the blast operation.

All the components required for the blast operation (except for the air compressor) are available from Axxiom Manufacturing, Inc. Call Axxiom to locate a distributor.



**Figure 4.1 – Typical Abrasive Blast System**

## 5.0 Tera Valve™ Abrasive Blaster General Operation

See Figure 5.1 below or Figure 9.1(a) to help understand the general operation of a Tera Valve abrasive blaster. Do not attempt to operate the abrasive blaster before reading all sections of this manual and following all setup procedures. Read Sections 5.1 through 5.17 for a detailed explanation of all components of the Tera Valve abrasive blaster.

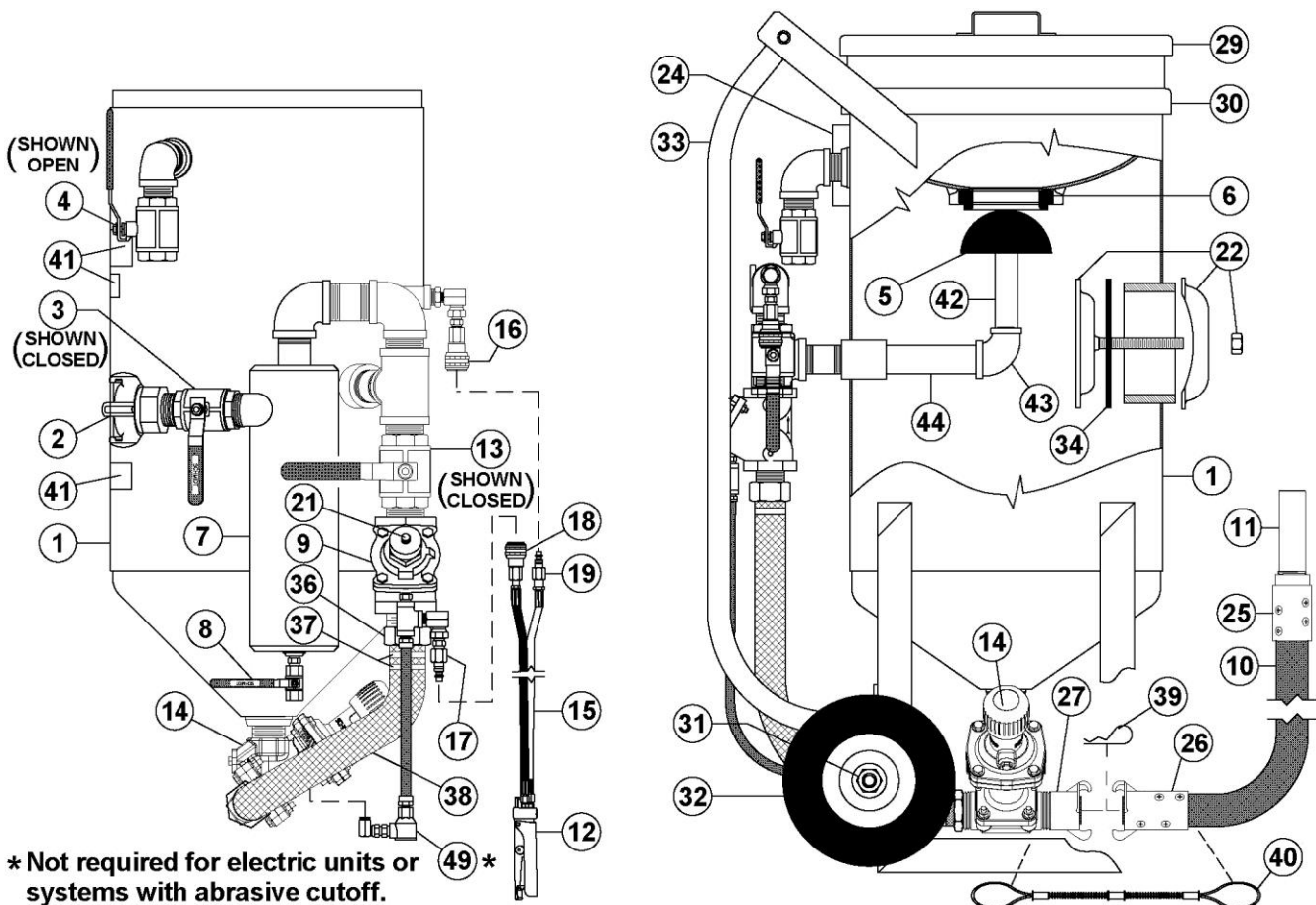
The Tera Valve abrasive blaster is a *pressurized system*; meaning the blaster remains pressurized when the deadman lever (#12) is released. **Note:** See Section 5.18 for optional depressurized system.

The Tera Valve abrasive blaster (#1) will pressurize when the blowdown ball valve (#4) is closed and the air inlet ball valve (#3) is opened. The air flow into the blast vessel internal piping will push the pop-up (#5) against the popup gasket (#6). This will seal the abrasive inlet which allows the air flow to fill and pressurize the abrasive blast vessel (#1).

Blasting starts when the deadman lever (#12) is pressed down which will pneumatically open the automatic air valve (#9) and open the Tera Valve (#14) simultaneously. Compressed air will pressurize the blast hose (#10) when the automatic air valve (#9) is opened. At the same time, the Tera Valve (#14) will open allowing abrasive to fall through and into the blast air stream. The abrasive flow can be increased or decreased by turning the knob on top of the Tera Valve (#14).

Blasting stops when the deadman lever (#12) is released. The quick exhaust valve (#49) vents the air signal. This will close the automatic air valve (#9) and Tera Valve (#14). When the signal air vents, both valves spring return into their “normally closed” position. The abrasive blaster (#1) remains pressurized when the automatic air valve and Tera Valve are closed.

The abrasive blaster (#1) is depressurized by closing the air inlet ball valve (#3) and then opening the blowdown ball valve (#4) to completely vent the compressed air.



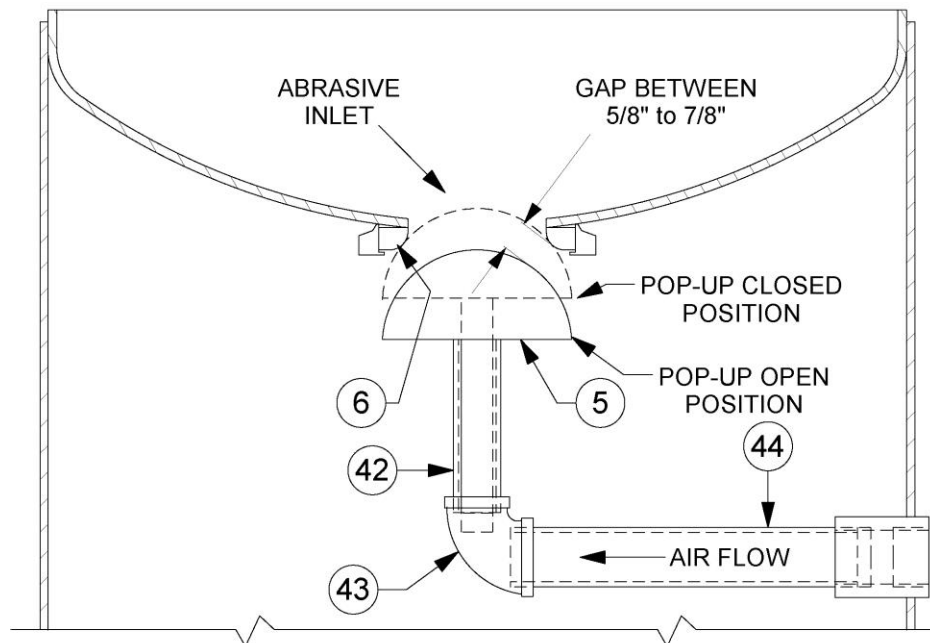
**Figure 5.1 –Tera Valve™ Abrasive Blaster with pneumatic blast controls**

## 5.1 Popup Valve (abrasive inlet)

The blaster is filled with abrasive through the abrasive inlet at the top of the pressure vessel. The abrasive inlet is automatically sealed by the popup head (#5) when the blaster is pressurized. The air flow into the internal piping pushes the popup up (#5) against the gasket (#6). See Figure 5.2. **Note:** Some blasters may be equipped with the optional High Flow Popup and a SureSeal (skirted) gasket. See Section 9.11.

### **⚠ WARNING**

Pinch point hazard. Vessel pressurization will close the popup. Keep fingers clear of the popup opening. Disconnect air supply prior to performing popup maintenance.



**Figure 5.2 – Popup Assembly & Internal Piping**

## 5.2 Air Supply Connection

Air is supplied to the abrasive blaster through a hose connection at the air inlet crowfoot (#2). The air supply hose connected to the abrasive blaster must be same diameter as the air supply piping and rated at a minimum of 150 psi operating pressure. See the drawings and parts lists in Section 9.0 and refer to Sections 3.4 and 5.14.

## 5.3 Air Inlet Ball Valve (pressurize)

The air inlet ball valve (#3) is used to turn on and turn off the air flow to the abrasive blaster. The air flow will automatically close the popup valve (#5) at the abrasive inlet and pressurize the Tera Valve™ abrasive blaster (see Figure 5.2). The blowdown ball valve (#4) must be closed before opening the air inlet ball valve.

**Note:** The Tera Valve blaster will automatically pressurize when the air inlet ball valve (#3) is opened. The blaster must be manually depressurized thereafter. See Sections 5.5, 6.2, and 6.3.

### **⚠ DANGER**

The Tera Valve abrasive blaster is a pressurized vessel. Propelled objects will cause serious injury or death. Read and follow all pre-operation and operating procedures prior to pressurizing the abrasive blaster. See Sections 6.0 and 7.0.

## 5.4 Moisture Separator (optional)

The air inlet moisture separator (#7) is an option available on the abrasive blaster. Air flow into the blaster passes through the moisture separator which removes moisture, oil and dirt particles from the inlet air. The water that is removed by the separator is drained by opening the ball valve at the bottom of the separator. This ball valve should be left slightly opened anytime the blaster is in operation. This allows water to be drained as it is filtered from the blast air. **Note:** Not all abrasive blasters are equipped with a moisture separator.

## 5.5 Blowdown Ball Valve (depressurize)

The blowdown ball valve (#4) is used to release all the compressed air (depressurize) from inside the abrasive blaster. The abrasive blaster must be depressurized before filling with abrasive or before performing any maintenance. The air inlet ball valve (#3) must be closed before depressurizing the abrasive blaster.

**Note:** The Tera Valve™ blaster will automatically pressurize when the air inlet ball valve (#3) is opened. The blaster must be manually depressurized thereafter. See Sections 5.3 and 6.2.

**Note:** See Sections 5.18 and 6.3 for Tera Valve/Combo abrasive blasters.

### WARNING

Airborne particles and loud noise hazards from blowdown exhaust air can cause serious injury and loss of hearing. Wear approved eye and ear protection. Stay clear of blowdown air path. DO NOT place hands or other body parts in the blowdown air path. Make sure no personnel are in the blowdown air path.

## 5.6 Choke Valve

The choke valve (#13) is used to clear any trash that may get into the blast vessel and block the Tera Valve (#14) orifice. Whenever trash (paint chips, cigarette butts, etc.) blocks the Tera Valve orifice the procedure is to fully open the Tera Valve by backing out the knob, then press down the deadman lever (#12) to begin blasting. While blasting, have an assistant close the choke valve completely for about one second. This creates differential pressure at the Tera Valve (high pressure above; low pressure below). The higher pressure from the blast vessel should be enough to force the trash through the Tera Valve orifice. Keep the choke valve fully open at all other times while blasting to minimize excess Tera Valve wear. **Note:** If the Tera Valve abrasive blaster is equipped with the abrasive cutoff feature set the cutoff valve (or switch) to the on-position for the choke procedure. See Sections 9.3(a) and 9.3(b).

### WARNING

Do not aim blast nozzle towards yourself or any person. System malfunction can cause accidental start up and result in injury to personnel.

A secondary purpose of the choke valve is as a manual shut off valve for the blast air supply. When the choke valve (#13) is closed it will shut off the blast air supply to the blast outlet.

## 5.7 Automatic Air Valve (blast air valve)

The automatic air valve (#9) is a normally closed valve that opens to supply blast air to the blast hose (#10) and blast nozzle (#11). The automatic air valve (#9) opens when it receives air to its signal port. This happens when the deadman lever (#12) is pressed down which opens the automatic air valve. When the deadman lever is released, the automatic air valve spring closes to stop blast air flow to the blast hose and nozzle. See Section 9.5.

**Note:** An optional automatic air valve is the High Flow model which offers increased air flow capacity for larger blast nozzles. Consult Axxiom Manufacturing or an authorized distributor.

## 5.8 Tera Valve™ (abrasive metering valve)

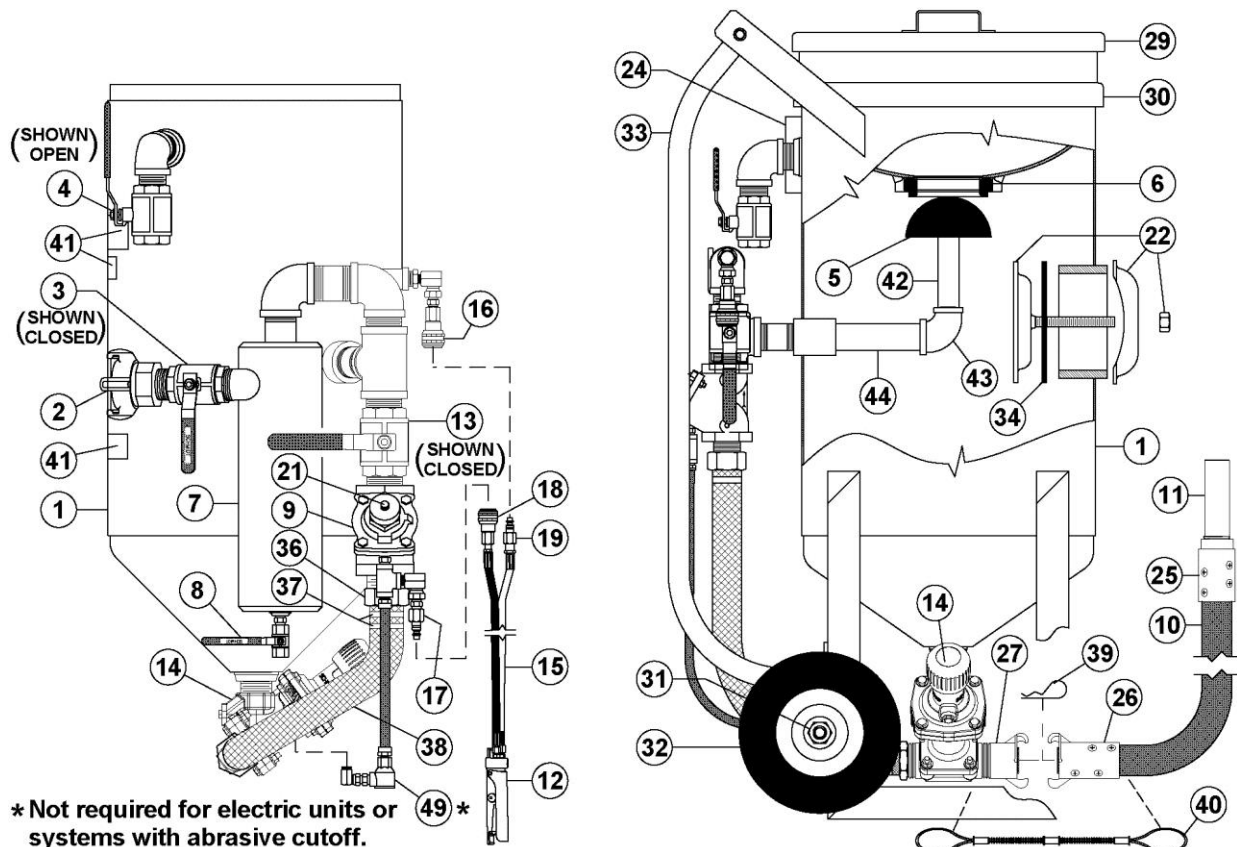
The Tera Valve (#14) is a normally closed valve that opens to supply abrasive into the blast air stream. The Tera Valve opens when it receives air to its signal port (see Section 9.10). This happens when the deadman lever (#12) is pressed down which opens the automatic air valve (#9) and the Tera Valve simultaneously. When the deadman lever is released the air signal from the deadman vents through the quick exhaust valve (#49) and Tera Valve spring closes to stop abrasive flow to the blast hose (#10) and nozzle (#11).

The Tera Valve also controls (meters) abrasive flow by use of an adjustable orifice. The amount this orifice opens is controlled by turning the knob at the top of the Tera Valve. The knob sets the stopping point of the plunger (See Section 9.10). Turning the knob clockwise reduces the orifice size which decreases abrasive flow. Turning the knob counter-clockwise increases the orifice size which will increase the abrasive flow to the blast nozzle. The Tera Valve spring retainer has lines on the side to use as reference as to the amount the orifice is open. Adjustments to the abrasive flow should be made by turning the knob a little at a time. Test the adjustment by starting the blast for a short period to determine if further adjustment is needed. See Section 9.10.

The Tera Valve has a flanged cleanout used to purge trash that blocks abrasive flow. This is done by removing the clean out plug and pressing down the deadman lever (#12). The blast air flow purges trash through the clean out valve. The plug must be replaced after purging and the two retaining bolts securely tightened to 7 ft.lb.

### **⚠ WARNING**

Airborne particles and loud noise hazards from purge air can cause serious injury and loss of hearing. Wear approved eye and ear protection. Stay clear of purge air path. DO NOT place hands or other body parts in the purge air path. Make sure no personnel are in purge air path.



**Figure 5.3 – Tera Valve™ Abrasive Blaster with pneumatic deadman controls**

## 5.9 Deadman Valve/Switch (blast control)

The deadman valve/switch (#12) is part of a system that controls the blast operation. The deadman valve/switch allows the operator to remotely start and stop the blast operation. The deadman is mounted at the end of the blast hose assembly (#10) close to the blast nozzle (#11) to give the operator easy control of the blast operation.

The deadman is either a pneumatic valve or an electric switch depending on the type of blast control system. When the deadman lever is pressed down it sends either a pneumatic or electric signal to the blast controls. See section 5.9.1 for pneumatic system and see section 5.9.2 for an electric system. See Sections 9.1, 9.2, 9.7, 9.8, and 9.9.

**5.9.1. Pneumatic Deadman System:** When the pneumatic deadman lever (#12) is pressed down, air supply from the orange hose of the twinline hose (#15) flows into the black hose. Air flows through the black hose to the signal ports of the auto air valve (#9) and Tera Valve (#14) causing both to open. When the deadman lever is released the air signal is cut off and the remaining air vents from the deadman and the quick exhaust valve (#49). The quick exhaust valve provides a quicker blast shutdown similar to the function of the control valve (#20) in an electric system. See Figure 5.4 and the drawing in Section 9.1. **Note:** The quick exhaust valve (#49) is not required for electric units or systems with abrasive cutoff.

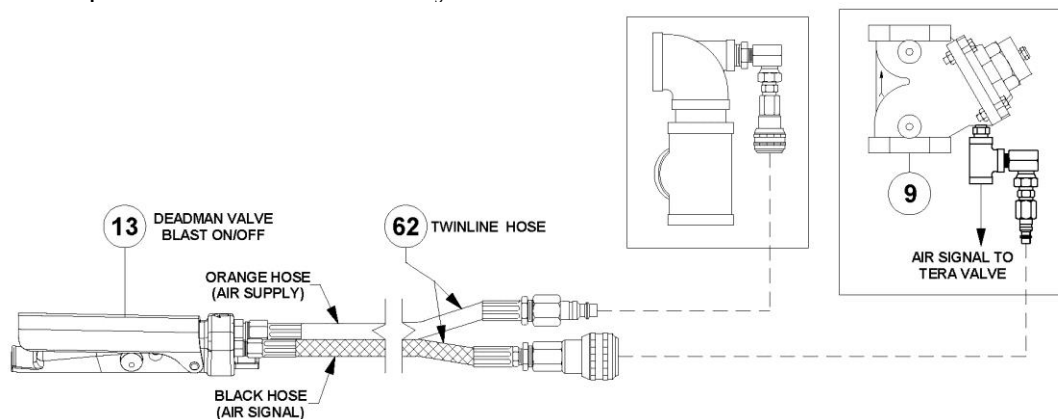


Figure 5.4 – Tera Valve™ Pneumatic Blast Control System

**5.9.2. Electric Deadman System:** When the electric deadman lever (#12) is pressed down it closes the electric circuit and supplies electric current to the control valve (#20). The control valve opens and sends air signals to the auto air valve (#9) and the Tera Valve (#14). When the deadman lever is released the electric circuit is cut off closing the control valve. The signal air vents from the breather (#35). See Figure 5.5 and the drawing in Section 9.2.

### ⚠ CAUTION

Electric shock hazard. Abrasive blasters with electric deadman blast control systems must operate on low voltage supply (12-24 volts). To minimize shock hazard only use low voltage sources and use caution when connecting the power to the abrasive blaster. See Section 3.7.

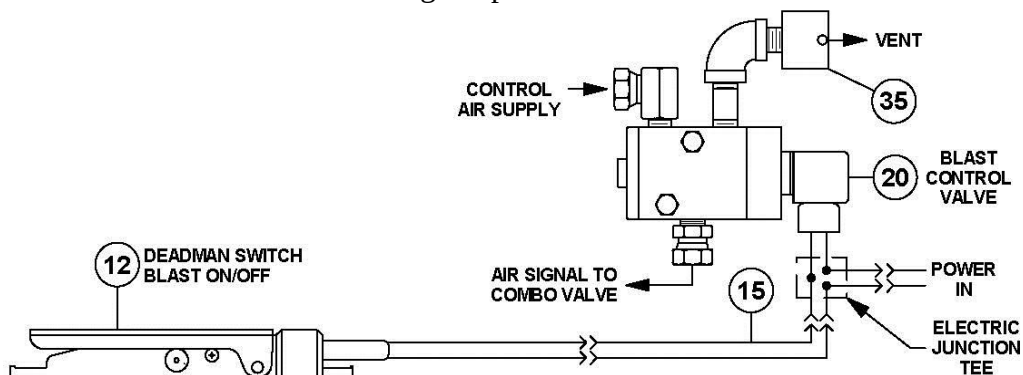
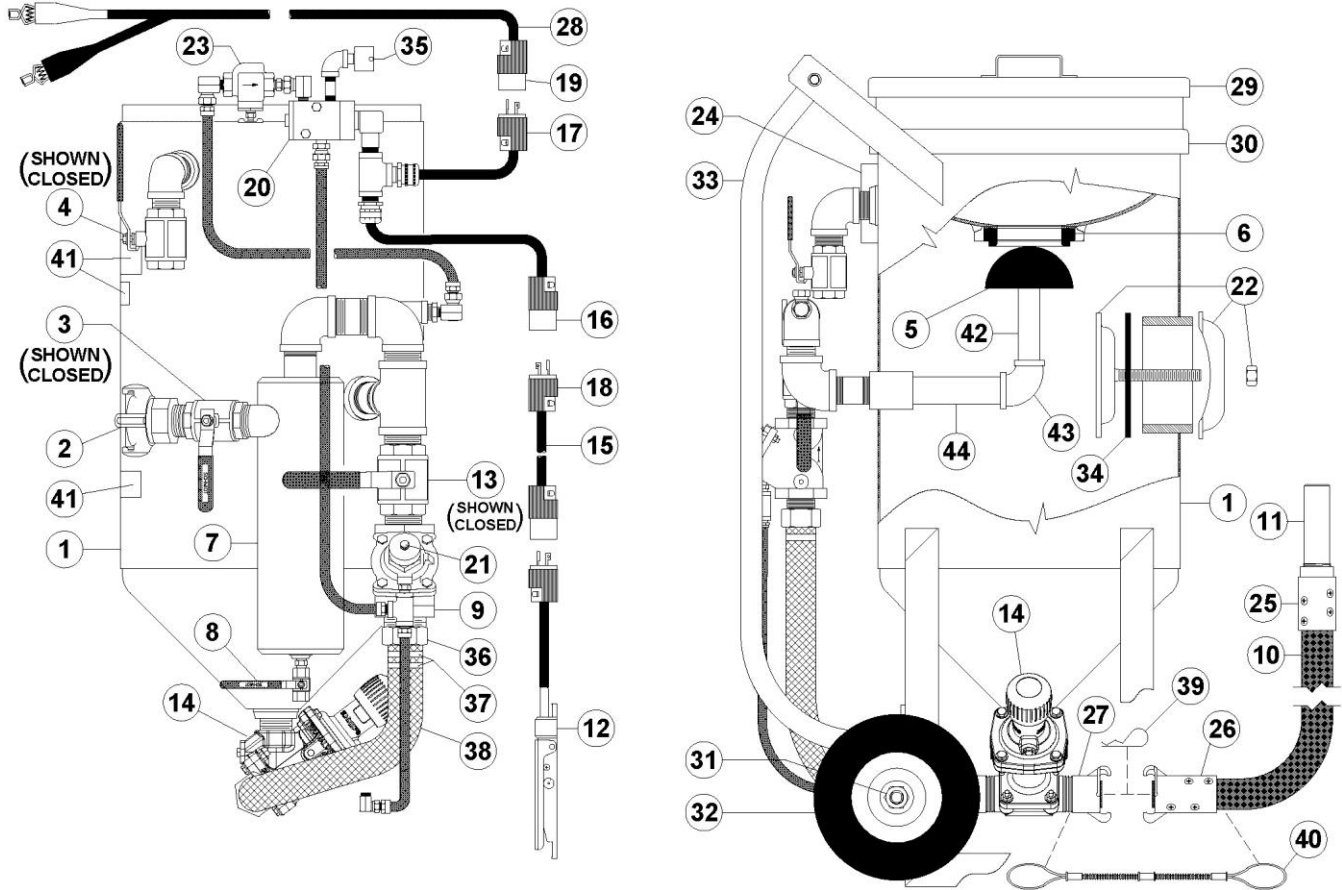


Figure 5.5 – Tera Valve™ Electric Blast Control System

## 5.10 Tera Valve™ Abrasive Blaster with Electric Control System

Figure 5.6 shows a Tera Valve abrasive blaster with the electric deadman system. The popup valve (#5), automatic air valve (#9), and Tera Valve (#14) operate the same as a blaster with a pneumatic blast control system. The difference is that the electric control system uses the electric control valve (#20) operated by the electric deadman switch (#12) as detailed in Section 5.9.2.



**Figure 5.6 – Tera Valve™ Abrasive Blaster with electric deadman controls**

## 5.11 Abrasive Cutoff

An optional feature of a Tera Valve blaster is an abrasive cutoff. There are two uses for the abrasive cutoff feature. First is to allow blasting air without abrasive. This is useful for blowing off abrasive from the item blasted. To blast with air only, set the abrasive cutoff valve (or switch) to the “off” position, then press down the deadman lever (#12). This will send a control signal to the automatic air valve (#9) only; therefore, only blast air will exit the blast nozzle (#11). For the abrasive cutoff to work a second control valve is needed that provides a signal to the Tera Valve (#14) separate of the air signal to the automatic air valve. See Sections 9.3(a) and 9.3(b).

The second use for the abrasive is to purge abrasive out of a long blast hose. This prevents abrasive from collecting in the blast hose when the blast operation is stopped. The abrasive at rest in the blast hose can cause surges when restarting the blast operation.

**Note:** The abrasive cutoff feature is optional; however, factory conversion kits are available to upgrade Tera Valve blasters to include this feature. Consult Axxiom Manufacturing or an Authorized Schmidt® distributor.

## 5.12 Blast Hose

The blast air and abrasive mixture flows from the Tera Valve™ (#14) to the blast nozzle (#11) through the blast hose assembly (#10). The typical length of the blast hose is 50ft; however blast hose extensions can be added to increase length. For higher efficiency keep the blast hose as short as possible. Increased blast hose length causes pressure drop at the blast nozzle which reduces the blast efficiency. For higher efficiency use a blast hose with an inside diameter that is approximately three times the nozzle throat diameter. Keep blast hose as straight as possible. Sharp bends create high wear points. Static electricity is generated by the abrasive flow through the blast hose. To minimize the chance of static electrical shock to operating personnel only use static dissipating blast hose and install a grounding strap on the abrasive blaster.

### ⚠ CAUTION

Static electric shock hazard. To minimize the chance of static electric shock install a grounding strap on the abrasive blaster and only use static dissipating blast hose.

**Note:** To reduce operator fatigue a blast whip hose can be used along with the blast hose. A whip hose is thinner wall, light weight hose. Consult an Authorized Schmidt® distributor.

## 5.13 Blast Nozzle

The blast nozzle (#11) is an important part of the blast operation since the size of it determines the air flow and abrasive requirement. The amount of air flow and abrasive determine how quick blasting can be done. The larger the nozzle, the more air and abrasive will be needed. The larger the nozzle size the greater the blast productivity. However, for a fixed amount of air supply, increasing the nozzle size will reduce the blast pressure. For best performance the blast pressure must be maintained as high as possible. Therefore, select the nozzle size based on the amount of air available and then adjust the abrasive flow at the Tera Valve as needed.

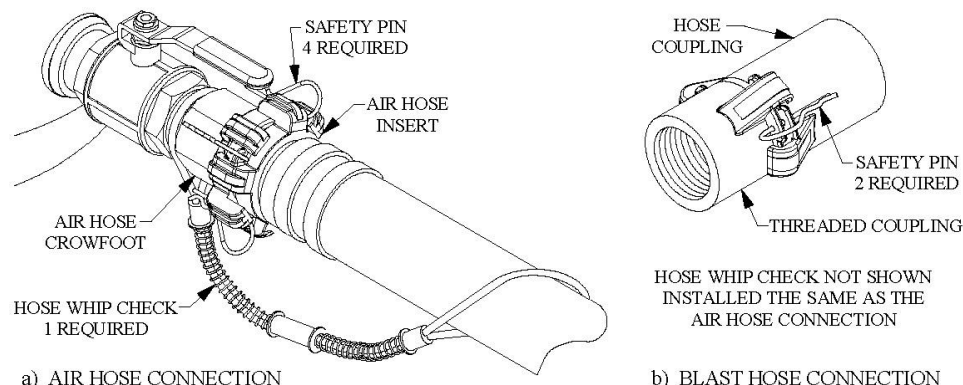
The nozzle size is indicated by a small number on the outside. This number represents the nozzle throat diameter in sixteenths of an inch; for example, a #5 nozzle has a throat diameter of 5/16". See the tables in Section 13.0 for approximate air and abrasive consumption for each nozzle. **Note:** For the best possible mixture of air to abrasive, the blast hose and piping must be at least three times the size of the blast nozzle.

## 5.14 Hose Connection

All air hose, blast hose, and threaded couplings have two pin holes that align when connected. To protect against accidental hose disconnections safety pins must be installed through these holes. As a secondary safety measure each hose connection should also include a hose whip check that will hold the hose if there is an accidental disconnection. Connect one loop to each side of the connection and stretch out as shown in Figure 5.7 below. All air hose, blast hose, and threaded couplings have a gasket that seals the connection and should be replaced when air is leaking.

### ⚠ WARNING

Failure to install safety pins on all air and blast hose couplings can result in hose disconnects and could result in serious injury or death.



**Figure 5.7 – Hose Connection Disconnect Protection**

### 5.15 Union End Ball Valve (optional abrasive shutoff)

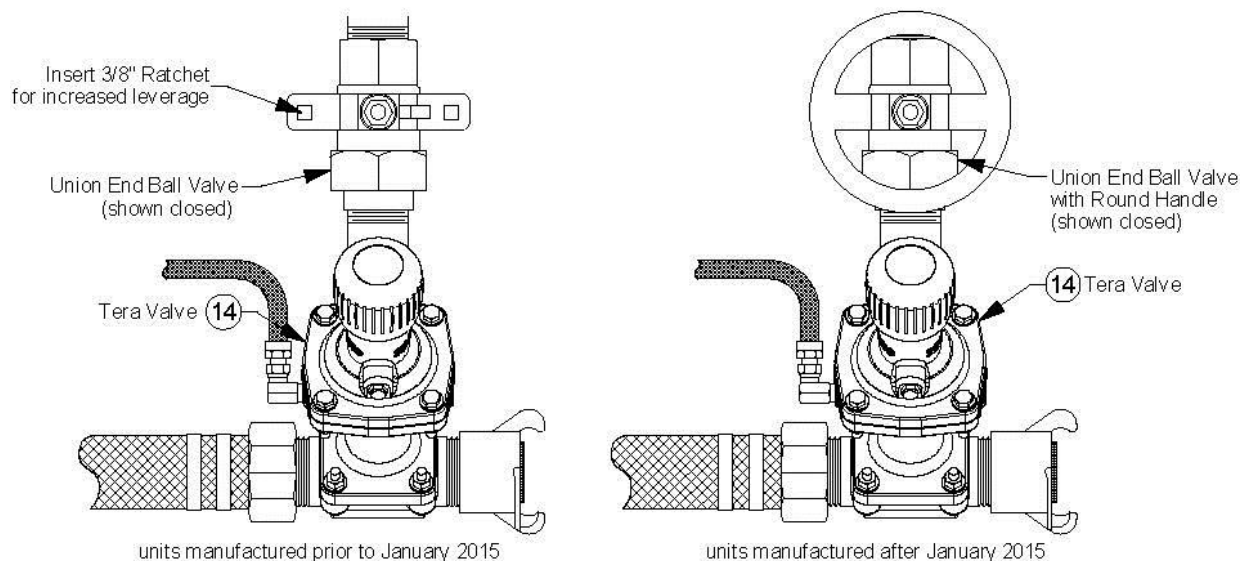
The union ball valve is used to block the abrasive flow to the Tera Valve™. This allows the user to remove the Tera Valve (#14) from the blast vessel without emptying the abrasive. Turn the union ball valve handle to the horizontal position to block abrasive flow. Loosen the nut to separate the two sections of the union ball valve and remove the Tera Valve from blast vessel. The handle on the union ball valve can be difficult to turn; however, there are punched holes at each arm of the handle where a standard ratchet wrench can be inserted and used as leverage to open or close the valve. **Note:** Units manufactured after February 2015 are equipped with the ergonomic round handle design (see Figure 5.8).

**Note:** Purging the abrasive from the Tera Valve will minimize chance of seizing of the union nut allowing it to turn freely.



The Abrasive blaster is a Pressurized Vessel. Propelled objects will cause serious injury or death. Depressurize vessel before performing any maintenance. See Sections 6.2 and 6.3.

**Note:** The union end ball valve is optional and can be added to any blaster; however, some models may require extensions below the legs for field addition. Consult Axxiom Manufacturing or an Authorized Schmidt® distributor.



**Figure 5.8 – Union End Ball Valve**

### 5.16 Dual Outlet Blast System (10cf and 20cf)

The 10cf and 20cf blast vessels are fabricated with two additional abrasive outlet couplings. These vessels can be purchased as dual outlet or field converted to dual outlet blasters. Consult Axxiom Manufacturing or an Authorized Schmidt® distributor.

Each blast outlet of dual outlet blast vessels operate as detailed in the sections of this manual. For blasters equipped with dual outlet controls a supplemental reference drawing is included with this manual. Reference this drawing for additional part identification.

## 5.17 Blaster Options and Accessories

There are many options, accessories, and field conversion kits available to upgrade Schmidt® abrasive blasters. Options include the new Universal Load Skid, abrasive screen, lid or the new hinged lid, abrasive spider, angle flange, door interlock, air pressure regulator, blast hour meter, “Short Stop” blast system, ASAP Safety System, and others. Some of the options are discussed below. For further information visit the Axxiom website or consult Axxiom Manufacturing or an Authorized Schmidt® distributor.

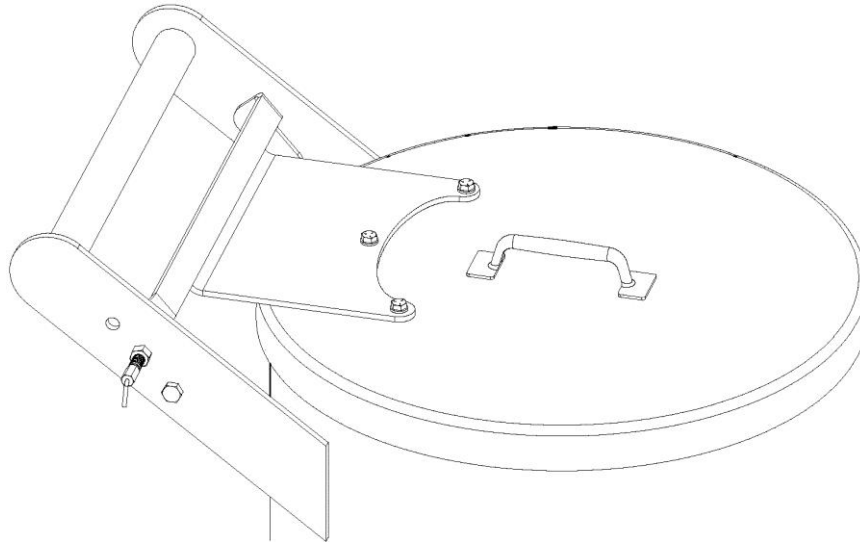
**Note:** For blasters equipped with special options refer to the supplemental drawing(s) included with this manual. Reference these drawings for additional part identification.

### 5.17.1. Universal Load Skid

A load skid (#33) is a protective frame that attaches to the blaster legs and handle. The purpose of the load skid is to slide the blaster on the tailgate into the bed of a truck. The new universal load skid released in 2016 is a modular design that can be assembled to fit both the 3.5cf and 6.5cf portable blasters, and has vertical adjustment to fit any valve configuration. Blast vessels manufactured after September 2016 are equipped with holes in the legs and handle for installing the load skid. See Figure 5.6.

### 5.17.2. Hinged lid

The new hinged lid released in 2016 is a design that mounts on the handle of portable vessels. The hinged lid is equipped with a spring pin that locks the lid in the open and closed position. The design is intended for blasters that are transported from jobsite to jobsite. Attaching the lid minimizes chance of misplacing and eliminates the need to strap the lid.



**Figure 5.9 – Hinged Lid**

### 5.17.3. Abrasive spider

The abrasive spider is a device that is mounted in the top head of the abrasive blaster. The spider is added to blasters that will be installed below an abrasive storage hopper. The spider creates a void area above the blaster abrasive inlet keeping the abrasive from sitting on top of the popup. Abrasive piled on top of the popup restricts movement and can prevent the popup from properly sealing. A leaking popup will cause abrasive flow problems and wear to the popup and popup gasket. The spider is typically installed at the time of manufacture; however, drop-in spiders are available for field installation. Refer to the drawing in Section 9.12.

#### 5.17.4. Volumetric Blowdown Suppression System II (patent pending)

The Volumetric Blowdown Suppression II (VBS II) System (#45) is designed to reduce the noise level and eliminate floor damage caused by the blowdown exhaust air. The VBS II (#45) attaches to the end of the blaster blowdown hose assembly (#46) and is supported by a bracket (#47) and hardware (#48). The VBS II System changes the characteristics of the blowdown exhaust air as it flows through. First, the VBS II reduces the noise level of the blowdown air by internal sound absorption. Secondly, the VBS II system diffuses and reduces the velocity of the blowdown air and abrasive mixture. The VBS II self-cleaning urethane exhaust cap design absorbs the abrasive impact to reduce wear on the internal and surrounding components and prevents clogging. Conversion kits are available for field addition to manual blowdown blasters (See Figure 5.10 below). For further information visit the Axxiom website or consult Axxiom Manufacturing or an Authorized Schmidt® distributor.

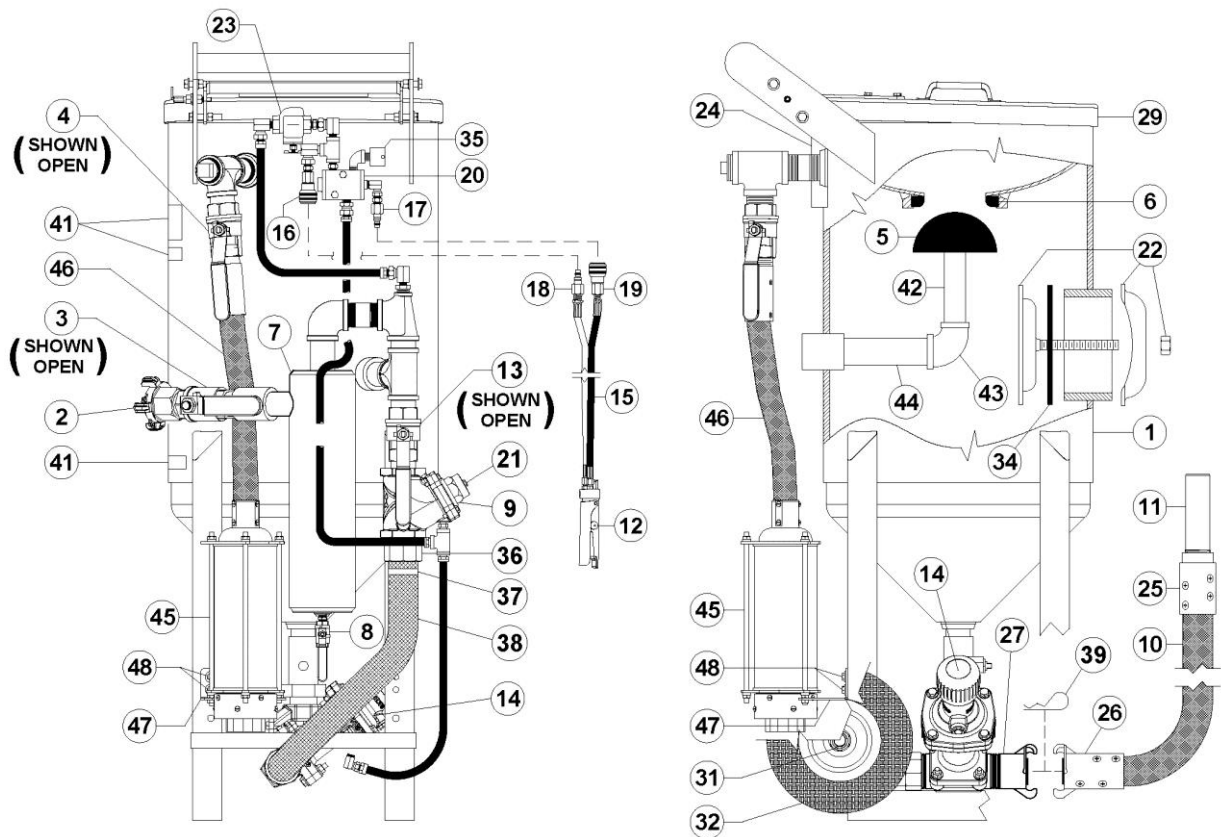


Figure 5.10 - Typical Tera Valve™ Blaster with the VBS II System

## 5.18 Tera Valve™ / Combovalve® Custom Abrasive Blaster

See Figure 5.11(a) and 5.11(b) to help understand the general operation of the Tera Valve / Combovalve® abrasive blaster. Do not attempt to operate the abrasive blaster before reading all sections of this manual and following all setup procedures. Read Sections 5.1 through 5.17 for a detailed explanation of all components of the Tera Valve abrasive blaster.

### ***Tera/Combo Pneumatic Control with Abrasive Cutoff (Figure 5.11(a))***

The Tera / Combo abrasive blaster is a *depressurized system*; meaning the blaster will pressurize only when the Combovalve® is opened by pressing the deadman lever (#12). **Note:** The Combovalve replaces the automatic air valve used in standard Tera Valve blasters (see Section 5.0).

The Tera/Combo blaster is ideal for blast room applications which normally include an abrasive storage hopper above the blaster and an abrasive reclaim system. The Combovalve automatic depressurization allows the blast vessel to refill with abrasive each time the blast operation is stopped. The Tera Valve allows the blaster to be equipped with the abrasive cutoff option. The abrasive cutoff is used for blasting air only to blow off items that have been blasted (see Section 5.11).

The Tera / Combo abrasive blaster (#1) will pressurize and blasting starts when the deadman lever (#12) is pressed down. When the deadman lever is pressed down either a pneumatic or electric signal activates the control valve (#20). When the control valve is activated it sends an air signal to open the Combovalve (#4). The compressed air flows through the Combovalve to the blast outlet piping and into the abrasive blast vessel. The air flow into the blast vessel internal piping will push the pop-up (#5) against the popup gasket (#6). This will seal the abrasive inlet which allows the air flow to fill and pressurize the abrasive blast vessel (#1). Opening the Combovalve will also pressurize the blast hose (#10) and provide blast air (with or without abrasive) to the blast nozzle (#11).

Abrasive is added to blast stream when the control valve (#50) is activated. The control valve is activated by setting the abrasive cutoff switch (#51) to the “on” position. When the control valve is activated it sends an air signal that opens the Tera Valve (#14). When the Tera Valve opens abrasive falls through and into the blast air stream.

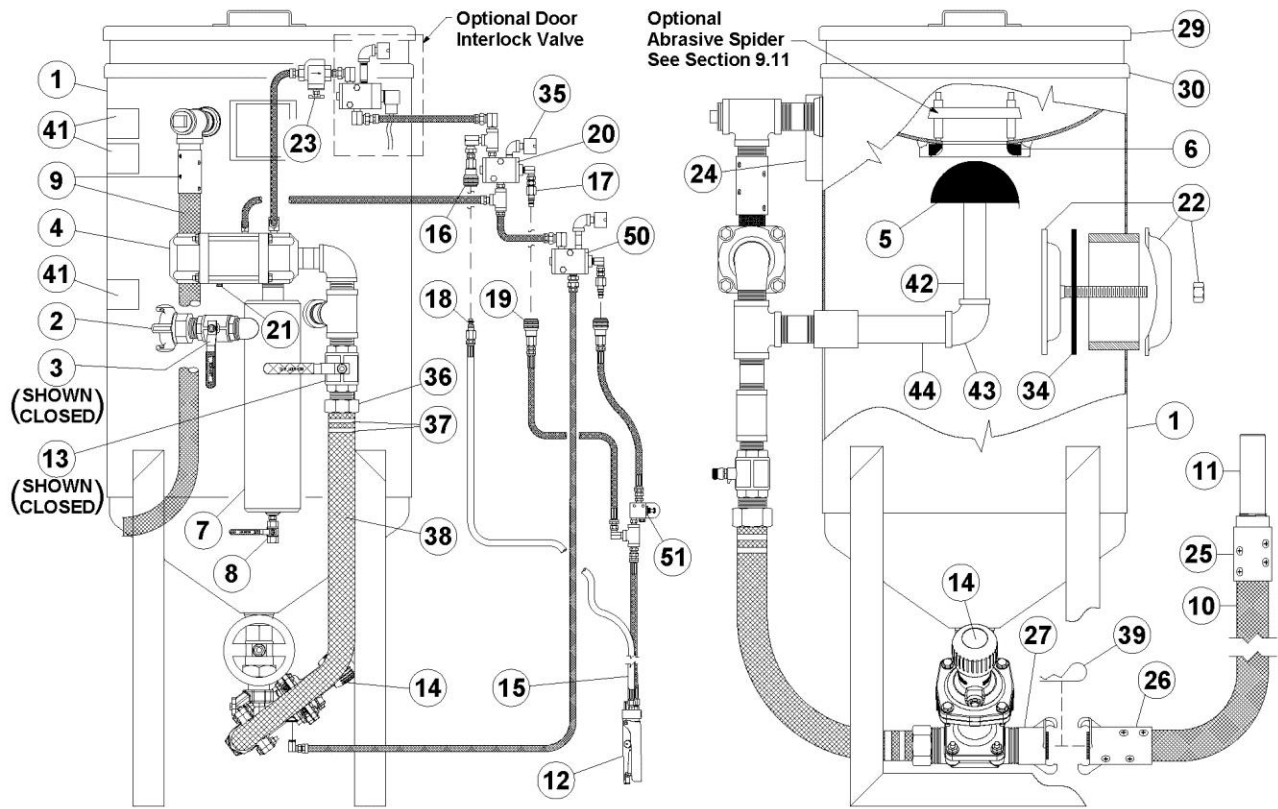
Blasting stops when the deadman lever (#12) is released which deactivates the control valves (#20 & #50). This will vent the air signal to the Combovalve (#4) and the Tera Valve (#14). When the signal air vents, both valves spring return into their “normally closed” position. The abrasive blaster (#1) will depressurize when the Combovalve is closed. Refer to the supplemental drawing(s) included with this manual.

Figure 5.11(a) shows the optional door interlock control valve. The door interlock control valve is connected to the blast room door which disables the deadman blast control and stops the blast operation when the door is opened. Refer to the supplemental drawing(s) included with this manual.

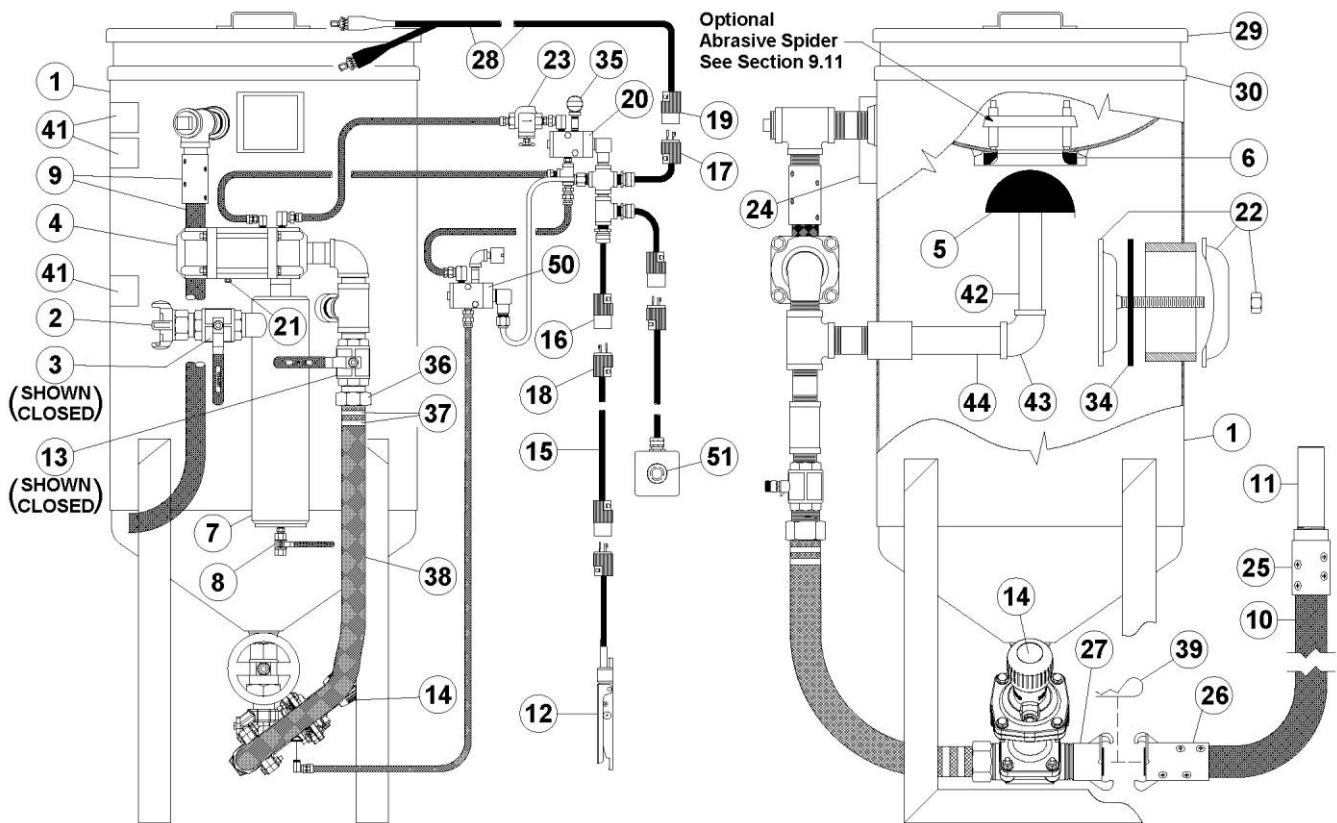
### ***Tera/Combo Electric Control with Palm Switch Abrasive Cutoff (Figure 5.11(b))***

Figure 5.11(b) shows a Tera/Combo blaster with electric controls and the special option of a palm switch abrasive cutoff. The Tera® Valve operation is controlled by a remote palm button switch located in the blast room for operator control. The palm button switch (#51) is pressed in to enable the control valve (#50). With the control valve enabled it will be activated by the pressing deadman switch lever (#12) which will open the Tera Valve and feed abrasive into the blast air stream. Releasing the palm button disables the control valve (#50) and only the blast air control valve (#20) will be activated when the deadman switch is pressed.

**Note:** The palm button abrasive cutoff can also be provided with a pneumatic control valve. For blasters with these special options a supplemental drawing(s) is included with this operation and maintenance manual.



**Figure 5.11(a) – Tera Valve™ / Combo Pneumatic Control with Abrasive Cutoff**



**Figure 5.11(b) – Tera Valve™ / Combo Electric Control w/ Palm Button Abrasive Cutoff**

## 6.0 Pre-operation Procedures

### DANGER

Failure to follow the procedures below could result in serious injury or death. In addition to these procedures, completely read and understand all sections of this *Abrasive Blaster Operation and Maintenance Manual*.

### DANGER

The Abrasive Blaster is a pressurized vessel. Propelled objects will cause serious injury or death. Depressurize vessel before performing any maintenance. See Section 6.2 and 6.3.

### 6.1 Abrasive Blaster Setup Procedure (see Figure 6.2 and 6.3)

- 6.1.1. Confirm that the abrasive blaster is properly maintained and inspected as detailed in Section 8.0.

- 6.1.2. Static electricity is generated by the abrasive flow through the blast hose (#10). To minimize the chance of static electric shock to operating personnel only use static dissipating blast hose and install a grounding strap on the abrasive blaster.

### CAUTION

Static electric shock hazard. To minimize the chance of static electric shock install a grounding strap on the abrasive blaster and only use static dissipating blast hose.

- 6.1.3. Do Not operate this equipment without a pressure relief device in place. The ASME Code requires that all vessels be provided with pressure relief devices. See Section 3.11.

### DANGER

Rupture Hazard. Operating the pressure vessel above the maximum allowable working pressure can result in rupturing the pressure vessel. Install an air pressure relief valve to protect against over pressurization of the blast vessel. See Section 3.11.

- 6.1.4. Make certain that the abrasive blaster is not pressurized. Follow the depressurizing procedure given in Section 6.2 and 6.3.

### WARNING

Airborne particles and loud noise hazards from blowdown exhaust air can cause serious injury and loss of hearing. Wear approved eye and ear protection. Stay clear of blowdown air path. DO NOT place hands or other body parts in the blowdown air path. Make sure no personnel are in the blowdown air path.

- 6.1.5. Properly install the handway cover (#22) and gasket (#34). See Section 6.4.
- 6.1.6. Verify that all required personal protective equipment is available for each operator and in good operating condition (safety glasses, safety shoes, ear plugs, gloves, airline filter, respirator, & carbon monoxide monitor). *Critical: Adhere to all local, state, and federal regulations including, but not limited to, OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration). Pay close attention to requirements regarding breathing air quality. When an oil-lubricated air compressor is used, additional requirements for a high temperature alarm and/or a carbon monoxide monitor become necessary. See Sections 3.9 and 3.10.*

### WARNING

Failure to use personal protective equipment could result in serious injury or death.

- 6.1.7. Hose clamp the deadman (#12) to the blast hose assembly in a comfortable position behind the nozzle holder (#25).
- 6.1.8. Wire tie the twinline hose (#15) or electric deadman extension cords to the blast hose assembly (#10).
- 6.1.9. Screw nozzle (#11) into the nozzle holder (#25) at end of the blast hose assembly (#10).
- 6.1.10. Connect the blast hose coupling (#26) to the threaded coupling (#27) on the abrasive metering valve (#14). Then install safety pins (#39) and a hose whip check (#40) to protect against accidental disconnections during operation. See Sections 5.14, and 8.7.

### **⚠ WARNING**

Failure to install safety pins on all blast hose couplings can result in hose disconnects and could result in serious injury or death. See Sections 5.14 and 8.7.

- 6.1.11. Connect the twinline hose quick disconnects (#18 & #19) or the electric deadman extension cord to the mating disconnects on the abrasive blaster piping (#16 & #17).

### **⚠ WARNING**

On abrasive blasters with multiple outlets care must be taken while connecting the twinline hoses or electric deadman extension cords so not to cross connect them. Each must be connected to the matching blast outlet control. Cross connecting will result in unintentional blast startup and could result in serious injury or death.

- 6.1.12. Close the air inlet ball valve (#3).

- 6.1.13. Connect a 150 psi rated (minimum) air supply hose to the air inlet crowfoot (#2) and install safety pins (#39) and a hose whip check (#40) to protect against accidental disconnections during operation. See Sections 5.14 and 8.7.

### **⚠ WARNING**

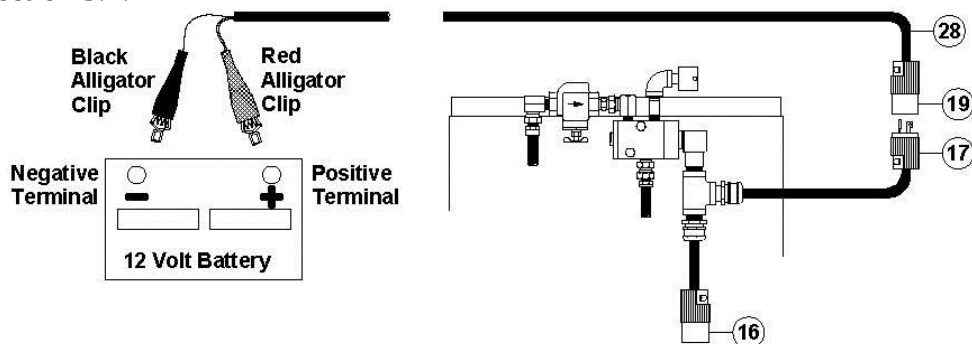
Failure to install safety pins on all air hose couplings can result in hose disconnects and could result in serious injury or death. See Sections 5.14 and 8.7.

- 6.1.14. The following steps apply only to abrasive blasters with electric systems. Connect the electric power cord (#28) to the blaster junction tee connector (#17).

- 6.1.15. Connect the electric power cord alligator clips (#28) to the air compressor battery terminals or to another 12Vdc power source. See Figure 6.1.

### **⚠ CAUTION**

Electric shock hazard. Abrasive blasters with electric deadman blast control systems must operate on low voltage supply (12-24 volts). To minimize shock hazard only use low voltage sources and use caution when connecting the power to the abrasive blaster. See Section 3.7.



**Figure 6.1 – Electric power connection**

## 6.2 Tera Valve™ Abrasive Blaster Depressurizing Procedure

### **⚠ CAUTION**

Do Not leave the abrasive blaster pressurized during long periods of no usage. An undetected air leak can cause costly damage to the pressure vessel at the handway or abrasive inlet.

- 6.2.1. Close the air inlet ball valve (#3). The ball valve is closed when the handle is fully turned to the position shown in Figure 6.2 (handle perpendicular to body). The handle tab will bottom against the ball valve body in the closed position.
- 6.2.2. Slowly open the blowdown ball valve (#4). As the blowdown ball valve (#4) is opened, air pressure inside will exhaust and depressurize the blast vessel (#1).

### **⚠ WARNING**

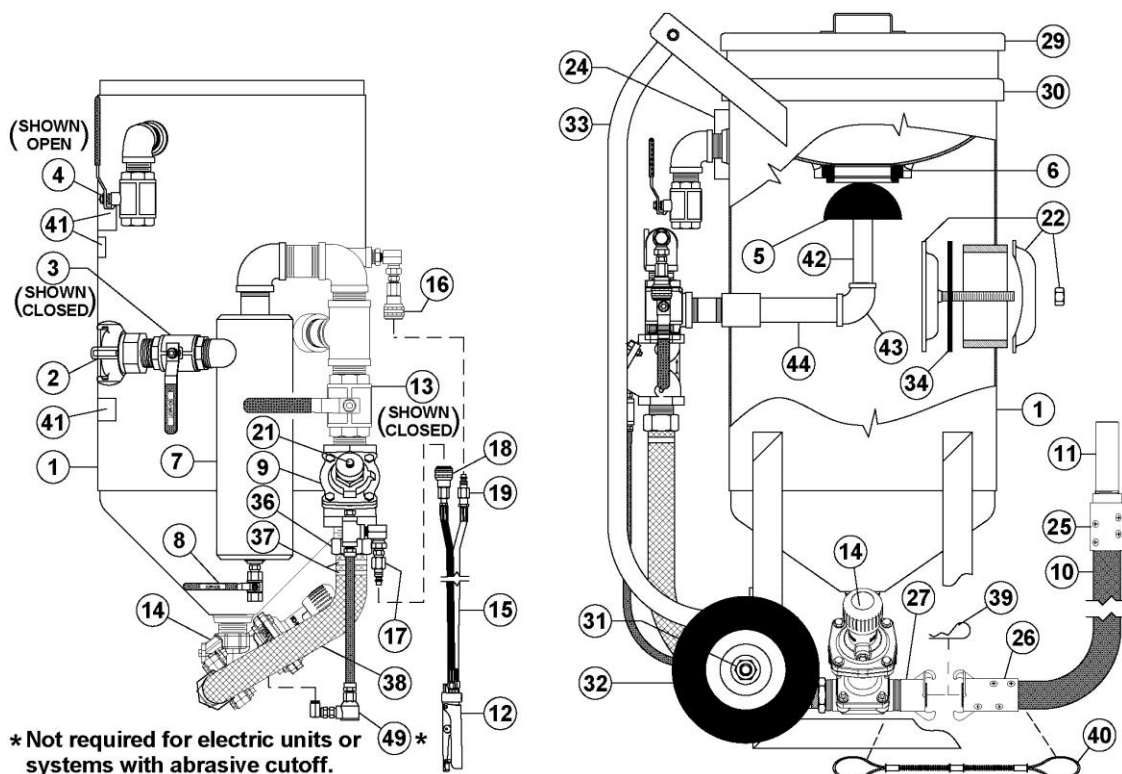
Airborne particles and loud noise hazards from blowdown exhaust air can cause serious injury and loss of hearing. Wear approved eye and ear protection. Stay clear of blowdown air path. DO NOT place hands or other body parts in the blowdown air path. Make sure no personnel are in the blowdown air path.

- 6.2.3. The Tera Valve Abrasive blast vessel (#1) is completely depressurized when the air inlet ball valve (#3) is closed and the blowdown ball valve (#4) is open with no airflow from it. The popup head (#5) will fall open when the blast vessel is completely depressurized.

### **⚠ WARNING**

When the popup valve opens after depressurizing, abrasive can be blown out of the blast vessel and into the face and eyes of the operator. Wear OSHA approved safety glasses. See Section 3.10.

- 6.2.4. The blowdown ball valve (#4) should be inspected for proper operation before each use of the abrasive blaster. Confirm that the blowdown ball valve handle turns open and closed without difficulty. See Section 8.0 for inspection and maintenance details.



**Figure 6.2 – Tera Valve™ Abrasive Blaster with pneumatic blast controls**

## 6.3 Tera Valve™ /Combo Abrasive Blaster Depressurizing Procedure

A Tera Valve/Combo blaster is a *depressurized system*; meaning that the blaster will depressurize when the deadman (#12) is released.

- 6.3.1. Release the deadman (#12) to deactivate the Combovalve® (#4) and depressurize the abrasive blaster. The blast operation will stop.

### **⚠ WARNING**

Airborne particles and loud noise hazards from blowdown exhaust air can cause serious injury and loss of hearing. Wear approved eye and ear protection. Stay clear of blowdown air path. **DO NOT** place hands or other body parts in the blowdown air path. Make sure no personnel are in the blowdown air path.

- 6.3.2. The popup head (#5) will fall open when the blast vessel is completely depressurized.

### **⚠ WARNING**

When the popup valve opens after depressurizing, abrasive can be blown out of the blast vessel and into the face and eyes of the operator. Wear OSHA approved safety glasses. See Section 3.10.

- 6.3.3. Close the air inlet ball valve (#3) to disable the blaster and the deadman blast control. The ball valve is closed when the handle is fully turned to the position shown in Figure 6.3 (handle perpendicular to body). **Note:** A faulty ball valve may allow air flow even in the closed position. Confirm air flow is stopped by opening the drain ball valve (#8) or by loosening the twinline connection (#18) to check for air flow. Replace faulty ball valves.

- 6.3.4. The blowdown hose (#9) and fittings should be periodically inspected for wear. Refer to Section 8.0 for inspection and maintenance details.

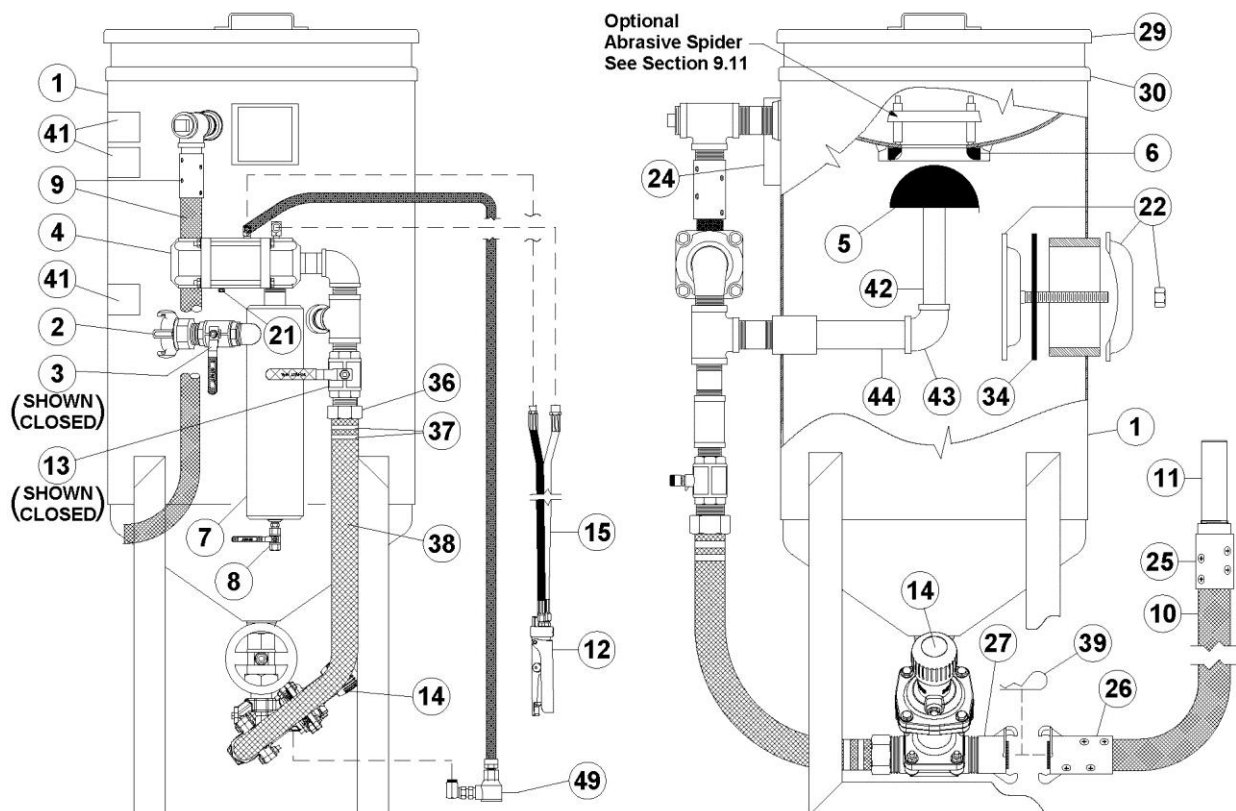


Figure 6.3 – Tera Valve™ /Combo Abrasive Blaster with pneumatic blast controls

## 6.4 Handway Cover Installation Procedures (See Figure 6.4(a))

- 6.4.1. Check that the handway cover, crab, bolt, and gasket are dimensionally correct for the size handway weld ring of the pressure vessel.
  - a) Measure and write down the inside dimensions “A” and “B” of the handway weld ring. See Figure 6.4(a).
  - b) Verify the size of the handway assembly by comparing the weld ring measurements from step “a” to the dimensions shown in Table 6.4(c).
  - c) Verify that the dimensions of the cover, crab, bolt, and gasket match the corresponding dimensions given in Table 6.4(c). **Note:** The actual dimensions may vary by up to 1/4" from those given in Table 6.4(c).
  - d) Replace any component that is not dimensionally correct. Incorrect dimensions indicate that the component is part of a different size handway assembly.

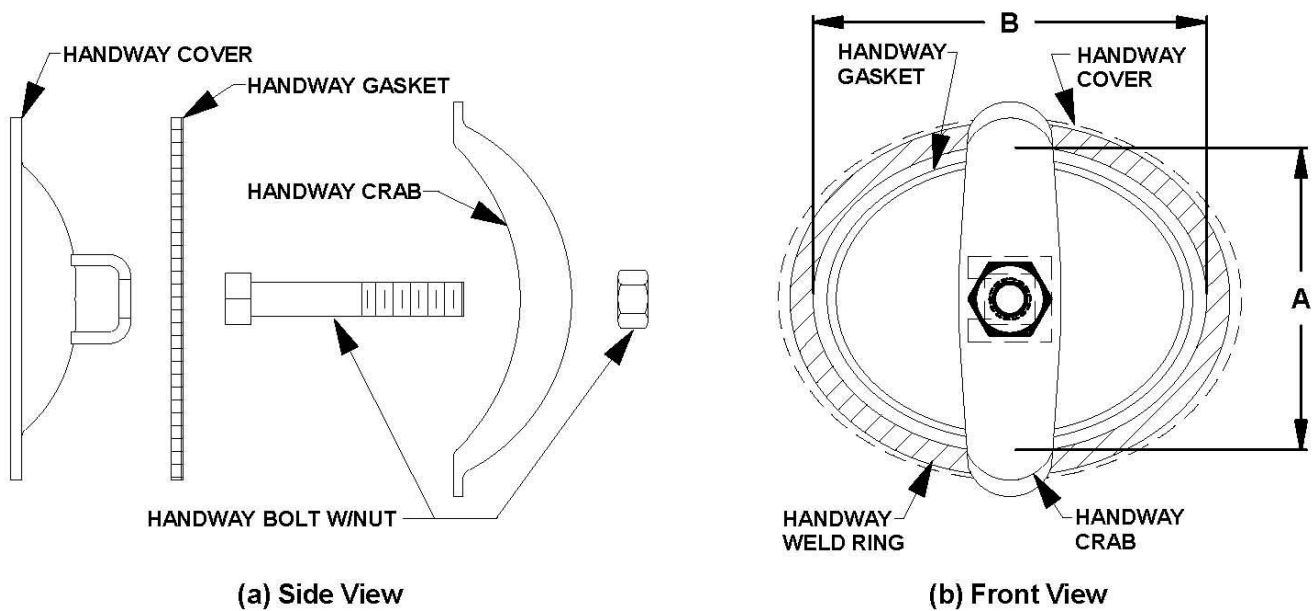


The handway assembly is part of a Pressurized Vessel. Use of incorrect handway components will result in assembly failure. Assembly failure will propel objects causing serious injury or death.

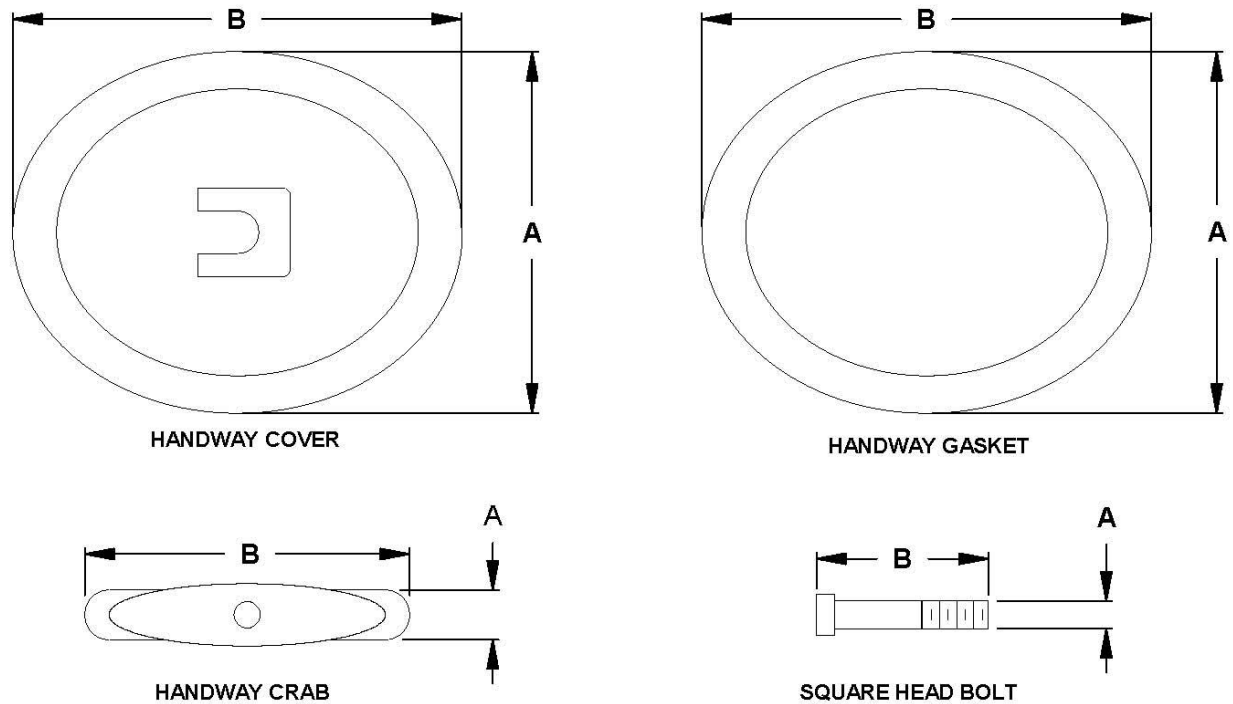
- 6.4.2. Once a month inspect the handway gasket for tears, cracks, or other wear. Replace if necessary.
- 6.4.3. Once a month inspect the handway weld ring sealing surface inside the vessel. Inspect the handway cover sealing surface. Both surfaces must be smooth.
- 6.4.4. Place the gasket on the handway cover then fit both through the opening.
- 6.4.5. Place the cover and gasket in position against the inside edge of the handway weld ring. Apply a pulling force to hold in position then proceed. **\*See note below.**
- 6.4.6. Center the gasket on the handway weld ring.
- 6.4.7. Center the handway cover on the gasket.
- 6.4.8. Center the handway crab on the outside weld ring.
- 6.4.9. Slide the handway crab bolt to the inside edge of the slot before tightening. See Figure 6.4(a).
- 6.4.10. When all components are centered and the crab bolt is bottomed in the slot, tighten the nut onto the bolt with a wrench until snug.
- 6.4.11. Only after completing all the pre-operation procedures in Section 6.0 and the abrasive blast vessel is then pressurized, re-tighten the nut with a wrench until snug again.
- 6.4.12. Do not over-tighten the crab nut and bolt. Over-tightening could bend the crab out of shape resulting in malfunction of the assembly.
- 6.3.13. Periodically check for leaks.



**\*Note:** Contact Axxiom Manufacturing or an Authorized Schmidt distributor and request information on the new SureFit™ Handway Gasket (patent pending) that eliminates the difficulty of aligning the gasket. Scan the QR Tag on the left to view a short video.



**Figure 6.4 (a) – Handway Assembly**



**Figure 6.4 (b) – Handway Components**

| 6" x 8" Handway Dimensions |             |          |
|----------------------------|-------------|----------|
| Component                  | A           | B        |
| Weld Ring                  | 6-5/8"      | 8-1/2"   |
| Handway Cover              | 7-5/8"      | 9-3/4"   |
| Handway Gasket             | 7-3/4"      | 9-3/4"   |
| SureFit™ Gasket            | 8-1/16"     | 10-5/16" |
| Handway Crab               | 2-3/8"      | 8-3/4"   |
| Square Head Bolt           | 3/4"-10 UNC | 4-1/2"   |

**Table 6.4 (c) – Handway Component Dimensions**

## 7.0 Operating Instructions

### 7.1 Filling the Abrasive Blaster with Abrasive

- 7.1.1. The Abrasive blaster (#1) must be completely depressurized before filling with abrasive. Follow the depressurizing procedure in Section 6.2 and 6.3. Disable the blaster by closing the air inlet ball valve (#3).

#### **⚠ WARNING**

Airborne particles and loud noise hazards from blowdown exhaust air can cause serious injury and loss of hearing. Wear approved eye and ear protection. Stay clear of blowdown air path. DO NOT place hands or other body parts in the blowdown air path. Make sure no personnel are in the blowdown air path.

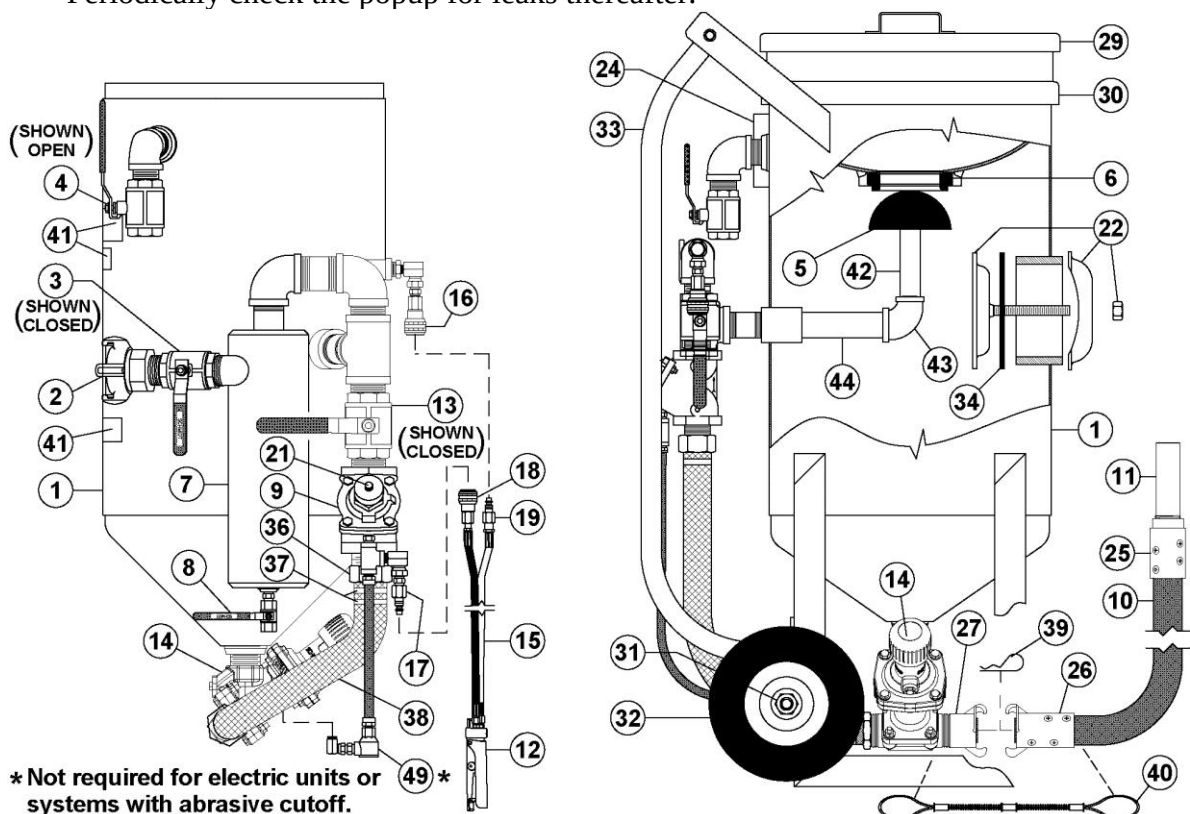
- 7.1.2. Remove the vessel lid (#29) and screen (#30) to check that the popup (#5) has dropped open. The open popup indicates that the blast vessel is depressurized. See Figure 7.1.

- 7.1.3. Fill the blaster with dry abrasive through the abrasive inlet (#6). Pass recycled abrasive through the screen (#30) to remove trash. Do not over-fill the blast vessel. An excessive amount of abrasive piled above the popup (#5) after the blast vessel is full may prevent the popup from sealing properly.

#### **⚠ WARNING**

Pinch point hazard. Vessel pressurization will close the popup. Keep hands and fingers away from popup. Disconnect air supply prior to performing popup maintenance.

- 7.1.4. After completing all the pre-operation procedures in Sections 6.0 and 7.1 pressurize the abrasive blast vessel (#1) per Section 7.2, and then check the popup (#5) for leaks. Periodically check the popup for leaks thereafter.



**Figure 7.1 – Tera Valve™ Abrasive Blaster with pneumatic blast controls**

## 7.2 Beginning the Blasting Operation (See Figure 7.1 and 7.2)

- 7.2.1. The abrasive blaster must be properly setup and all operating personnel must be thoroughly trained before beginning the blast operation. All operators must completely read and understand all sections of this manual before beginning the blast operation. See the pre-operation procedures given in Section 6.0.
- 7.2.2. Perform the required inspections and maintenance before beginning the blast operation. See the instructions given in Section 8.0.



The abrasive blaster is a Pressurized Vessel. Propelled objects will cause serious injury or death. Depressurize vessel before performing any maintenance. See Section 6.2 and 6.3.

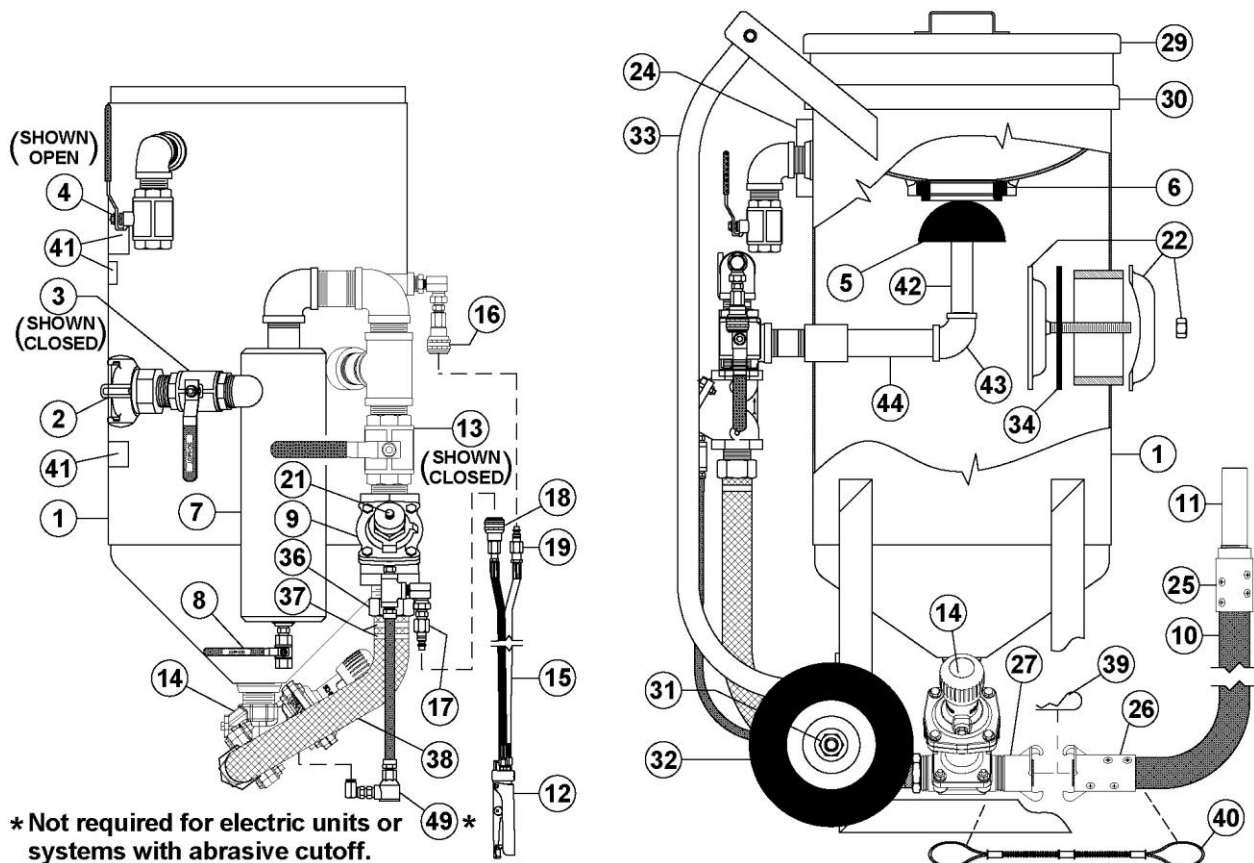
- 7.2.3. Open the optional abrasive shutoff valve (not shown) located above the Tera Valve (#14). See Section 5.15.
- 7.2.4. Open the choke valve (#13). Leave the choke valve completely open at all times while blasting. Close the choke valve only for the “choke” procedure (see Section 11.3.2.). Do Not blast for long periods with the choke valve partially closed since this will cause excessive wear in the Tera Valve™ (#14).
- 7.2.5. For initial startup the Tera Valve (#14) should only be partially open. Turn the valve knob clockwise to completely close, then turn counterclockwise about four turns to partially open. The best setting for the valve varies depending on abrasive type, blast pressure, and nozzle size; therefore, it may take more than one adjustment to achieve the desired air/abrasive mixture. Further adjustment can be made later as needed.
- 7.2.6. Close the blowdown ball valve (#4). The ball valve is closed when the handle is perpendicular to the body (See Figure 7.1 or 7.2).
- 7.2.7. Slowly open the inlet ball valve (#3). This will pressurize the abrasive blaster and supply air to the deadman controls (#12 & #15).  
**Note:** Tera Valve/Combo abrasive blasters are automatically pressurized only when the deadman lever (#12) is pressed down. See Section 5.18.
- 7.2.8. Slightly open the ball valve (#8) on bottom of the moisture trap (#7) to permit moisture to continually drain during the blast operation (optional, see Section 5.4). Once each day completely open the drain valve to blow out all moisture and dirt particles.
- 7.2.9. Check the popup, handway, hoses, and piping for leaks while the blaster is pressurized. Periodically check for leaks thereafter.
- 7.2.10. The following steps are for abrasive flow setting which may require several adjustments and testing of the blast flow. It is recommended that testing of the blast be made on a test piece so not to damage anything of value.

- 7.2.11. With one hand grip the blast hose assembly (#10) and with the other hand press in the deadman safety button. To begin blasting, aim the blast nozzle at the object to be blasted, then firmly press down the deadman lever (#12). Air and blast abrasive will flow into the blast hose and out of the blast nozzle (#11).

### **⚠ WARNING**

Do Not aim the blast nozzle towards yourself or any person. A system malfunction or a blocked blast nozzle that clears can trigger accidental start up resulting in injury to personnel.

- 7.2.12. Observe the blast stream and the coating removal rate. A bluish color in the blast stream indicates a good abrasive to air mixture. Release the deadman lever to stop blasting.
- 7.2.13. If necessary adjust the abrasive flow with the knob on the Tera Valve (#14). Turn clockwise for less abrasive flow, or turn counter-clockwise for more abrasive. Due to the length of the blast hose there will be a slight delay in control of the abrasive flow at the nozzle, therefore allow a few seconds before adjusting further. **Note:** If the blaster is equipped with the optional abrasive cutoff feature the switch must be set to the “on” position to blast with abrasive. See Sections 5.11, 9.3(a), and 9.3(b).
- 7.2.14. Note the markings on the side of the Tera Valve spring retainer to view the knob position relative to the abrasive flow. The markings relative to the knob can be used as reference when changing nozzle size or abrasive for different applications.
- 7.2.15. Re-test the blast air and abrasive mixture again on a test piece to determine if further adjustment is needed. Release the deadman lever to stop blasting. Replace screen (#30) and lid (#29) to prevent debris from entering blaster vessel.



**Figure 7.2 – Tera Valve™ Abrasive Blaster with pneumatic deadman controls**

### 7.3 Ending the Blast Operation (See Figure 7.2)

- 7.3.1. Close the air inlet ball valve (#3). The ball valve is closed when the handle is fully turned to the position shown in Figure 7.2 (handle perpendicular to body). The handle tab will bottom against the ball valve body in the closed position.

#### CAUTION

Do not turn off the air compressor and allow the abrasive blaster air pressure to back flow through the air supply system. Back flow will carry abrasive into the moisture trap (#7) and contaminate the blast controls.

- 7.3.2. Completely open the drain ball valve (#8) at the bottom of the moisture trap (#7) to allow all the accumulated moisture to be drained out. Close the ball valve after draining.
- 7.3.3. Completely depressurize the abrasive blast vessel (#1) by slowly opening the blowdown ball valve (#4). See Section 6.2 for blowdown procedure. **Note:** Tera Valve™/Combo blasters automatically depressurize when the deadman valve (#12) is released (See Sections 5.18 and 6.3).

#### WARNING

Airborne particles and loud noise hazard from the blowdown exhaust air can cause serious injury and loss of hearing. Wear approved eye and ear protection. Stay clear of blowdown air path. DO NOT place hands or other body parts in the blowdown air path. Make sure no personnel are in the blowdown air path.

#### CAUTION

Do Not leave the abrasive blaster pressurized during long periods of no usage. An undetected air leak can cause costly damage to the pressure vessel at the handway or abrasive inlet.

- 7.3.4. For long periods of non-usage empty the vessel of the remaining blast abrasive to minimize moisture contamination. Replace lid (#29) to prevent debris from entering blast vessel (#1).

#### CAUTION

Steel abrasive left inside the blast vessel can be contaminated by moisture and solidify inside causing costly damage.

## 8.0 Maintenance and Inspection Instructions

### DANGER

The abrasive blaster is a Pressurized Vessel. Propelled objects will cause serious injury or death. Depressurize vessel before performing any maintenance. See Section 6.2.

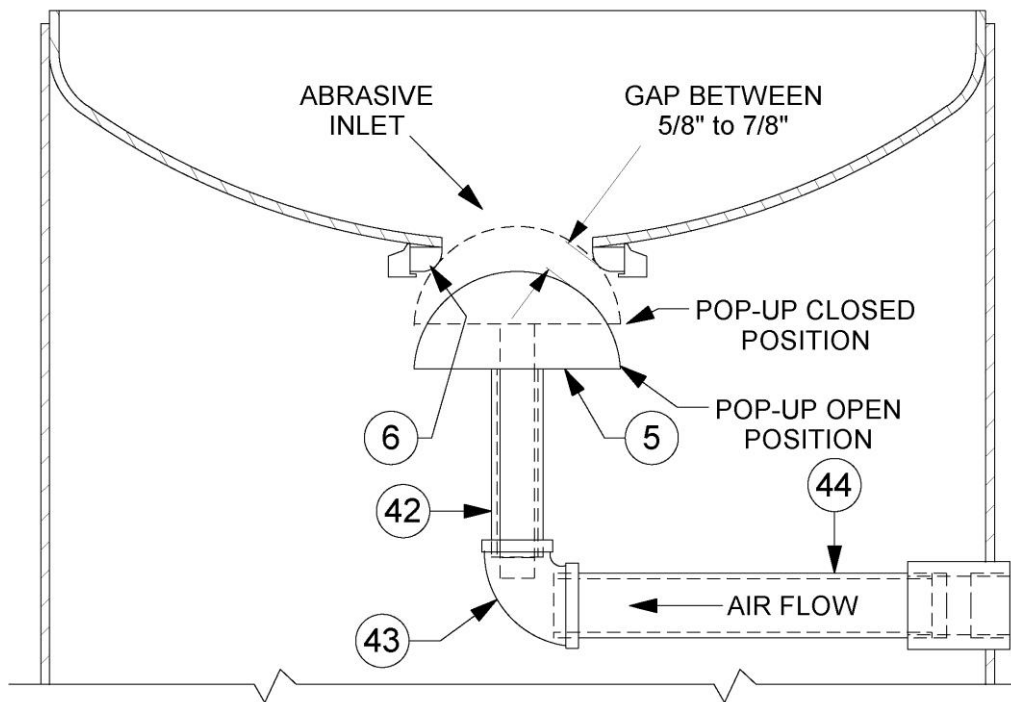
### WARNING

For proper operation, maintenance should be performed with the assistance of a qualified serviceman.

- 8.1. **Blaster Pressure Vessel:** The ASME Code is a standard covering materials, design, fabrication, and installation. Vessel integrity subsequent to purchase is the responsibility of the owner and/or user. At intervals required by state law and/or local authorities, the vessel should be subjected to a hydrostatic test as described in the ASME Code, Section VIII, Division 1. Do Not subject the abrasive blaster pressure vessel to a pneumatic proof test exceeding the maximum allowable working pressure. In no case should the hydrostatic test pressure exceed 1.3 times the maximum allowable working pressure (MAWP) shown on the pressure vessel nameplate (#24). Thoroughly clean and dry the vessel before re-assembly. Moisture or debris left in vessel can cause equipment malfunction.
- 8.2. **Blaster Pressure Vessel:** Any damage to an abrasive blaster can make it unsafe. Inspect the exterior of the abrasive blast vessel weekly for corrosion, pitting, or other damage (i.e. dents, gouges or bulges). If damaged, take out of service immediately and have it inspected and/or repaired by a qualified facility. Contact Axxiom Manufacturing, Inc. for technical support.
- 8.3. **Blaster Pressure Vessel:** The interior condition of the abrasive blast vessel (#1) should be inspected quarterly. Pitting caused by corrosion will reduce the wall thickness of the vessel. If excessive corrosion is found, have the abrasive blast vessel inspected by a qualified facility. Contact Axxiom Manufacturing, Inc. for technical support. Refer to the ASME Data Report for the vessel minimum thickness.  
  
Check the pressure vessel internal piping for corrosion, cracks, wear, holes, or any other damage. Repair or replace damaged components. See Figure 8.1 and Section 9.11.
- 8.4. **Popup Assembly:** The popup alignment and operation is tested by the manufacturer, however vibration and creeping during shipment may cause the internal popup support piping to shift resulting in misalignment. Check the popup gap and alignment prior to initial usage and weekly thereafter. Inspect the popup as follows:
  - a) Depressurize the blast vessel per Section 6.2 (or 6.3 for Tera Valve™/Combo blasters).
  - b) Disconnect air supply hose from the crowfoot (#2).
  - c) Inspect the popup gasket (#6) and popup head (#5) sealing surfaces for wear or deformations. Replace either if necessary.
  - d) Check that the popup is centered within the gasket opening. If necessary, use a pry bar as a lever between the popup and gasket to deflect the internal support piping and shift the popup to the center of the gasket opening.
  - e) Check the popup gap (distance between the popup surface and the gasket). It should be between 5/8" and 7/8". See Figure 8.1. An excessive gap is created by a vertical nipple that is too short. An excessive gap will expose the top of the vertical nipple to abrasive when the popup closes which could result in premature wear to the popup.
  - f) After checking the alignment and gap, the blast vessel can be re-pressurized and the popup is then checked for leaks. If a leak is present, repeat the above steps to isolate the problem.

### WARNING

Pinch point hazard. Vessel pressurization will close the popup. Keep hands and fingers away from popup. Disconnect air supply prior to performing popup maintenance.



**Figure 8.1 – Standard Popup Assembly and Internal Piping**

- 8.6. **Blast and Air Hoses, Piping, Pipe Fittings, and Wires:** All air hoses, blast hoses, control hoses, pipe, pipe fittings, and wires are wear items on any abrasive blaster. These components should be inspected daily for air leaks, cracks, holes, dry rotting, cuts, or any other damage. Repair or replace any components that show any signs of wear or damage.

**⚠ DANGER**

Damaged hoses, piping, pipe fittings or wires can cause system malfunctions and can result in serious injury or death to operating personnel.

Blast hoses are a high wear component of the abrasive blast system. Sharp bends in the blast hose create high wear points resulting in soft spots where the blast hose wall was thinned. These areas can rupture while blasting. Check the full length of the blast hose assembly for soft spots caused by wear. To protect against serious injury to personnel replace blast hoses with soft spots. **Note:** Static electricity is generated by the abrasive flow through the blast hose. To protect against static electrical shock to operating personnel only use static dissipating blast hose and properly ground the abrasive blaster.

**⚠ WARNING**

Worn blast hose assemblies can rupture while blasting and the resulting abrasive blast stream can cause serious personal injury.

**⚠ WARNING**

Longer blast hoses require longer time to dissipate the blast stream when the deadman is released to end the blast operation. This extended dissipation time increases the risk of injury if there is an accidental loss of control of the blast hose.

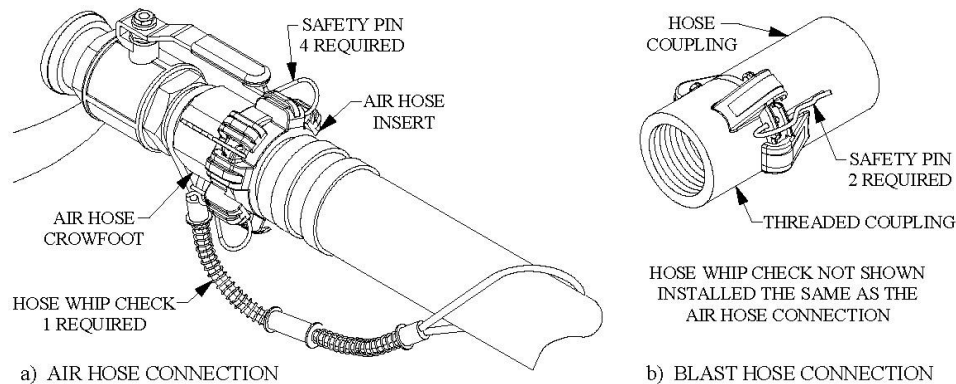
**⚠ CAUTION**

Static electric shock hazard. To minimize the chance of static electric shock install a grounding strap on the abrasive blaster and only use static dissipating blast hose.

- 8.7. **Blast and Air Hose Couplings:** All air hose, blast hose, and threaded couplings have two pin holes that align when connected. To protect against accidental hose disconnections safety pins (#39) must be installed through these holes. Each hose connection must also include a hose whip check that will hold the hose if there is an accidental disconnection. Connect one loop to each side of the connection and stretch out as shown in Figure 8.2 below. Check hose connections daily and replace missing or damaged pins and whip checks.

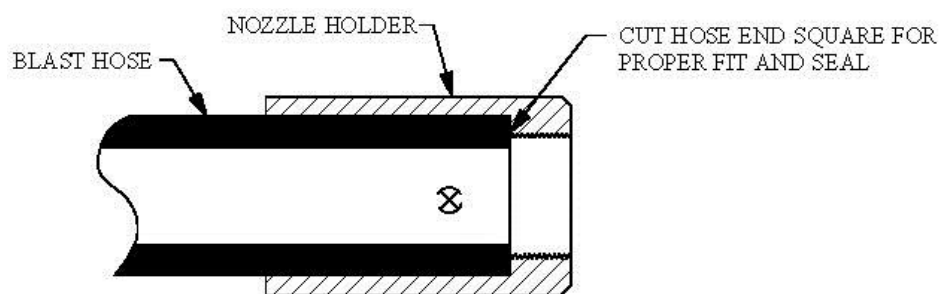
**⚠ WARNING**

Failure to install safety pins on all air and blast hose couplings can result in hose disconnects and could result in serious injury or death.



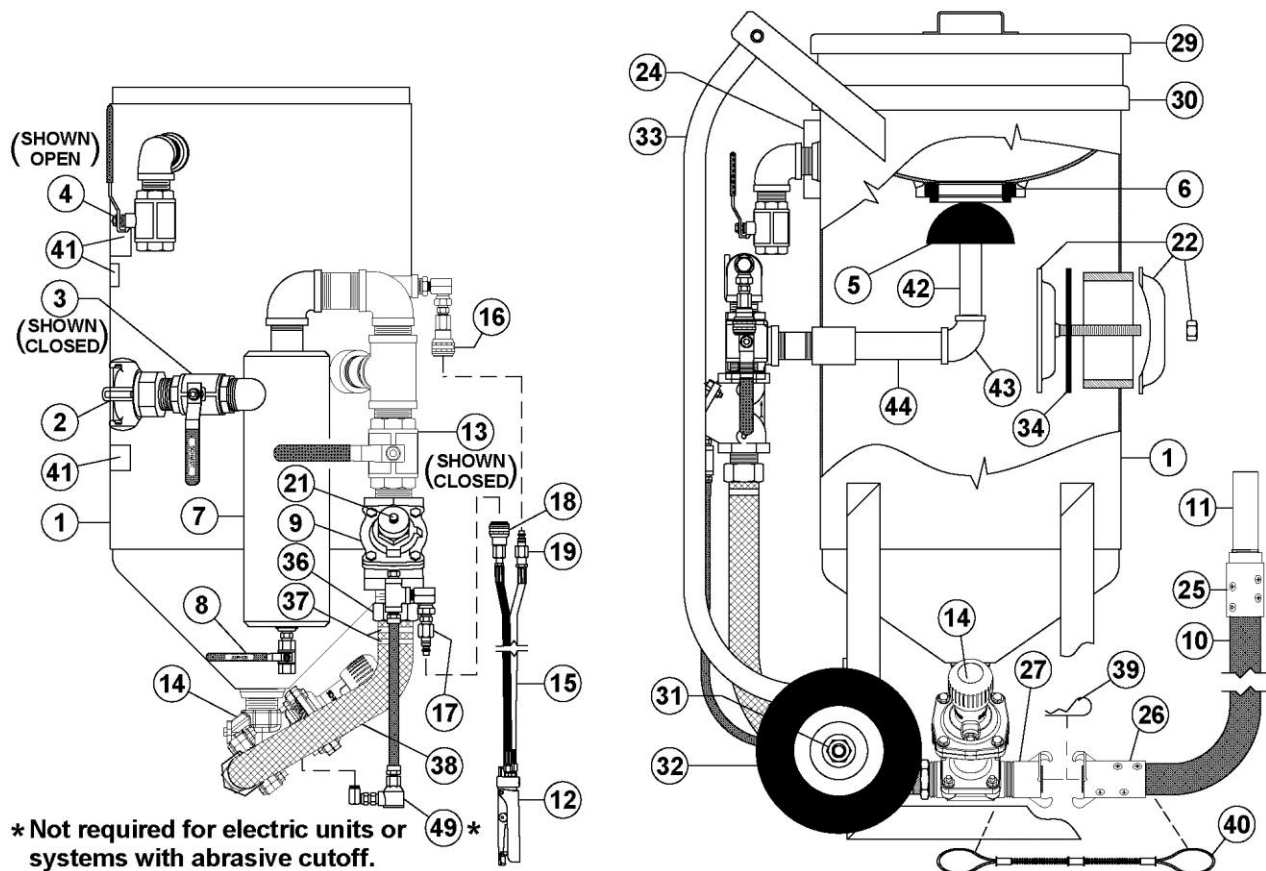
**Figure 8.2 – Hose Connection Disconnect Protection**

- 8.8. **Blast and Air Hose Gaskets:** All air hose, blast hose, and threaded couplings have gaskets that seal the connection. To reduce loss of air pressure and/or premature abrasive wear replace these gaskets when leaks are found. Inspect the couplings daily for leaks and wear. Replace gaskets when visible wear or leaks are found. When installing or replacing hose couplings cut the hose end square for secure fit (see Figure 8.3). To insure proper coupling connection always use fittings that are the same brand. See the drawings and part lists in Section 9.0.

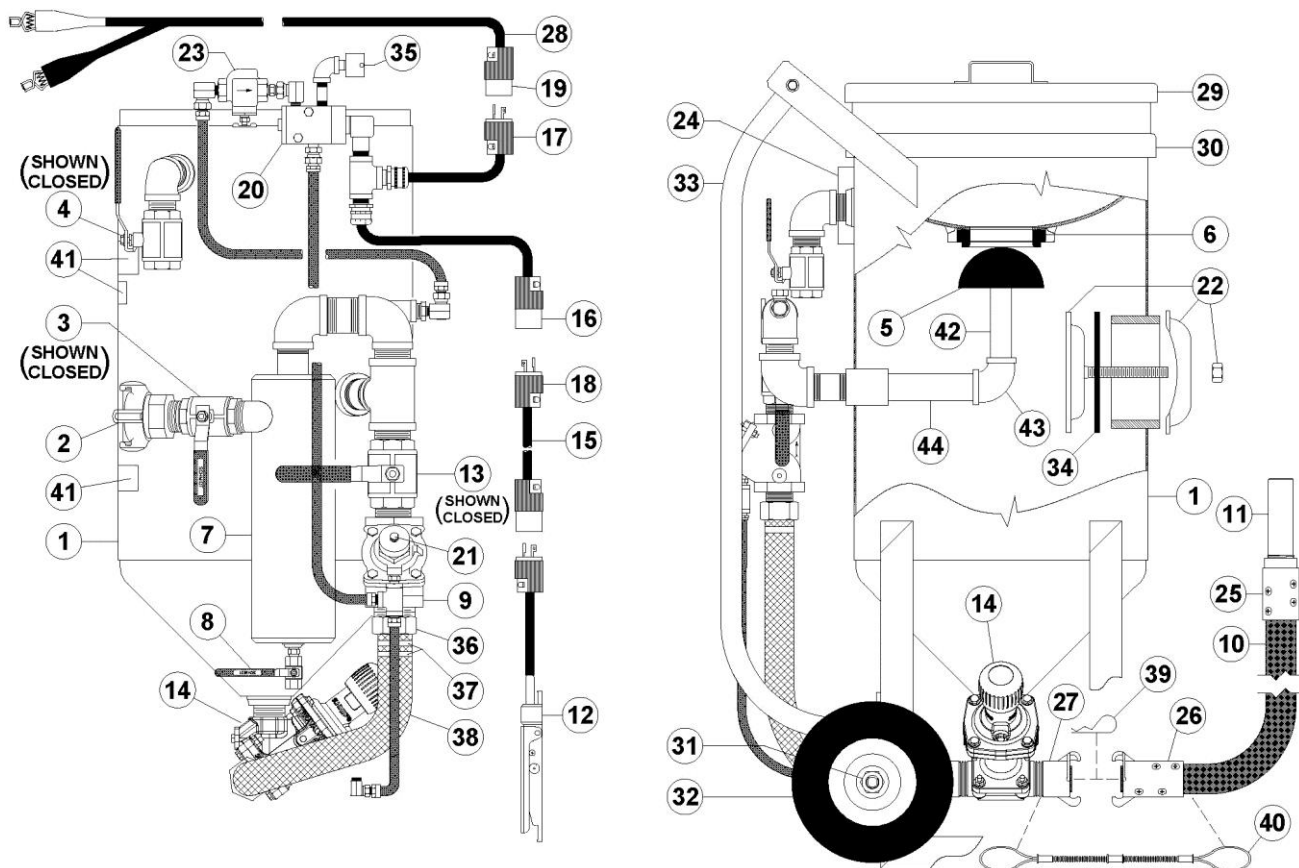


**Figure 8.3 – Hose End Fit up**

- 8.9. **Blast Nozzle(s):** Remove the blast nozzle (#11) daily and check the jacket and thread condition. Check nozzle throat diameter. An over-sized throat diameter reduces blast efficiency. Replace the blast nozzle if worn or damaged.



**Figure 8.4(a) – Tera Valve™ Abrasive Blaster with pneumatic blast controls**



**Figure 8.4(b) – Tera Valve™ Abrasive Blaster with electric blast controls**

- 8.10. **Valves:** Tera Valves™, Automatic air valves, control valves, and deadman valves should be disassembled and inspected quarterly, or more frequently if heavily used. Ball valves should open and close without difficulty and should not leak air. Repair or replace any component that shows signs of wear or damage. Replace parts as needed with Schmidt® original factory replacement parts furnished by an authorized Schmidt distributor. Periodically check if air is leaking from end of blast nozzle when the blast operation is off. A worn Tera Valve seat usually causes this. It is replaced by removing the four bolts in the base of the valve to allow disassembly. Refer to valve drawings in Section 9.0.

**Note:** The Tera Valve cap must be removed for installation and removal on 1.5cf blast vessels.



Depressurize vessel before performing any maintenance. See Section 6.2 and 6.3. Removing the Tera Valve bolts with the abrasive blaster pressurized will result in serious injury or death.



Use of replacement components that are not Schmidt® original factory replacement parts may result in equipment failure which can result in serious personal injury.

- 8.11. **Tera Valve™ Blaster Blowdown Ball Valve:** The blowdown ball valve (#4) is used to depressurize the Tera Valve abrasive blaster pressure vessel (#1). See Figure 8.4(a) and 8.4(b). The blowdown air flow can carry abrasive from inside the pressure vessel which can wear the blowdown ball valve (#4) and piping. This wear will cause the blowdown ball valve (#4) to be difficult to open and/or close, and/or result in the inability to close properly (air leaks), and/or wear of the attaching pipe fittings. If and when any of these conditions develop they will be noticeable during daily blowdown operation. When any malfunction is detected the blowdown ball valve (#4) and attaching fittings should be replaced.



Worn blowdown valve, piping, and pipe fittings can rupture during operation which can cause serious injury or death to operating personnel. Always repair or replace worn or damaged components.

The blowdown ball valve (#4) should be inspected for proper operation before each use of the abrasive blaster. Depressurize the Tera Valve abrasive blaster per Section 6.2 then confirm that the blowdown ball valve handle turns open and closed without difficulty. Difficulty in turning the blowdown ball valve handle indicates grit contamination within the moving parts of the valve. **Note:** Once maintenance is completed as detailed below and the abrasive blaster is re-pressurized, confirm there is no air leakage when the blowdown ball valve (#4) is closed. The ball valve is closed when the handle is fully turned to the position shown in Figure 8.4(a) (handle perpendicular to body). When any malfunction is detected the blowdown ball valve (#4) and attaching fittings should be replaced.

When replacing the blowdown ball valve (#4), also replace the pipe fittings upstream of the valve. These fittings are the 1-1/4" x 3" nipple, 1-1/4" tee, and the 1-1/4" pipe plug (see Figure 8.4(a)).

- 8.12. **Tera Valve™/Combo Blaster Blowdown Hose:** The blowdown hose (#9) that passes through the Combovalve® (#4) is a 3/4" blast hose. Abrasive carry-over will thin the blowdown hose wall and eventually wear a hole through the hose. Excessive thinning will prevent the Combovalve pinch ram from sealing the exhaust flow and result in equipment malfunction. The abrasive carry-over will also wear the pipe fittings upstream. See Figure 6.3. Depressurize the abrasive blaster per Section 6.3 and check hose condition weekly. Replace as needed. When replacing the blowdown hose (#9), also replace the pipe fittings upstream of the hose. These fittings are the 1-1/4" x 3" nipple, 1-1/4" tee, and the 1-1/4" pipe plug (See Figure 6.3).
- 8.13. **PPE:** Check daily to verify that all personal protective equipment is available for each blast operator. Check daily to verify that all personal protective equipment is in good operating condition. Consult the operating and maintenance instructions provided by the manufacturer of each PPE item. See Section 3.10 and reference OSHA 29 CFR 1910 Subpart I.



Failure to use personal protective equipment could result in serious injury or death.

- 8.14. **Warning Decals:** Check monthly to verify that all the warning decals are in position and legible. See Section 0.0 for full descriptions and locations.



Failure to maintain warning decals risks the possibility of not alerting the abrasive blaster operator to potential dangers which can result in serious injury or death. See Section 0.0.

- 8.15. **Handway Assembly:** Refer to Section 6.4 for installation and inspection procedures.
- 8.16. **Moisture Separator and Strainer:** With the air supply on, once a day completely open the moisture separator drain ball valve (#8) and the control air strainer petcock (#23) to purge all moisture and debris. Purge for about one minute then close the ball valve and petcock.

### 8.17 *Maintenance Schedules Quick Reference Charts*

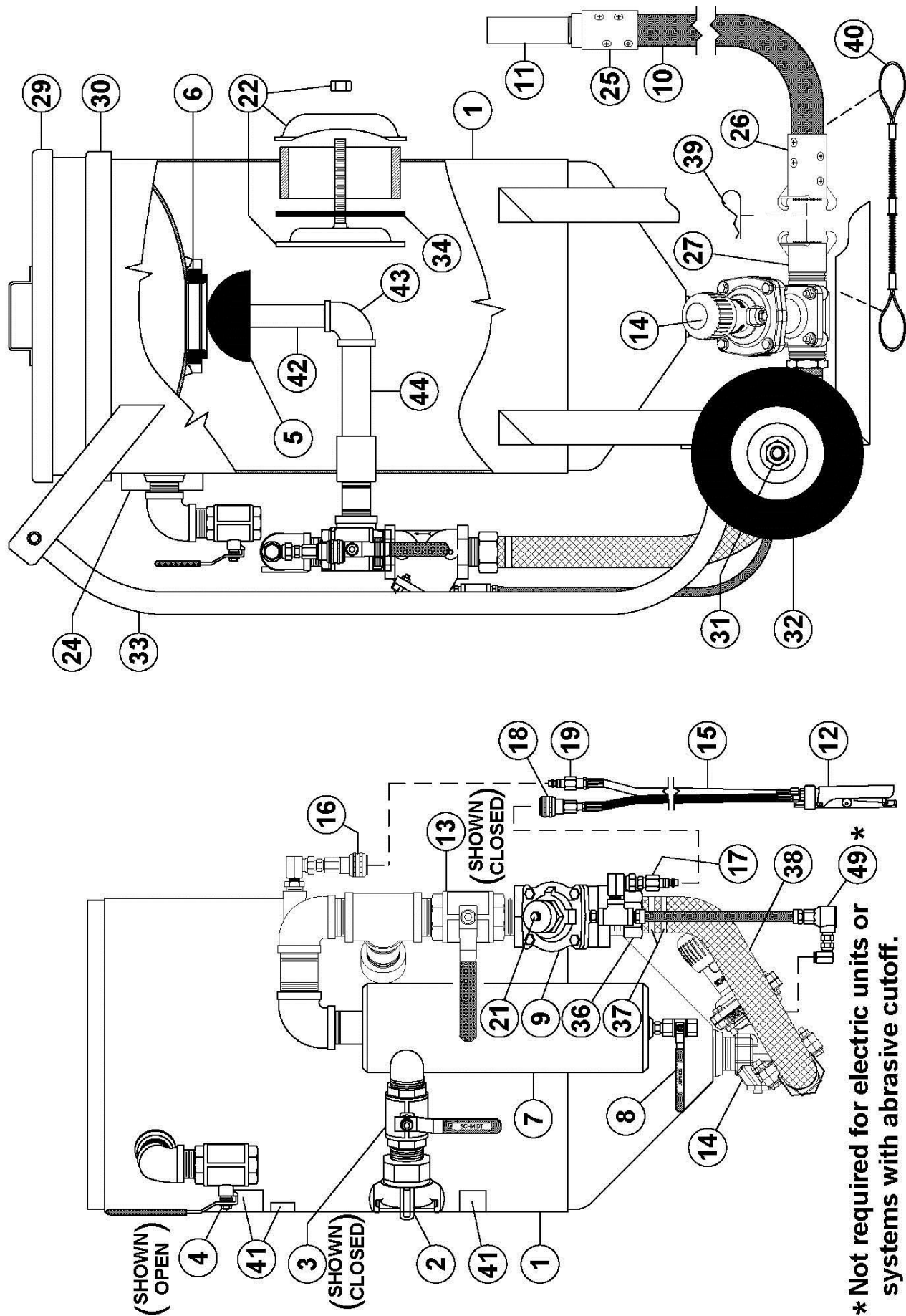
**Note:** The below schedule is the minimum requirements for inspection and maintenance; however, the equipment should be inspected and serviced immediately if abnormal operation is detected.

| SMALL POT ABRASIVE BLASTER MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE |                                                                                                                        |                                                   |        |         |           |
|-------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|--------|---------|-----------|
| Item                                            | Maintenance required                                                                                                   | Daily                                             | Weekly | Monthly | Quarterly |
| Blaster Vessel                                  | Hydrostatic Test<br>See Section 8.1                                                                                    | As required by state law and/or local authorities |        |         |           |
| Blaster Vessel                                  | Check for exterior damage (corrosion, dents, bulges).<br>See Section 8.2                                               |                                                   | X      |         |           |
| Blaster Vessel                                  | Check for interior wear, corrosion, & pitting.<br>Check internal piping for wear or damage.<br>See Section 8.3         |                                                   |        |         | X         |
| Popup                                           | Check sealing surfaces, alignment and gasket to popup gap.<br>See Section 8.4                                          |                                                   | X      |         |           |
| Blast & Air Hoses                               | Check air & blast hoses for soft spots, wear, cracks, or air leaks<br>See Section 8.6                                  | X                                                 |        |         |           |
| Remote Control Hoses                            | Check control air hoses for soft spots, wear, cracks, or air leaks<br>See Section 8.6                                  | X                                                 |        |         |           |
| Blaster Piping & Pipe Fittings                  | Check pipe & pipe fittings for wear, cracks, or air leaks<br>See Section 8.6                                           | X                                                 |        |         |           |
| Remote Control Wires                            | Check wiring for bare spots, fraying, cuts, or cracks<br>See Section 8.6                                               | X                                                 |        |         |           |
| Blast & Air Hose Couplings                      | Check for safety pins and whip checks<br>See Section 8.7                                                               | X                                                 |        |         |           |
| Hose Coupling Gaskets                           | Check for leaks at the air, blast, and threaded hose coupling gaskets<br>See Section 8.8                               | X                                                 |        |         |           |
| Blast Nozzle                                    | Check blast nozzle threads and jacket for wear, damage, or air leaks.<br>See Section 8.9                               | X                                                 |        |         |           |
| Valves                                          | Disassemble, inspect, and lubricate.<br>Check for proper operation.<br>See Section 8.10                                |                                                   |        |         | X         |
| Blowdown Ball Valve                             | Check for proper opening and closing.<br>Check for wear, damage, or air leaks.<br>See Section 8.11                     | Before every use                                  |        |         |           |
| Combovalve® Blowdown Hose                       | Check blowdown hose for wear or thinning.<br>Check pipe tee, plug, and nipple for wear.<br>See Section 8.12            |                                                   | X      |         |           |
| Personal Protective Equipment                   | Check for presence and condition of all personal protective equipment.<br>See Sections 3.10 and 8.13                   | X                                                 |        |         |           |
| Warning Decals                                  | Check for presence and condition of all warning decals.<br>See Sections 0.0 and 8.14                                   |                                                   |        | X       |           |
| Handway Assembly                                | Check gasket for wear, cracking, or dry rotting.<br>Check sealing surfaces for damage.<br>See Sections 6.4 and 8.15.   |                                                   |        | X       |           |
| Moisture Separator & Strainer                   | Fully open moisture separator drain ball valve and strainer petcock to purge moisture and debris.<br>See Section 8.16. | X                                                 |        |         |           |

## **9.0 Drawings and Parts Lists**

**The following pages contain drawings representing typical blast control systems and components. Determine the type of control system the abrasive blast system is equipped with (pneumatic or electric controls) then reference the appropriate drawing and parts list to determine the required parts. To insure the proper operation of the blast system only use Schmidt® original factory replacement parts furnished by an authorized Schmidt distributor. See Section 1.38 and Section 12.2.12.**

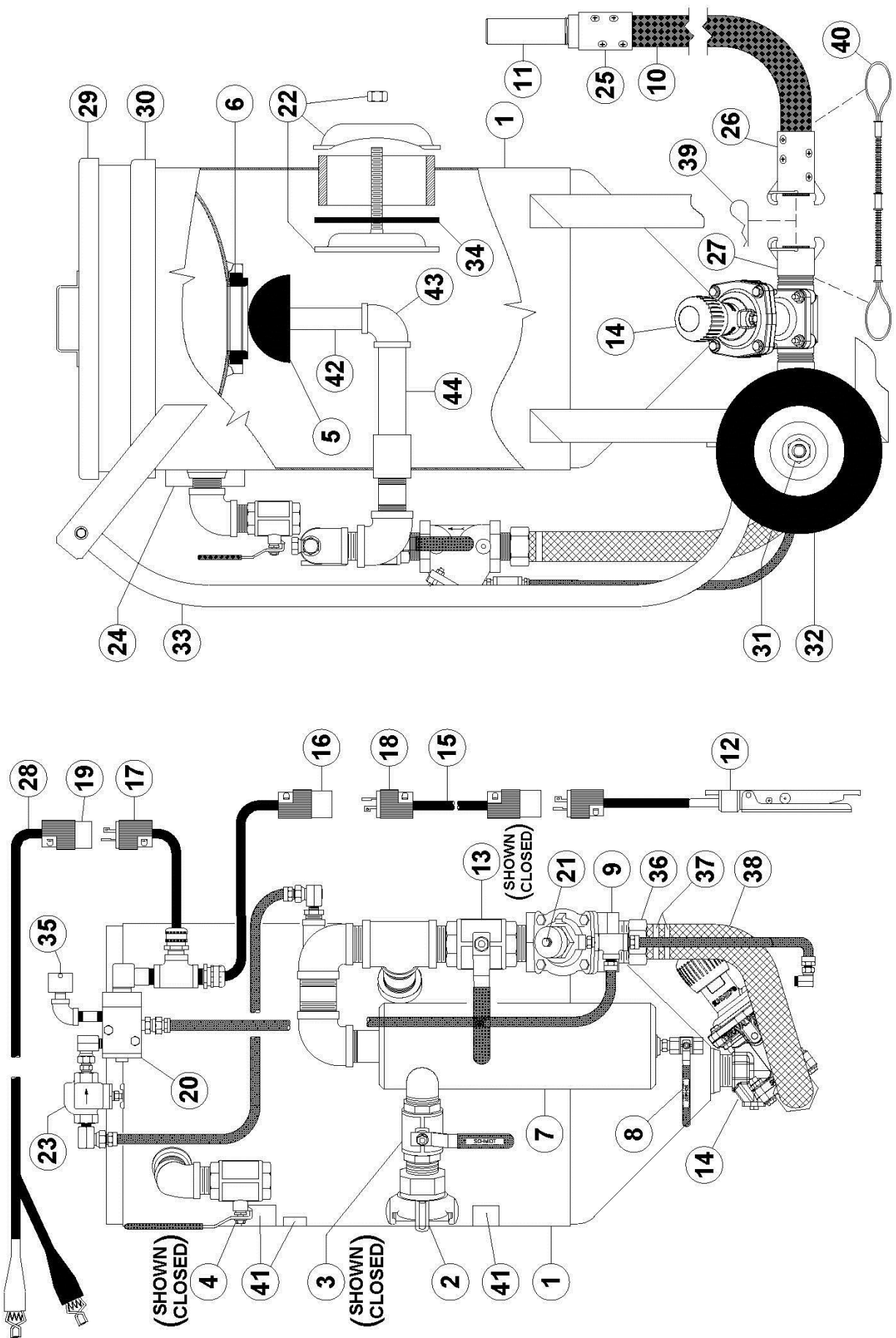
## 9.1(a) Tera Valve™ Blaster Pneumatic Control System (3.5 - 20 cu. ft.)



# 9.1(b) Tera Valve™ Blaster Pneumatic Control Parts List (3.5 - 20 cu. ft.)

| 1" Tera Valve Piping |              |                                         | 1 1/4" Tera Valve Piping |              |                                         | 1 1/2" Tera Valve Piping |              |                                         |
|----------------------|--------------|-----------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|-----------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|-----------------------------------------|
| ITEM                 | PART NUMBER  | DESCRIPTION                             | ITEM                     | PART NUMBER  | DESCRIPTION                             | ITEM                     | PART NUMBER  | DESCRIPTION                             |
| 1                    | 1021-003-01C | Pressure vessel, 3.5cf (150 psi)        | 1                        | 1021-003-01C | Pressure vessel, 6.5cf (150 psi)        | 1                        | 1021-003-01C | Pressure vessel, 3.5cf (150 psi)        |
|                      | 1021-006-01C | Pressure vessel, 6.5cf (150 psi)        |                          | 1021-006-01C | Pressure vessel, 10cf (150 psi)         |                          | 1021-006-01C | Pressure vessel, 6.5cf (150 psi)        |
|                      | 1022-010-01C | Pressure vessel, 10cf (150 psi)         |                          | 1022-010-01C | Pressure vessel, 20cf (150 psi)         |                          | 1022-010-01C | Pressure vessel, 10cf (150 psi)         |
| 2                    | 4208-106     | Crowfoot, 1" 2-lug with gasket          | 2                        | 4211-107     | Crowfoot, 1 1/4" 4-lug with gasket      | 2                        | 4211-108     | Crowfoot, 1 1/2" 4-lug                  |
|                      | 4209-999     | Crowfoot gasket                         |                          | 4211-999     | Crowfoot gasket                         |                          | 4211-999     | Crowfoot gasket                         |
| 3                    | 2401-506     | Air inlet ball valve, 1"                | 3                        | 2401-507     | Air inlet ball valve, 1 1/4"            | 3                        | 2401-508     | Air inlet ball valve, 1 1/2"            |
| 4                    | 2401-508     | Blowdown ball valve, 1"                 | 4                        | 2401-508     | Blowdown ball valve, 1"                 | 4                        | 2401-508     | Blowdown ball valve, 1"                 |
| 5                    | 2100-010     | PopUp Head (See Section 9.11)           | 5                        | 2100-010     | PopUp Head (See Section 9.11)           | 5                        | 2100-010     | PopUp Head (See Section 9.11)           |
| 6                    | 2100-011     | PopUp Gasket (See Section 9.11)         | 6                        | 2100-011     | PopUp Gasket (See Section 9.11)         | 6                        | 2100-011     | PopUp Gasket (See Section 9.11)         |
| 7                    | 1200-006P    | Moisture Separator, 1"                  | 7                        | 1200-007P    | Moisture Separator, 1 1/4"              | 7                        | 1200-009P    | Moisture Separator, 1 1/2"              |
| 8                    | 2401-502     | Drain Ball Valve, 1"                    | 8                        | 2401-502     | Drain Ball Valve, 1 1/4"                | 8                        | 2401-502     | Drain Ball Valve, 1 1/2"                |
| 9                    | 2123-106     | Automatic Air Valve (See Section 9.5)   | 9                        | 2123-107     | Automatic Air Valve (See Section 9.5)   | 9                        | 2123-108     | Automatic Air Valve (See Section 9.5)   |
| 10                   | 4104-XXX-XX  | Blast hose assembly (specify size)      | 10                       | 4104-XXX-XX  | Blast hose assembly (specify size)      | 10                       | 4104-XXX-XX  | Blast hose assembly (specify size)      |
| 11                   | 5000-XXX     | Blast nozzle (specify size)             | 11                       | 5000-XXX     | Blast nozzle (specify size)             | 11                       | 5000-XXX     | Blast nozzle (specify size)             |
| 12                   | 2263-002     | G2 Deadman valve (See Section 9.8)      | 12                       | 2263-002     | G2 Deadman valve (See Section 9.8)      | 12                       | 2263-002     | G2 Deadman valve (See Section 9.8)      |
| 13                   | 2401-506     | Choke ball valve, 1"                    | 13                       | 2401-507     | Choke ball valve, 1 1/4"                | 13                       | 2401-508     | Choke ball valve, 1 1/2"                |
| 14                   | 2130-006     | Tera Valve™, TC 1" (Section 9.10)       | 14                       | 2130-007     | Tera Valve™, TC 1 1/4" (Section 9.10)   | 14                       | 2130-008     | Tera Valve™, TC 1 1/2" (Section 9.10)   |
| 15                   | 4100-501     | Twinline hose assembly, 55 ft           | 15                       | 4100-501     | Twinline hose assembly, 55 ft           | 15                       | 4100-501     | Twinline hose assembly, 55 ft           |
|                      | 4100-701     | Twinline hose assembly, 110 ft          |                          | 4100-701     | Twinline hose assembly, 110 ft          |                          | 4100-701     | Twinline hose assembly, 110 ft          |
| 16                   | 4224-301-02  | Female quick connect, 1/4"              | 16                       | 4224-301-02  | Female quick connect, 1/4"              | 16                       | 4224-301-02  | Female quick connect, 1/4"              |
| 17                   | 4224-300-02  | Male quick connect, 1/4"                | 17                       | 4224-300-02  | Male quick connect, 1/4"                | 17                       | 4224-300-02  | Male quick connect, 1/4"                |
| 18                   | 4224-300-02  | Male quick connect, 1/4"                | 18                       | 4224-300-02  | Male quick connect, 1/4"                | 18                       | 4224-300-02  | Male quick connect, 1/4"                |
| 19                   | 4224-301-02  | Female quick connect, 1/4"              | 19                       | 4224-301-02  | Female quick connect, 1/4"              | 19                       | 4224-301-02  | Female quick connect, 1/4"              |
| 20                   | 2014-300     | Breather vent, 1/8"                     | 20                       | 2014-300     | Breather vent, 1/8"                     | 20                       | 2014-300     | Breather vent, 1/8"                     |
| 21                   | 2014-300     | Breather vent, 1/8"                     | 21                       | 2014-300     | Breather vent, 1/8"                     | 21                       | 2014-300     | Breather vent, 1/8"                     |
| 22                   | 7000-001-11  | Handway assembly, 8" x 8" with gasket   | 22                       | 7000-001-11  | Handway assembly, 8" x 8" with gasket   | 22                       | 7000-001-11  | Handway assembly, 8" x 8" with gasket   |
| 23                   | -----        | -----                                   | 23                       | -----        | -----                                   | 23                       | -----        | -----                                   |
| 24                   | -----        | Pressure vessel nameplate               | 24                       | -----        | Pressure vessel nameplate               | 24                       | -----        | Pressure vessel nameplate               |
| 25                   | 4215-XXX     | Nozzle holder (specify size)            | 25                       | 4215-XXX     | Nozzle holder (specify size)            | 25                       | 4215-XXX     | Nozzle holder (specify size)            |
| 26                   | 4213-XXX     | Blast hose coupling (specify size)      | 26                       | 4213-XXX     | Blast hose coupling (specify size)      | 26                       | 4213-XXX     | Blast hose coupling (specify size)      |
| 27                   | 4214-108     | Threaded coupling, 1-1/2" with gasket   | 27                       | 4214-107     | Threaded coupling, 1-1/4" with gasket   | 27                       | 4214-108     | Threaded coupling, 1-1/2" with gasket   |
|                      | 4214-999     | Coupling gasket                         |                          | 4214-999     | Coupling gasket                         |                          | 4214-999     | Coupling gasket                         |
| 28                   | 5010-XXX     | Lid, (specify size)                     | 28                       | 5010-XXX     | Lid, (specify size)                     | 28                       | 5010-XXX     | Lid, (specify size)                     |
| 29                   | 5011-XXX     | Screen, (1/4" mesh) (specify size)      | 29                       | 5011-XXX     | Screen, (1/4" mesh) (specify size)      | 29                       | 5011-XXX     | Screen, (1/4" mesh) (specify size)      |
| 30                   | 5011-XXX     | Screen, (1/4" mesh) (specify size)      | 30                       | 5011-XXX     | Screen, (1/4" mesh) (specify size)      | 30                       | 5011-XXX     | Screen, (1/4" mesh) (specify size)      |
| 31                   | 7040-003     | Axle, 3.5 cu. ft.                       | 31                       | 7040-003     | Axle, 3.5 cu. ft.                       | 31                       | 7040-003     | Axle, 3.5 cu. ft.                       |
|                      | 7019-519     | Nylock nut, 3/4" (3.5cf/10cf secondary) |                          | 7019-519     | Nylock nut, 3/4" (3.5cf/10cf secondary) |                          | 7019-519     | Nylock nut, 3/4" (3.5cf/10cf secondary) |
|                      | 7040-006     | Axle, 6.5cf/10cf                        |                          | 7040-006     | Axle, 6.5cf/10cf                        |                          | 7040-006     | Axle, 6.5cf/10cf                        |
|                      | 7040-006-02  | Axle, 10cf secondary                    |                          | 7040-006-02  | Axle, 10cf secondary                    |                          | 7040-006-02  | Axle, 10cf secondary                    |
|                      | 7019-527     | Nylock nut, 1" (6.5cf/10cf)             |                          | 7019-527     | Nylock nut, 1" (6.5cf/10cf)             |                          | 7019-527     | Nylock nut, 1" (6.5cf/10cf)             |
|                      | -----        | not available for 20cf                  |                          | -----        | not available for 20cf                  |                          | -----        | not available for 20cf                  |
| 32                   | 7046-003     | Wheel, 3.5cf/10cf secondary             | 32                       | 7046-003     | Wheel, 3.5cf/10cf secondary             | 32                       | 7046-003     | Wheel, 3.5cf/10cf secondary             |
|                      | 7046-006     | Wheel, 6.5cf/10cf                       |                          | 7046-006     | Wheel, 6.5cf/10cf                       |                          | 7046-006     | Wheel, 6.5cf/10cf                       |
|                      | -----        | not available for 20cf                  |                          | -----        | not available for 20cf                  |                          | -----        | not available for 20cf                  |
| 33                   | 7002-000     | Universal load skid, 3.5cf/6.5cf        | 33                       | 7002-000     | Universal load skid, 3.5cf/6.5cf        | 33                       | 7002-000     | Universal load skid, 3.5cf/6.5cf        |
|                      | -----        | not available for 10cf                  |                          | -----        | not available for 10cf                  |                          | -----        | not available for 10cf                  |
|                      | -----        | not available for 20cf                  |                          | -----        | not available for 20cf                  |                          | -----        | not available for 20cf                  |
| 34                   | 7000-001-18  | Handway gasket 6" x 8" (SureFit™)       | 34                       | 7000-001-18  | Handway gasket 6" x 8" (SureFit™)       | 34                       | 7000-001-18  | Handway gasket 6" x 8" (SureFit™)       |
| 35                   | -----        | -----                                   | 35                       | -----        | -----                                   | 35                       | -----        | -----                                   |
| 36                   | 4205-106     | Swivel insert, 1" with gasket           | 36                       | 4205-107     | Swivel Insert, 1 1/4" with gasket       | 36                       | 4205-108     | Swivel Insert, 1 1/2" with gasket       |
|                      | 4205-106-99  | Insert gasket                           |                          | 4205-107-99  | Insert gasket                           |                          | 4205-108-99  | Insert gasket                           |
| 37                   | 4235-006     | Hose clamp, double bolt 1"              | 37                       | 4235-007     | Hose clamp, double bolt 1 1/4"          | 37                       | 4235-008     | Hose clamp, double bolt 1 1/2"          |
| 38                   | 4102-006     | Air hose, 1"                            | 38                       | 4102-007     | Air hose, 1 1/4"                        | 38                       | 4102-008     | Air hose, 1 1/2"                        |
| 39                   | 7119-002     | Safety pin, airblast hose coupling      | 39                       | 7119-002     | Safety pin, airblast hose coupling      | 39                       | 7119-002     | Safety pin, airblast hose coupling      |
| 40                   | 8710-98778   | Hose whip check (safety cable)          | 40                       | 8710-98778   | Hose whip check (safety cable)          | 40                       | 8710-98778   | Hose whip check (safety cable)          |
| 41                   | 7031-999-02  | Warning decal kit                       | 41                       | 7031-999-02  | Warning decal kit                       | 41                       | 7031-999-02  | Warning decal kit                       |
| 42                   | 3030-006-XX  | Pop-Up Nipple (See Section 9.11)        | 42                       | 3030-006-XX  | Pop-Up Nipple (See Section 9.11)        | 42                       | 3030-006-XX  | Pop-Up Nipple (See Section 9.11)        |
| 43                   | 3010-00X-XX  | Red Elbow 90° (See Section 9.11)        | 43                       | 3010-00X-XX  | Red Elbow 90° (See Section 9.11)        | 43                       | 3010-00X-XX  | Red Elbow 90° (See Section 9.11)        |
| 44                   | 3029-00X-XX  | Nipple TBE (See Section 9.11)           | 44                       | 3029-00X-XX  | Nipple TBE (See Section 9.11)           | 44                       | 3029-00X-XX  | Nipple TBE (See Section 9.11)           |
| 49                   | 2509-002     | Quick Exhaust Valve, 1/4" NPT           | 49                       | 2509-002     | Quick Exhaust Valve, 1/4" NPT           | 49                       | 2509-002     | Quick Exhaust Valve, 1/4" NPT           |

## 9.2(a) Tera Valve™ Blaster Electric Control System (3.5 - 20 cu. ft.)



## 9.2(b) Tera Valve™ Blaster Electric Control Parts List (3.5 - 20 cu. ft.)

1" Tera Valve Piping

| ITEM | PART NUMBER  | DESCRIPTION                             |
|------|--------------|-----------------------------------------|
| 1    | 1021-003-01C | Pressure vessel, 3.5cf (150 psi)        |
|      | 1021-006-01C | Pressure vessel, 6.5cf (150 psi)        |
|      | 1022-010-01C | Pressure vessel, 10cf (150 psi)         |
|      | 1022-020C    | Pressure vessel, 20cf (150 psi)         |
| 2    | 4208-106     | Crowfoot, 1" 2-lug with gasket          |
|      | 4209-999     | Crowfoot gasket                         |
| 3    | 2401-506     | Air inlet ball valve, 1"                |
| 4    | 2401-506     | Blowdown ball valve, 1"                 |
| 5    | 2100-010     | PopUp Head (See Section 9.11)           |
| 6    | 2100-011     | PopUp Gasket (See Section 9.11)         |
| 7    | 1200-006P    | Moisture Separator, 1"                  |
| 8    | 2401-502     | Drain Ball Valve, 1/4"                  |
| 9    | 2123-106     | Automatic Air Valve (See Section 9.5)   |
| 10   | 4104-XXX-XX  | Blast hose assembly (specify size)      |
| 11   | 5000-XXX     | Blast nozzle (specify size)             |
| 12   | 2263-402     | Electric G2 Deadman (See Section 9.9)   |
| 13   | 2401-506     | Choke ball valve, 1"                    |
| 14   | 2130-006     | Tera Valve™ TC 1" (Section 9.10)        |
| 15   | 7074-055     | Extension cord, 55 ft                   |
|      | 7074-110     | Extension cord, 110 ft                  |
| 16   | 7109-300     | Female connector, 3-prong twist-lock    |
| 17   | 7109-301     | Male plug, 3-prong twist-lock           |
| 18   | 7109-301     | Male plug, 3-prong twist-lock           |
| 19   | 7109-300     | Female connector, 3-prong twist-lock    |
| 20   | 2229-100     | Control valve, 12VDC (See Section 9.7)  |
| 21   | 7112-000     | Power tee, 12VDV w/coil & connectors    |
| 21   | 2014-300     | Breather vent, 1/8"                     |
| 22   | 7000-001-11  | Handway assembly, 6" x 8" with gasket   |
| 23   | 2301-902-90  | Strainer, 1/4" 90 micron                |
| 24   | -----        | Pressure vessel nameplate               |
| 25   | 4215-XXX     | Nozzle holder (specify size)            |
| 26   | 4213-XXX     | Blast hose coupling (specify size)      |
| 27   | 4214-108     | Threaded coupling, 1-1/2" with gasket   |
|      | 4214-999     | Coupling gasket                         |
| 28   | 7072-012     | Power cord, 25ft w/ alligator clips     |
| 29   | 5010-XXX     | Lid, (specify size)                     |
| 30   | 5011-XXX     | Screen, (1/4" mesh) (specify size)      |
| 31   | 7040-003     | Axle, 3.5cf                             |
|      | 7019-519     | Nylock nut, 3/4" (3.5cf/10cf secondary) |
|      | 7040-006     | Axle, 6.5cf/10cf                        |
|      | 7040-006-02  | Axle, 10cf secondary                    |
|      | 7019-527     | Nylock nut, 1" (6.5cf/10cf)             |
|      | -----        | not available for 20cf                  |
| 32   | 7046-003     | Wheel, 3.5cf/10cf secondary             |
|      | 7046-006     | Wheel, 6.5cf/10cf                       |
|      | -----        | not available for 20 cu.ft.             |
| 33   | 7002-000     | Universal load skid, 3.5cf/6.5cf        |
|      | -----        | not available for 10cf                  |
|      | -----        | not available for 20cf                  |
| 34   | 7000-001-18  | Handway gasket 6" x 8" (SureFit™)       |
| 35   | 2013-402     | Dust eliminator, 1/4"                   |
| 36   | 4205-106     | Swivel insert, 1" with gasket           |
|      | 4205-106-99  | Insert gasket                           |
| 37   | 4235-006     | Hose clamp, double bolt 1"              |
| 38   | 4102-006     | Air hose, 1"                            |
| 39   | 7119-002     | Safety pin, airblast hose coupling      |
| 40   | 8710-98778   | Hose whip check (safety cable)          |
| 41   | 7031-989-02  | Warning decal kit                       |
| 42   | 3030-006-XX  | Pop-Up Nipple (See Section 9.11)        |
| 43   | 3010-00X-XX  | Reducing Elbow (See Section 9.11)       |
| 44   | 3029-006-14  | Nipple TBE (See Section 9.11)           |

1 1/4" Tera Valve Piping

| ITEM | PART NUMBER  | DESCRIPTION                             |
|------|--------------|-----------------------------------------|
| 1    | 1021-003-01C | Pressure vessel, 3.5cf (150 psi)        |
|      | 1021-006-01C | Pressure vessel, 6.5cf (150 psi)        |
|      | 1022-010-01C | Pressure vessel, 10cf (150 psi)         |
|      | 1022-020C    | Pressure vessel, 20cf (150 psi)         |
| 2    | 4211-107     | Crowfoot, 1-1/4" 4-lug with gasket      |
|      | 4211-999     | Crowfoot gasket                         |
| 3    | 2401-507     | Air inlet ball valve, 1-1/4"            |
| 4    | 2401-506     | Blowdown ball valve, 1"                 |
| 5    | 2100-010     | PopUp Head (See Section 9.11)           |
| 6    | 2100-011     | PopUp Gasket (See Section 9.11)         |
| 7    | 1200-007P    | Moisture Separator, 1-1/4"              |
| 8    | 2401-502     | Drain Ball Valve, 1/4"                  |
| 9    | 2123-107     | Automatic Air Valve (See Section 9.5)   |
| 10   | 4104-XXX-XX  | Blast hose assembly (specify size)      |
| 11   | 5000-XXX     | Blast nozzle (specify size)             |
| 12   | 2263-402     | Electric G2 Deadman (See Section 9.9)   |
| 13   | 2401-507     | Choke ball valve, 1-1/4"                |
| 14   | 2130-007     | Tera Valve™ TC 1-1/4" (Section 9.10)    |
| 15   | 7074-055     | Extension cord, 55 ft                   |
|      | 7074-110     | Extension cord, 110 ft                  |
| 16   | 7109-300     | Female connector, 3-prong twist-lock    |
| 17   | 7109-301     | Male plug, 3-prong twist-lock           |
| 18   | 7109-301     | Male plug, 3-prong twist-lock           |
| 19   | 7109-300     | Female connector, 3-prong twist-lock    |
| 20   | 2229-100     | Control valve, 12VDC (See Section 9.7)  |
| 21   | 7112-000     | Power tee, 12VDV w/coil & connectors    |
| 21   | 2014-300     | Breather vent, 1/8"                     |
| 22   | 7000-001-11  | Handway assembly, 6" x 8" with gasket   |
| 23   | 2301-902-90  | Strainer, 1/4" 90 micron                |
| 24   | -----        | Pressure vessel nameplate               |
| 25   | 4215-XXX     | Nozzle holder (specify size)            |
| 26   | 4213-XXX     | Blast hose coupling (specify size)      |
| 27   | 4214-107     | Threaded coupling, 1-1/4" with gasket   |
|      | 4214-999     | Coupling gasket                         |
| 28   | 7072-012     | Power cord, 25ft w/ alligator clips     |
| 29   | 5010-XXX     | Lid, (specify size)                     |
| 30   | 5011-XXX     | Screen, (1/4" mesh) (specify size)      |
| 31   | 7040-003     | Axle, 3.5cf                             |
|      | 7019-519     | Nylock nut, 3/4" (3.5cf/10cf secondary) |
|      | 7040-006     | Axle, 6.5cf/10cf                        |
|      | 7040-006-02  | Axle, 10cf secondary                    |
|      | 7019-527     | Nylock nut, 1" (6.5cf/10cf)             |
|      | -----        | not available for 20cf                  |
| 32   | 7046-003     | Wheel, 3.5cf/10cf secondary             |
|      | 7046-006     | Wheel, 6.5cf/10cf                       |
|      | -----        | not available for 20 cu.ft.             |
| 33   | 7002-000     | Universal load skid, 3.5cf/6.5cf        |
|      | -----        | not available for 10cf                  |
|      | -----        | not available for 20cf                  |
| 34   | 7000-001-18  | Handway gasket 6" x 8" (SureFit™)       |
| 35   | 2013-402     | Dust eliminator, 1/4"                   |
| 36   | 4205-107     | Swivel Insert, 1 1/4" with gasket       |
|      | 4205-107-99  | Insert gasket                           |
| 37   | 4235-007     | Hose clamp, double bolt 1 1/4"          |
| 38   | 4102-007     | Air hose, 1-1/4"                        |
| 39   | 7119-002     | Safety pin, airblast hose coupling      |
| 40   | 8710-98778   | Hose whip check (safety cable)          |
| 41   | 7031-989-02  | Warning decal kit                       |
| 42   | 3030-006-XX  | Pop-Up Nipple (See Section 9.11)        |
| 43   | 3010-00X-XX  | Reducing Elbow (See Section 9.11)       |
| 44   | 3029-007-28  | Nipple TBE (See Section 9.11)           |

1 1/2" Tera Valve Piping

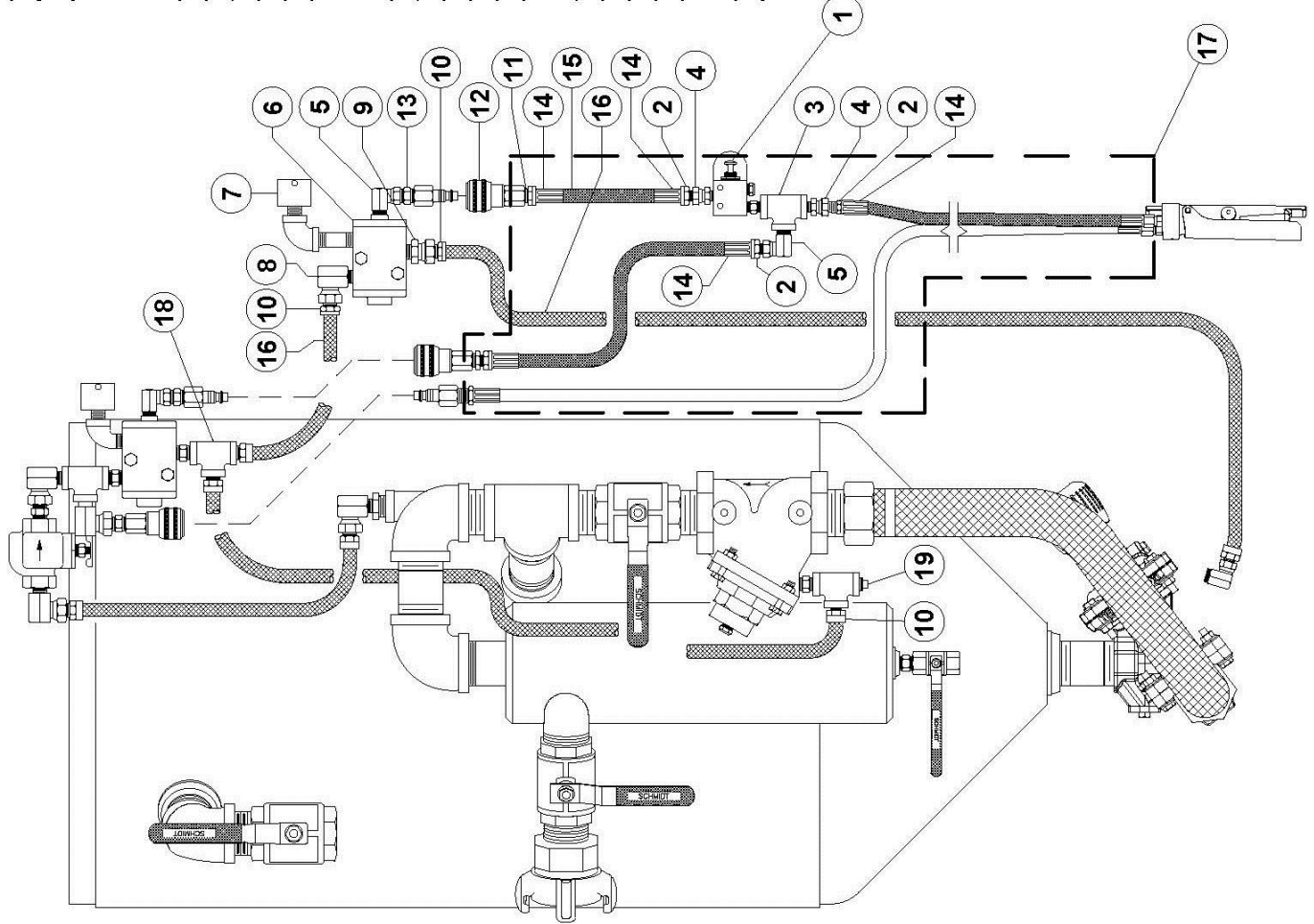
| ITEM | PART NUMBER  | DESCRIPTION                             |
|------|--------------|-----------------------------------------|
| 1    | 1021-003-01C | Pressure vessel, 3.5cf (150 psi)        |
|      | 1021-006-01C | Pressure vessel, 6.5cf (150 psi)        |
|      | 1022-010-01C | Pressure vessel, 10cf (150 psi)         |
|      | 1022-020C    | Pressure vessel, 20cf (150 psi)         |
| 2    | 4211-108     | Crowfoot, 1 1/2" 4-lug with gasket      |
|      | 4211-999     | Crowfoot gasket                         |
| 3    | 2401-508     | Air inlet ball valve, 1-1/2"            |
| 4    | 2401-506     | Blowdown ball valve, 1"                 |
| 5    | 2100-010     | PopUp Head (See Section 9.11)           |
| 6    | 2100-011     | PopUp Gasket (See Section 9.11)         |
| 7    | 1200-008P    | Moisture Separator, 1-1/2"              |
| 8    | 2401-502     | Drain Ball Valve, 1/4"                  |
| 9    | 2123-108     | Automatic Air Valve (See Section 9.5)   |
| 10   | 4104-XXX-XX  | Blast hose assembly (specify size)      |
| 11   | 5000-XXX     | Blast nozzle (specify size)             |
| 12   | 2263-402     | Electric G2 Deadman (See Section 9.9)   |
| 13   | 2401-508     | Choke ball valve, 1-1/2"                |
| 14   | 2130-008     | Tera Valve™ TC 1-1/2" (Section 9.10)    |
| 15   | 7074-055     | Extension cord, 55 ft                   |
|      | 7074-110     | Extension cord, 110 ft                  |
| 16   | 7109-300     | Female connector, 3-prong twist-lock    |
| 17   | 7109-301     | Male plug, 3-prong twist-lock           |
| 18   | 7109-301     | Male plug, 3-prong twist-lock           |
| 19   | 7109-300     | Female connector, 3-prong twist-lock    |
| 20   | 2229-100     | Control valve, 12VDC (See Section 9.7)  |
| 21   | 7112-000     | Power tee, 12VDV w/coil & connectors    |
| 21   | 2014-300     | Breather vent, 1/8"                     |
| 22   | 7000-001-11  | Handway assembly, 6" x 8" with gasket   |
| 23   | 2301-902-90  | Strainer, 1/4" 90 micron                |
| 24   | -----        | Pressure vessel nameplate               |
| 25   | 4215-XXX     | Nozzle holder (specify size)            |
| 26   | 4213-XXX     | Blast hose coupling (specify size)      |
| 27   | 4214-108     | Threaded coupling, 1-1/2" with gasket   |
|      | 4214-999     | Coupling gasket                         |
| 28   | 7072-012     | Power cord, 25ft w/ alligator clips     |
| 29   | 5010-XXX     | Lid, (specify size)                     |
| 30   | 5011-XXX     | Screen, (1/4" mesh) (specify size)      |
| 31   | 7040-003     | Axle, 3.5cf                             |
|      | 7019-519     | Nylock nut, 3/4" (3.5cf/10cf secondary) |
|      | 7040-006     | Axle, 6.5cf/10cf                        |
|      | 7040-006-02  | Axle, 10cf secondary                    |
|      | 7019-527     | Nylock nut, 1" (6.5cf/10cf)             |
|      | -----        | not available for 20cf                  |
| 32   | 7046-003     | Wheel, 3.5cf/10cf secondary             |
|      | 7046-006     | Wheel, 6.5cf/10cf                       |
|      | -----        | not available for 20 cu.ft.             |
| 33   | 7002-000     | Universal load skid, 3.5cf/6.5cf        |
|      | -----        | not available for 10cf                  |
|      | -----        | not available for 20cf                  |
| 34   | 7000-001-18  | Handway gasket 6" x 8" (SureFit™)       |
| 35   | 2013-402     | Dust eliminator, 1/4"                   |
| 36   | 4205-108     | Swivel Insert, 1-1/2" with gasket       |
|      | 4205-108-99  | Insert gasket                           |
| 37   | 4235-008     | Hose clamp, double bolt 1-1/2"          |
| 38   | 4102-008     | Air hose 1-1/2"                         |
| 39   | 7119-002     | Safety pin, airblast hose coupling      |
| 40   | 8710-98778   | Hose whip check (safety cable)          |
| 41   | 7031-989-02  | Warning decal kit                       |
| 42   | 3030-006-XX  | Pop-Up Nipple (See Section 9.11)        |
| 43   | 3010-00X-XX  | Reducing Elbow (See Section 9.11)       |
| 44   | 3029-007-19  | Nipple TBE (See Section 9.11)           |

9.3(a) Tera Valve™ Abrasive Blaster Remote Abrasive Cutoff (Pneumatic)

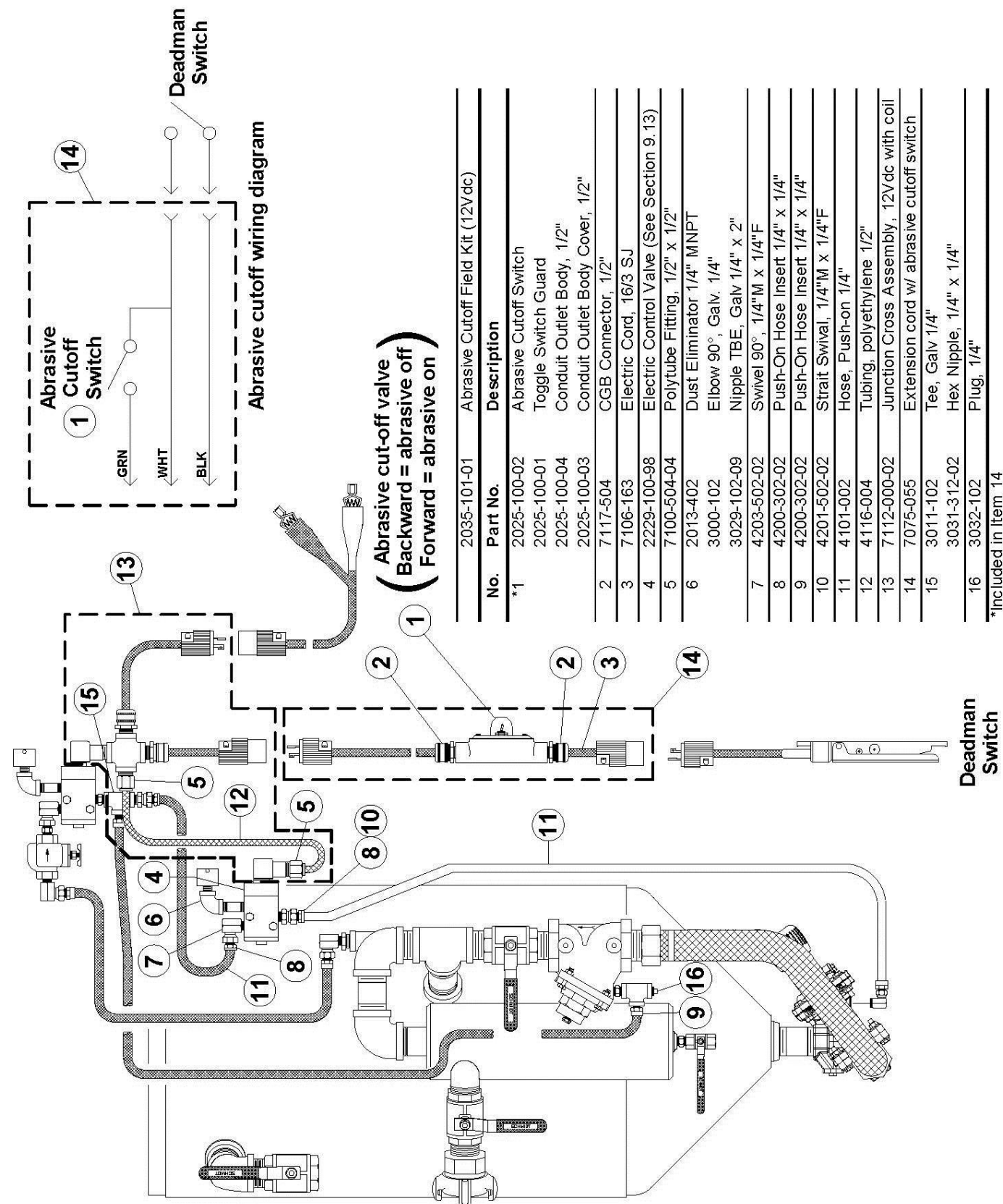
| No. | Part No.    | Description                              |
|-----|-------------|------------------------------------------|
| 1   | 2035-001-01 | Abrasive Cutoff Field Kit (pneumatic)    |
| 1   | 2025-010    | Abrasive Cutoff Valve                    |
|     | 2025-100-01 | Toggle Switch Guard                      |
|     | 2014-300    | Breather Vent, Brass 1/8"                |
|     | 3031-300-00 | Hex Nipple 1/8" x 1/8"                   |
| 2   | 4204-301-00 | Hose Insert, Rigid 3/16" x 1/8" Brass    |
| 3   | 3011-100    | Tee, Galv 1/8"                           |
| 4   | 4201-500-00 | Strait Swivel, 1/8"M x 1/8"F             |
| 5   | 4203-500-00 | Swivel 90°, 1/8"M x 1/8"F                |
| 6   | 2229-000    | Pneumatic Control Valve                  |
| 7   | 3029-102-09 | Nipple TBE, Galv. 1/4" x 2"              |
|     | 3000-102    | Elbow 90°, Galv. 1/4"                    |
|     | 2013-402    | Dust Eliminator 1/4" MNPT                |
| 8   | 4203-502-02 | Swivel 90°, 1/4"M x 1/4"F                |
| 9   | 4201-502-02 | Strait Swivel, 1/4"M x 1/4"F             |
| 10  | 4200-302-02 | Push-On Hose Insert 1/4" x 1/4"          |
| 11  | 4204-301-02 | Hose Insert, Rigid 3/16" x 1/4" Brass    |
| 12  | 4224-301-02 | Q. Connect SSO/BR Socket 1/4"            |
| 13  | 4224-300-02 | Q. Connect SSO/AL Plug 1/4"              |
|     | 3031-302-00 | Hex Nipple 1/8" x 1/4"                   |
| 14  | 7035-301    | Ferrules, Brass .525                     |
| 15  | 4100-001-10 | Hose, Twinline 3/16" (Green)             |
| 16  | 4101-002    | Hose, Push-on 1/4"                       |
| *17 | 4100-501-02 | Twinline Hose with abrasive cutoff, 55ft |
| 18  | 3011-102    | Tee, Galv 1/4"                           |
|     | 3031-312-02 | Hex Nipple, 1/4" x 1/4"                  |
| 19  | 3032-102    | Plug, 1/4"                               |

\*Not included in field kit

(Abrasive cut-off valve)  
In = abrasive off  
Out = abrasive on



9.3(b) Tera Valve™ Abrasive Blaster Remote Abrasive Cutoff (Electric)



## 9.5 Automatic Air Valve

| No.   | Part No.    | Description           |
|-------|-------------|-----------------------|
|       | 2123-106    | 1" Valve              |
|       | 2123-006-99 | Replacement Parts Kit |
|       | 2123-006-97 | Hard Parts Kit        |
| 1.*   | 2123-007-20 | Gasket                |
| 2.*   | 2123-006-02 | Diaphragm             |
| 3.*   | 2123-006-03 | O-ring                |
| 4.    | 2123-006-04 | Retainer Bushing      |
| 5.*   | 2123-007-05 | O-ring                |
| 6.+   | 2123-006-06 | Disk Retainer         |
| 7.*   | 2123-006-07 | O-ring                |
| 8.    | 2123-006-08 | Seat                  |
| 9.+   | 2123-006-09 | Disc Plate            |
| 10.   | "Deleted"   | Lock Washer, Internal |
| 11.*  | 7082-504    | Lock Nut              |
| 12.   | 2123-106-12 | Cap                   |
| 13.*  | 2123-006-13 | Lock Nut              |
| 14.   | 7010-503-06 | Cap Screw             |
| 15.+  | 2123-006-15 | Diaphragm Plate       |
| 17.   | 7082-503    | Lock Nut              |
| 18.   | 2123-006-18 | Body, 1"              |
| 19.** | 2123-006-19 | Shaft                 |
| 20.*  | 2123-007-20 | Gasket                |
| 21.*  | 2123-006-21 | Disc                  |
| 22.** | 2123-106-22 | O-ring                |
| 23.+  | 2123-106-23 | Spring Retainer       |
| 24.   | 2123-106-24 | Spring                |
| 25.*  | 2014-300    | Vent, 1/8"            |
| 26.*  | 2123-007-20 | Gasket                |

\* Included In Replacement Parts Kit

+ Included In Hard Parts Replacement Kit

| No.   | Part No.    | Description           |
|-------|-------------|-----------------------|
|       | 2123-107    | 1 1/4" Valve          |
|       | 2123-108    | 1 1/2" Valve          |
|       | 2123-007-99 | Replacement Parts Kit |
|       | 2123-007-97 | Hard Parts Kit        |
| 1.*   | 2123-009-01 | Gasket                |
| 2.*   | 2123-007-02 | Diaphragm             |
| 3.*   | 2123-007-03 | O-ring                |
| 4.    | 2123-007-04 | Retainer Bushing      |
| 5.*   | 2123-007-05 | O-ring                |
| 6.+   | 2123-007-06 | Disk Retainer         |
| 7.*   | 2123-007-07 | O-ring                |
| 8.    | 2123-007-08 | Seat                  |
| 9.+   | 2123-007-09 | Disc Plate            |
| 10.   | "Deleted"   | Lock Washer, Internal |
| 11.*  | 7082-504    | Lock Nut              |
| 12.   | 2123-107-12 | Cap                   |
| 13.*  | 7082-506    | Lock Nut              |
| 14.   | 7010-503-07 | Cap Screw             |
| 15.+  | 2123-007-15 | Diaphragm Plate       |
| 17.   | 7082-503    | Lock Nut              |
| 18.   | 2123-007-18 | Body, 1 1/4"          |
|       | 2123-008-18 | Body, 1 1/2"          |
| 19.** | 2123-007-19 | Shaft                 |
| 20.*  | 2123-007-20 | Gasket                |
| 21.*  | 2123-007-21 | Disc                  |
| 22.** | 2123-107-22 | O-ring                |
| 23.+  | 2123-107-23 | Spring Retainer       |
| 24.   | 2123-107-24 | Spring                |
| 25.*  | 2014-300    | Vent, 1/8"            |
| 26.*  | 2123-009-01 | Gasket                |

\* Included In Replacement Parts Kit

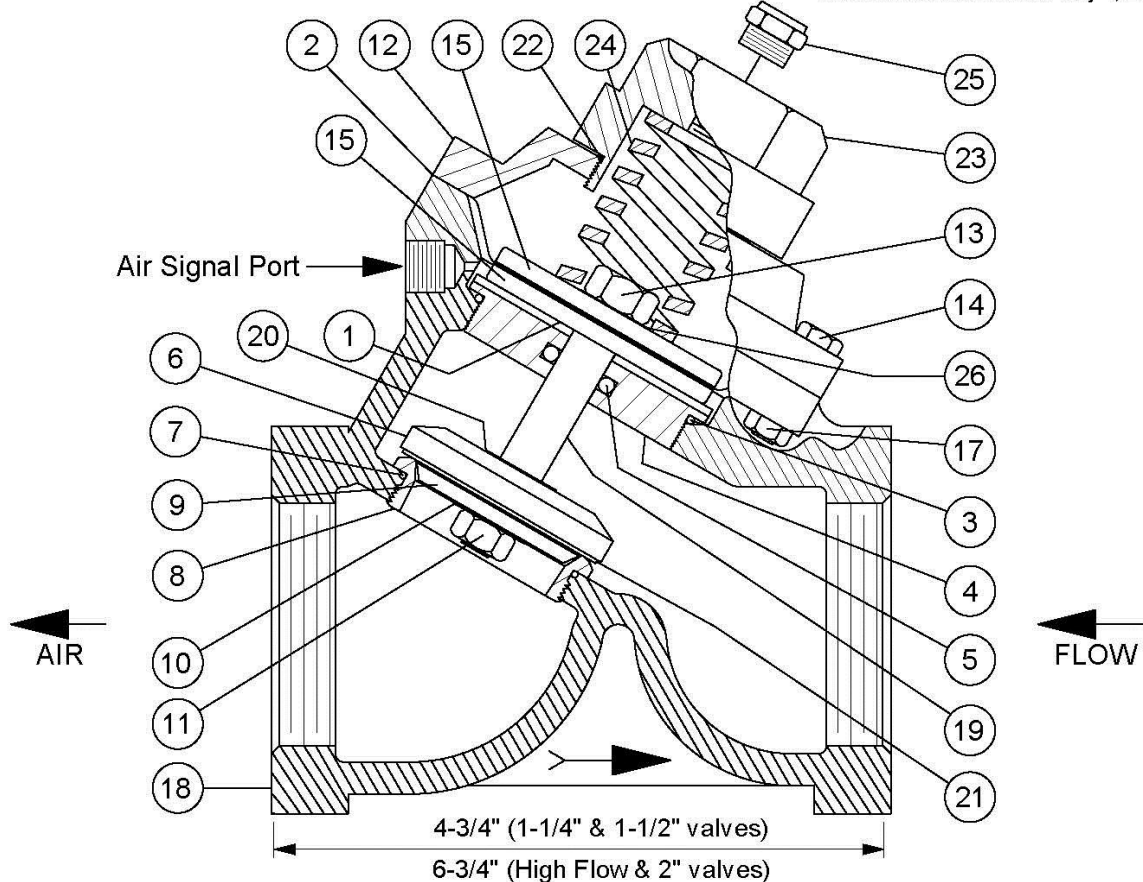
+ Included In Hard Parts Replacement Kit

| No.   | Part No.     | Description            |
|-------|--------------|------------------------|
|       | ** 2123-108L | 1-1/2" High Flow Valve |
|       | 2123-109     | 2" Valve               |
|       | 2123-009-99  | Replacement Parts Kit  |
|       | 2123-009-97  | Hard Parts Kit         |
| 1.*   | 2123-009-01  | Gasket                 |
| 2.*   | 2123-009-02  | Diaphragm              |
| 3.*   | 2123-009-03  | O-ring                 |
| 4.    | 2123-009-04  | Retainer Bushing       |
| 5.*   | 2123-009-05  | O-ring                 |
| 6.+   | 2123-009-06  | Disk Retainer          |
| 7.*   | 2123-009-07  | O-ring                 |
| 8.    | 2123-009-08  | Seat                   |
| 9.+   | 2123-007-15  | Disc Plate             |
| 10.   | "Deleted"    | Lock Washer, Internal  |
| 11.*  | 7082-506     | Lock Nut               |
| 12.   | 2123-109-12  | Cap                    |
| 13.*  | 7082-506     | Lock Nut               |
| 14.   | 7010-505-07  | Cap Screw              |
| 15.+  | 2123-009-15  | Diaphragm Plate        |
| 17.   | 7082-505     | Hex Nut                |
| 18.   | 2123-009-27  | Body, 1-1/2" high flow |
|       | 2123-009-18  | Body, 2"               |
| 19.** | 2123-009-19  | Shaft                  |
| 20.*  | 2123-009-01  | Gasket                 |
| 21.*  | 2123-009-21  | Disc                   |
| 22.** | 2123-107-22  | O-ring                 |
| 23.+  | 2123-109-23  | Spring Retainer        |
| 24.   | 2123-109-24  | Spring                 |
| 25.*  | 2014-300     | Vent, 1/8"             |
| 26.*  | 2123-009-28  | Washer                 |

\* Included In Replacement Parts Kit

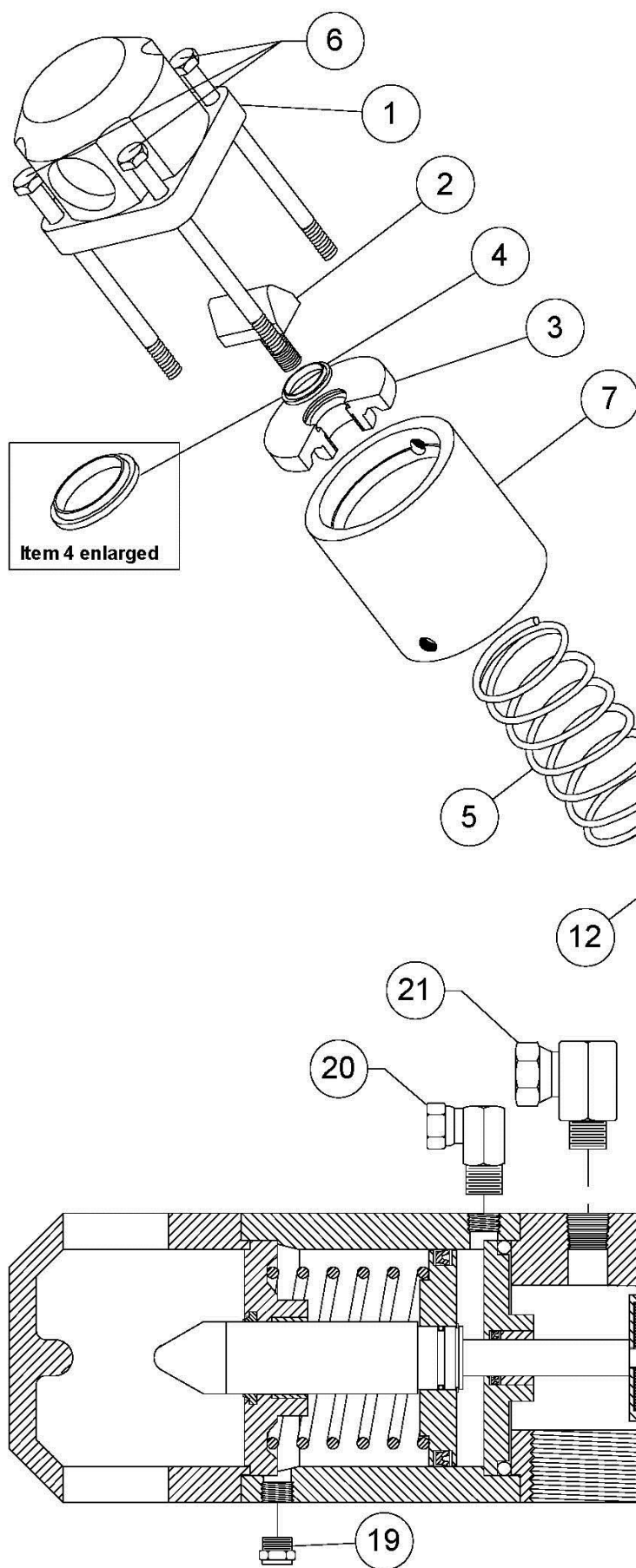
+ Included In Hard Parts Replacement Kit

\*\* 1-1/2" High Flow Valve is Standard On Units Manufactured After July 1, 2008



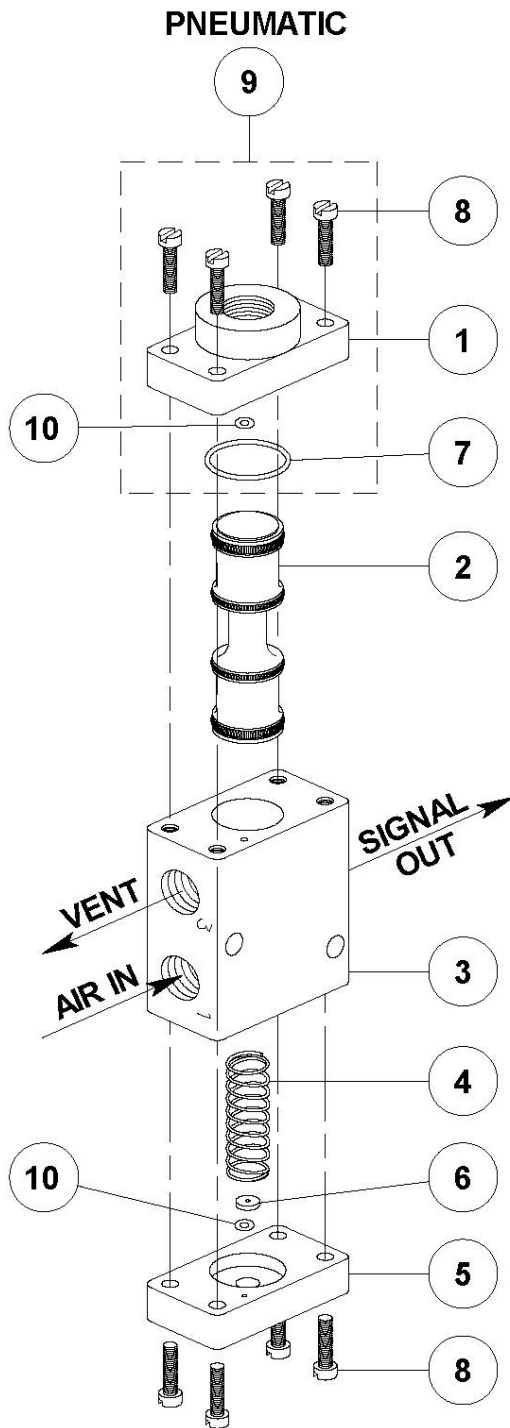
NOTE: With spring closed valve air flow is in opposite direction from arrow on valve body.

## 9.6 Combovalve®

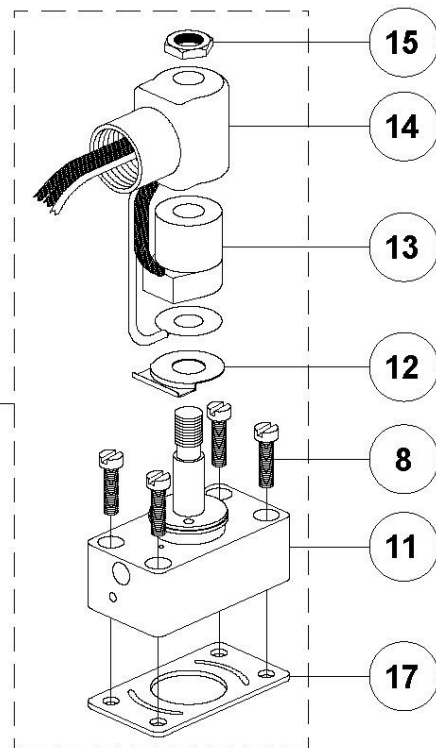


| 2223-000                                    |             | Combovalve®              |
|---------------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|
| No.                                         | Part No.    | Description              |
|                                             | 2223-000-99 | Replacement Part Kit     |
| 1.                                          | 2223-000-01 | Cap                      |
| 2.                                          | 2223-000-02 | Pinch Ram                |
| 3.                                          | 2223-000-03 | Upper Rod Guide          |
| 4.*                                         | 2223-000-04 | Seal (Upper Rod)         |
| 5.                                          | 2223-000-05 | Spring                   |
| 6.                                          | 7010-507-15 | Bolt, 3/8" x 6"          |
| 7.                                          | 2223-000-07 | Cylinder                 |
| 8.*                                         | 2223-000-08 | O-ring (Shaft)           |
| 9.*                                         | 2223-000-09 | Snap Ring                |
| 10.*                                        | 2223-000-10 | Seal (Lower Rod)         |
| 11.                                         | 2223-000-11 | Piston                   |
| 12.                                         | 2223-000-12 | Shaft                    |
| 13.*                                        | 2223-000-13 | Piston Seal              |
| 14.                                         | 7017-507-01 | Nut, 3/8"                |
| 15.                                         | 2223-000-15 | Lower Rod Guide          |
| 16.*                                        | 2223-000-16 | O-ring (Lower Rod Guide) |
| 17.                                         | 2223-000-17 | Base                     |
| 18.* +                                      | 2223-000-18 | Valve Plug Assembly      |
| 19.                                         | 2014-300    | Vent, 1/8"               |
| 20.                                         | 4203-500-00 | 90° Swivel, 1/8" x 1/8"  |
| 21.                                         | 4203-502-02 | 90° Swivel, 1/4" x 1/4"  |
| * Included in replacement part kit          |             |                          |
| + Includes plug, (2)o-rings, washer and nut |             |                          |

## 9.7 Control Valves (pneumatic and electric)



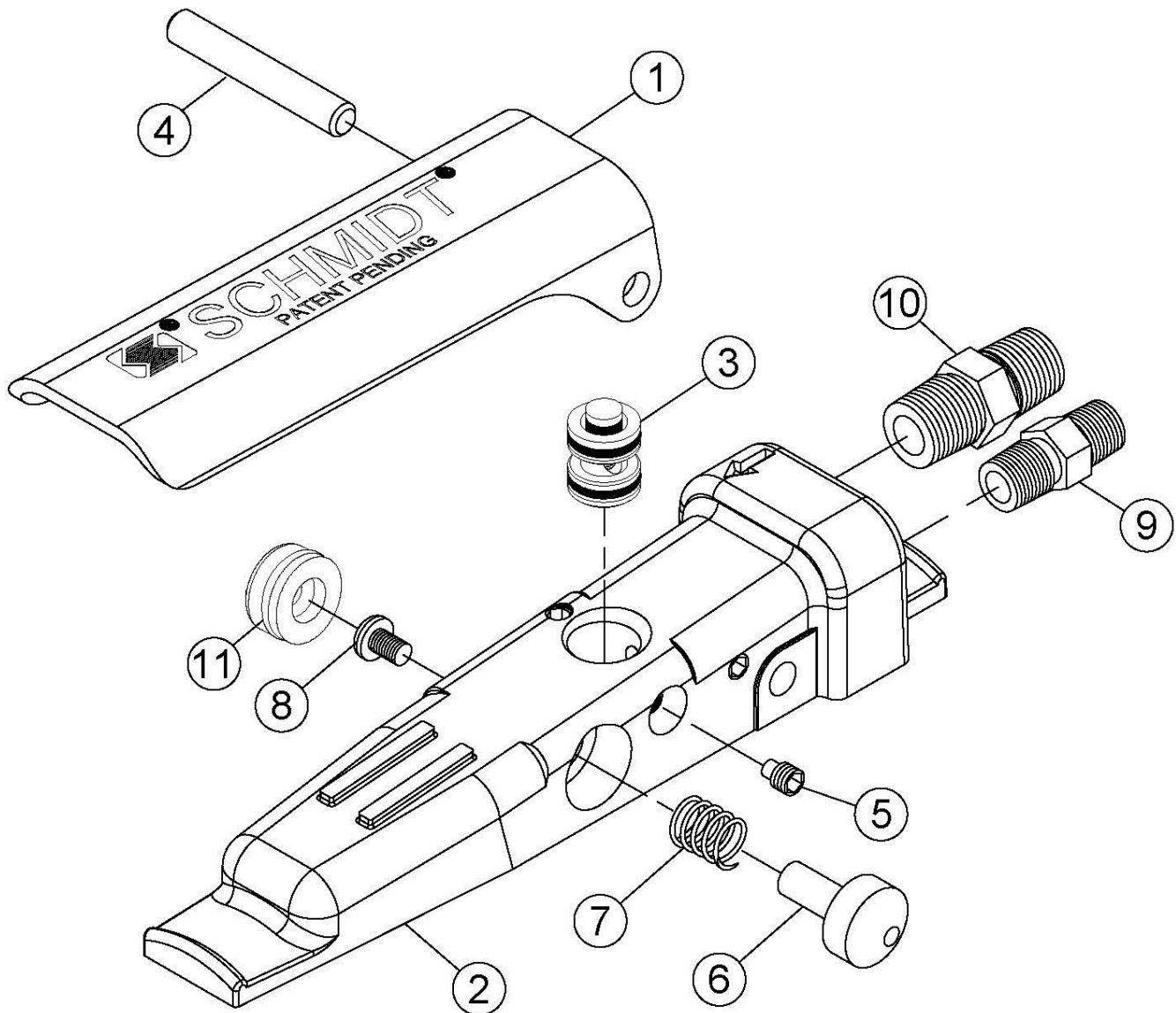
### ELECTRIC



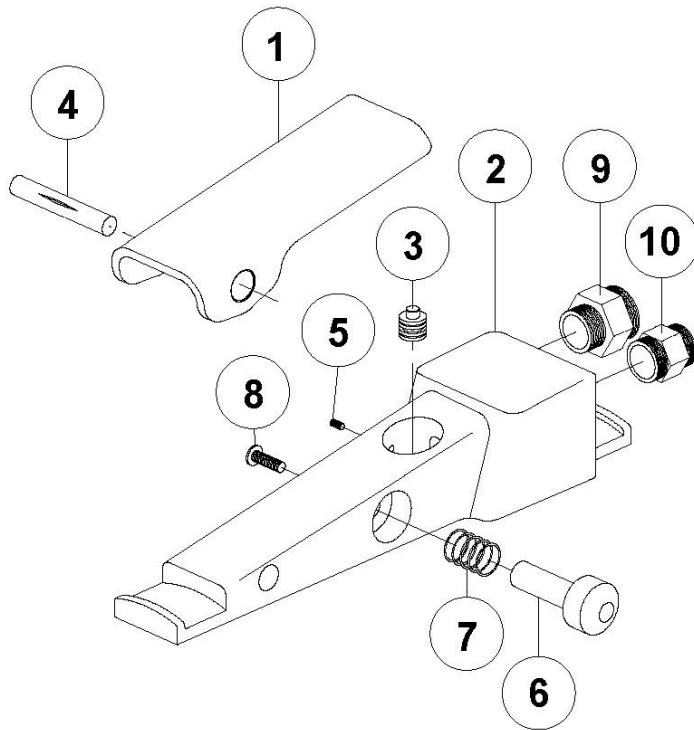
|       | 2229-000      | Pneumatic Control Valve                       |
|-------|---------------|-----------------------------------------------|
|       | 2229-100      | Electric Control Valve, 12 Volt D.C.          |
|       | 2229-101      | Electric Control Valve, 12 Volt A.C.          |
|       | 2229-102      | Electric Control Valve, 24 Volt D.C.          |
|       | 2229-100      | Electric Control Valve, 24 Volt A.C.          |
|       | 2229-105      | Electric Control Valve, 120 Volt A.C.         |
| No.   | Part No.      | Description                                   |
|       | 2229-000-99   | Replacement Parts Kit (Pneumatic)             |
|       | 2229-100-99   | Replacement Parts Kit (Electric)              |
| 1.    | Not Available | Air Operator Cap                              |
| 2.*   | 2229-000-02   | Plunger w/O-Rings                             |
| 3.    | Not Available | Valve Body                                    |
| 4.*   | 2229-000-04   | Spring                                        |
| 5.    | Not Available | Spring Retainer                               |
| 6.*   | 2229-000-06   | Filter Disk                                   |
| 7.*   | 2229-000-07   | O-Ring (Large)                                |
| 8.    | Not Available | Screw (8)                                     |
| 9.    | 2229-000-09   | Air Operator Assembly                         |
| 10.*  | 2229-000-10   | O-Ring (2 ea)                                 |
| 11.   | Not Available | Electric Operator Cap                         |
| 12.   | Not Available | Coil Cover Bottom                             |
| 13.   | 2229-100-03   | Coil 12 Volt D.C.                             |
|       | 2229-101-03   | Coil 12 Volt A.C.                             |
|       | 2229-102-03   | Coil 24 Volt D.C.                             |
|       | 2229-100-03   | Coil 24 Volt A.C.                             |
|       | 2229-105-03   | Coil 120 Volt A.C.                            |
| 14.   | Not Available | Coil Cover                                    |
| 15.   | Not Available | Nut                                           |
| 16.   | 2229-100-06   | Solenoid Pilot Assembly, 12 Volt D.C.         |
|       | 2229-101-06   | Solenoid Pilot Assembly, 12 Volt A.C.         |
|       | 2229-102-06   | Solenoid Pilot Assembly, 24 Volt D.C.         |
|       | 2229-100-06   | Solenoid Pilot Assembly, 24 Volt A.C.         |
|       | 2229-105-06   | Solenoid Pilot Assembly, 120 Volt A.C.        |
| 17. + | 2229-100-07   | Gasket (Electric Only)                        |
|       |               | * Included In replacement parts kit-pneumatic |
|       |               | + Included In replacement parts kit-electric  |

## 9.8(a) G2 Pneumatic Deadman

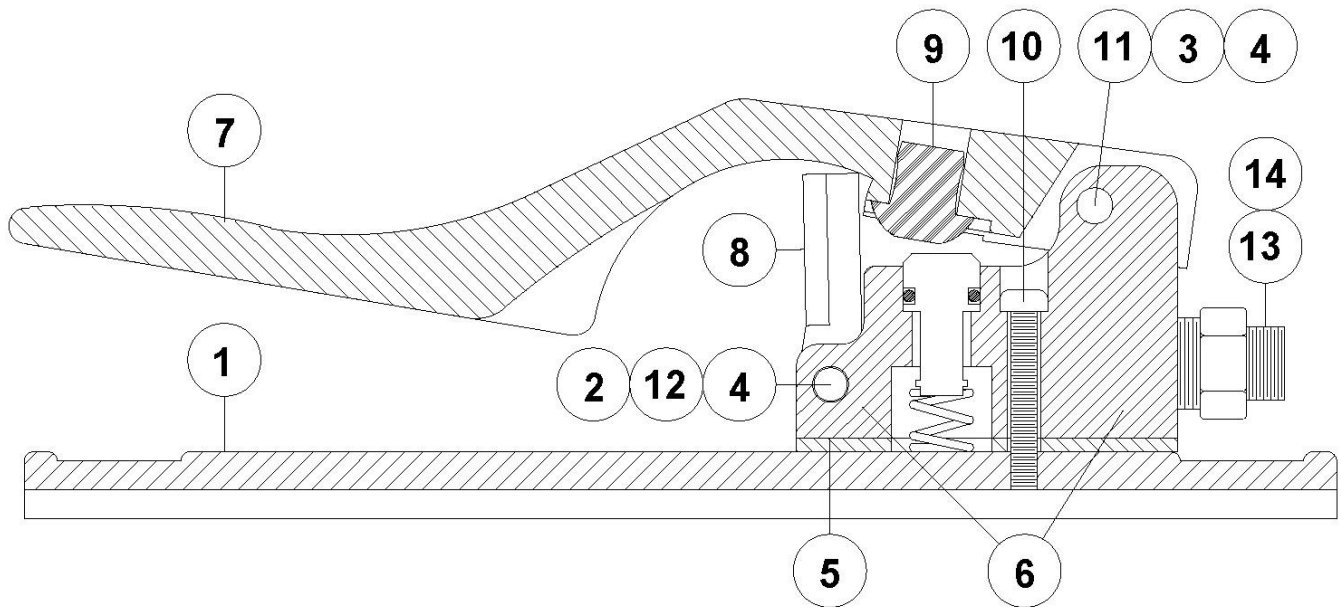
|                                     | 2263-002    | G2 Pneumatic Deadman                   |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|----------------------------------------|
| Item                                | Part No.    | Description                            |
|                                     | 2263-002-99 | G2 Replacement Parts Kit               |
| 1.                                  | 2263-002-01 | G2 Deadman Lever                       |
| 2.                                  | 2263-002-02 | G2 Deadman Body                        |
| * 3.                                | 2263-002-03 | G2 Deadman Cartridge Assembly          |
| 4.                                  | 2263-002-04 | G2 Deadman Hinge Pin                   |
| * 5.                                | 2263-002-05 | G2 Deadman Cartridge Set Screw         |
| 6.                                  | 2263-002-06 | G2 Deadman Button                      |
| * 7.                                | 2263-002-07 | Deadman Spring                         |
| * 8.                                | 2263-000-08 | Deadman Screw For Button               |
| 9.                                  | 3031-300-00 | Hex Nipple, 1/8" x 1/8" With Ball Seat |
| 10.                                 | 3031-302-02 | Hex Nipple, 1/4" x 1/4" With Ball Seat |
| * 11.                               | 2263-002-10 | G2 Deadman Dust Plug                   |
| * Items included in Replacement Kit |             |                                        |



## 9.8(b) Deadman Valves (Pneumatic)

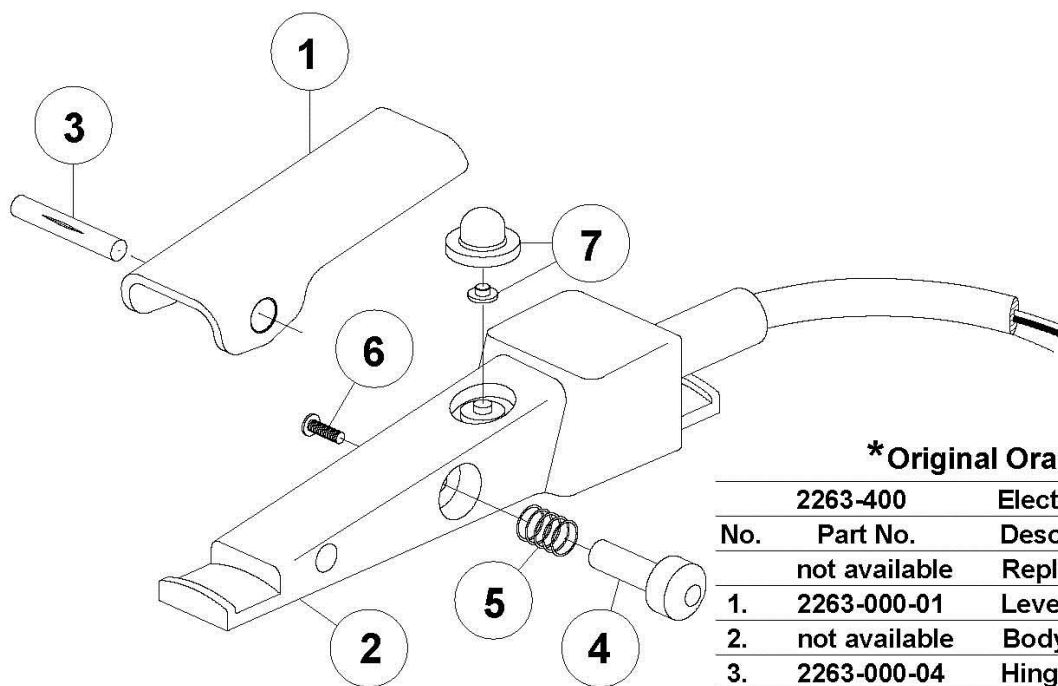


| 2263-000 |             | Pneumatic Deadman                   |
|----------|-------------|-------------------------------------|
| No.      | Part No.    | Description                         |
|          | 2263-000-99 | Replacement Parts Kit               |
| 1.       | 2263-000-01 | Lever                               |
| 2.       | 2263-000-02 | Body                                |
| *3.      | 2263-000-03 | Cartridge                           |
| 4.       | 2263-000-04 | Hinge Pin                           |
| *5.      | 2263-000-05 | Set Screw                           |
| 6.       | 2263-000-06 | Safety Button                       |
| *7.      | 2263-000-07 | Spring                              |
| *8.      | 2263-000-08 | Screw for Button                    |
| 9.       | 3031-302-00 | Hex Nipple, 1/8" x 1/4"             |
| 10.      | 3031-300-00 | Hex Nipple, 1/8" x 1/8"             |
|          |             | * Included in replacement parts kit |



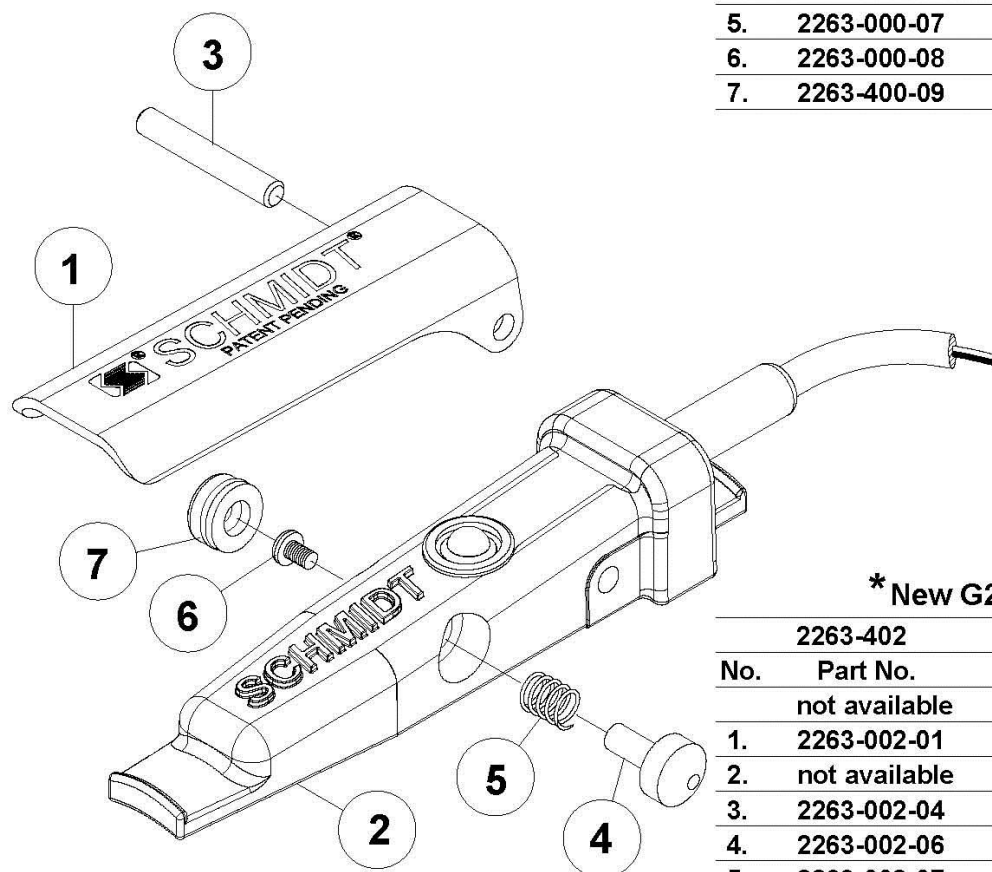
| 2263-001 |             |                                | Pneumatic Deadman II                          |             |                         |
|----------|-------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------|
| No.      | Part No.    | Description                    | No.                                           | Part No.    | Description             |
|          | 2263-001-99 | Replacement Parts Kit Level I  | 8. *                                          | 2263-001-08 | Safety Flap             |
|          | 2263-001-98 | Replacement Parts Kit Level II | 9.**                                          | 2263-001-09 | Plunger Plug            |
| 1.       | 2263-001-01 | Base                           | 10.                                           | 2263-001-10 | Body Mounting Screw     |
| 2. *     | 2263-001-02 | Safety Flap Spring             | 11.                                           | 2263-001-11 | Lever Spring            |
| 3. *     | 2263-001-03 | Lever Hinge Screw              | 12. *                                         | 2263-001-12 | Flap Hinge Screw        |
| 4.       | 2263-001-04 | Hinge Pin Nut                  | 13.                                           | 3031-302-00 | Hex Nipple, 1/8" x 1/4" |
| 5.**     | 2263-001-05 | Body Gasket                    | 14.                                           | 3031-300-00 | Hex Nipple, 1/8" x 1/8" |
| 6.**     | 2263-001-06 | Valve Body Assembly            | * Included in replacement parts kit, Level I  |             |                         |
| 7.       | 2263-001-07 | Lever                          | * Included in replacement parts kit, Level II |             |                         |

## 9.9 Deadman Switches (Electric)



### \*Original Orange

| No. | Part No.      | Description           |
|-----|---------------|-----------------------|
|     | 2263-400      | Electric Deadman      |
|     | not available | Replacement Parts Kit |
| 1.  | 2263-000-01   | Lever                 |
| 2.  | not available | Body w/Molded Switch  |
| 3.  | 2263-000-04   | Hinge Pin             |
| 4.  | 2263-000-06   | Safety Button         |
| 5.  | 2263-000-07   | Spring                |
| 6.  | 2263-000-08   | Screw for Button      |
| 7.  | 2263-400-09   | Dust Cover w/Insert   |



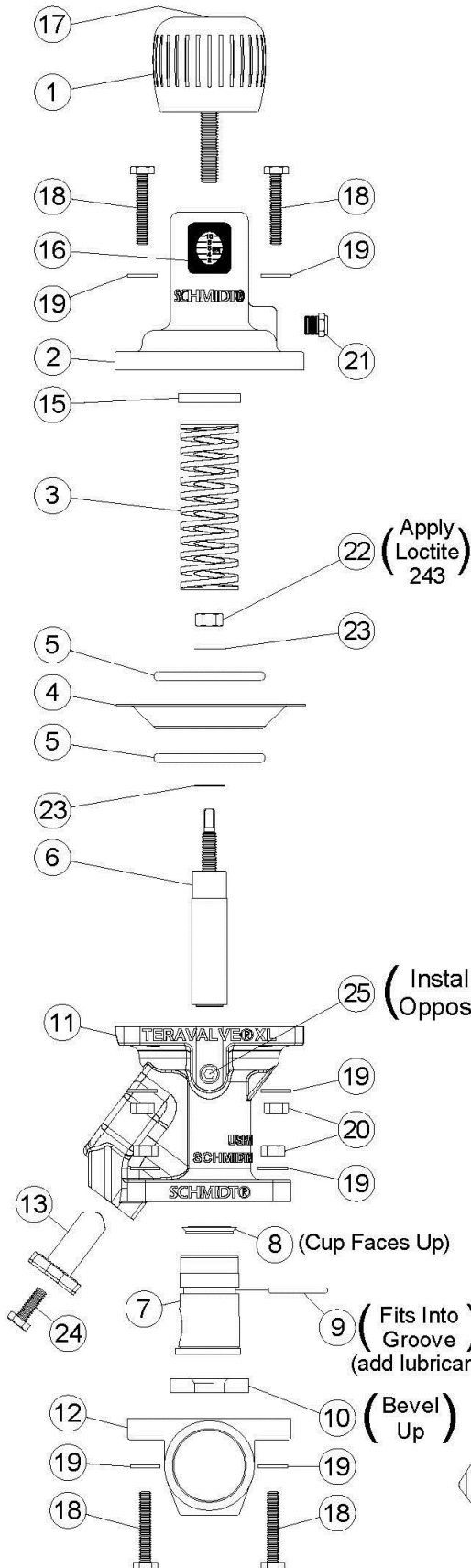
### \*New G2 Electric

| No. | Part No.      | Description           |
|-----|---------------|-----------------------|
|     | 2263-402      | G2 Electric Deadman   |
|     | not available | Replacement Parts Kit |
| 1.  | 2263-002-01   | G2 Lever              |
| 2.  | not available | G2 Body w/Switch      |
| 3.  | 2263-002-04   | G2 Hinge Pin          |
| 4.  | 2263-002-06   | G2 Safety Button      |
| 5.  | 2263-002-07   | G2 Spring             |
| 6.  | 2263-000-08   | Screw for Button      |
| 7.  | 2263-002-10   | G2 Dust Plug          |



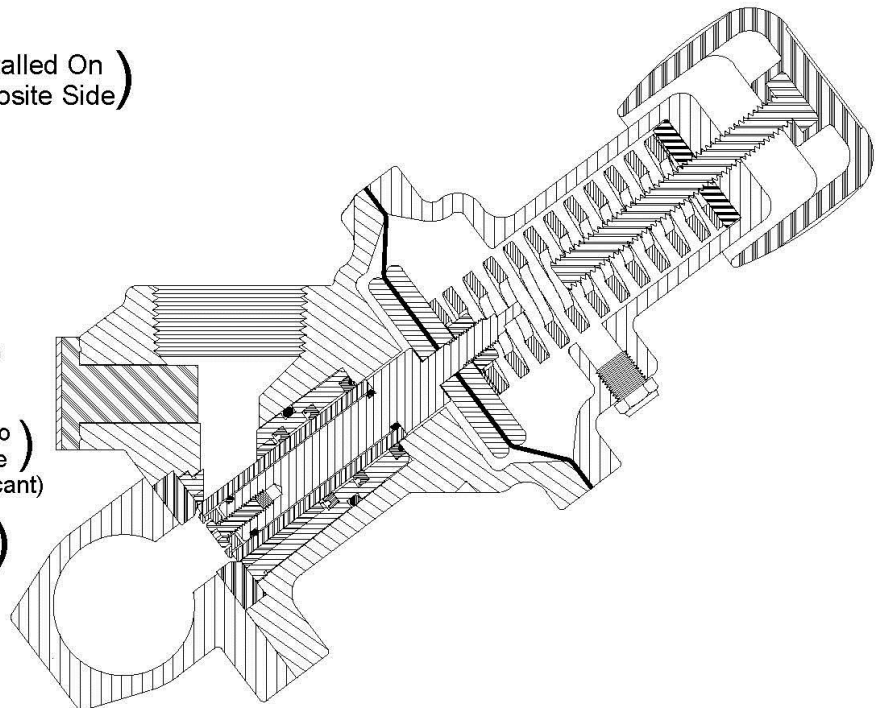
\*Electric shock hazard. To minimize shock hazard use electric deadman in low voltage applications only (12-24 volts).

## 9.10 Tera Valve™

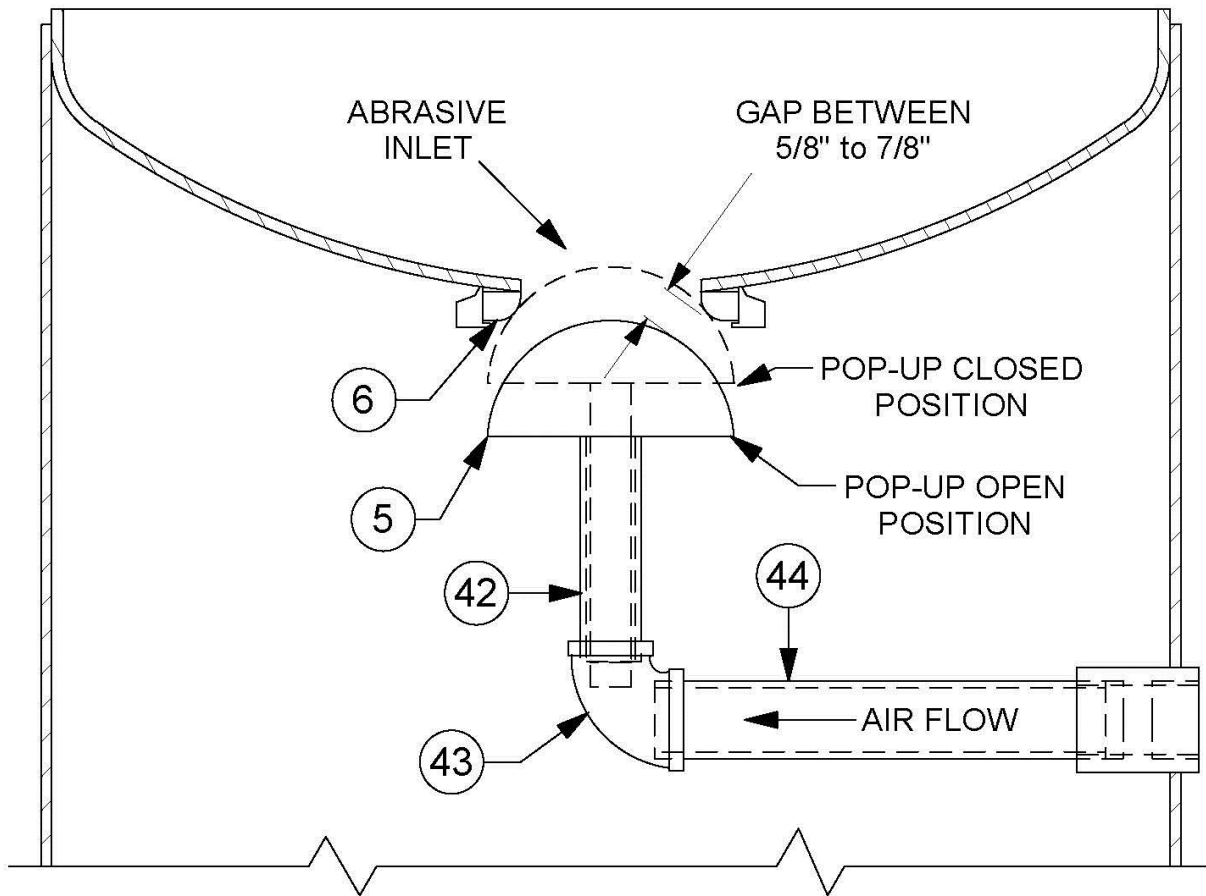


|                                                               |             |                                                          |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------|
|                                                               | 2130-005    | Teravalue XL, Tungsten Carbide 3/4"                      |
|                                                               | 2130-006    | Teravalue XL, Tungsten Carbide 1"                        |
|                                                               | 2130-007    | Teravalue XL, Tungsten Carbide 1 1/4"                    |
|                                                               | 2130-008    | Teravalue XL, Tungsten Carbide 1 1/2"                    |
| Item                                                          | Part No.    | Description                                              |
| 1                                                             | 2130-000-01 | Knob                                                     |
| 2                                                             | 2130-000-02 | Cap                                                      |
| * 3                                                           | 2130-000-03 | Spring                                                   |
| *4                                                            | 2130-000-04 | Diaphragm                                                |
| 5                                                             | 2130-000-05 | Diaphragm Plate                                          |
| * 6                                                           | 2130-000-06 | Tungsten Carbide Plunger                                 |
| * 7                                                           | 2130-000-07 | Tungsten Carbide Sleeve (Incl. O-Ring & Internal Wipers) |
| *8                                                            | 2130-000-08 | Plunger Seal                                             |
| *9                                                            | 2130-000-09 | Sleeve O-Ring                                            |
| *10                                                           | 2130-000-10 | Seat                                                     |
| 11                                                            | 2130-000-11 | Body                                                     |
| 12                                                            | 2130-005-12 | Base 3/4" x 3/4"                                         |
|                                                               | 2130-006-12 | Base 1" x 1 1/4"                                         |
|                                                               | 2130-007-12 | Base 1 1/4" x 1 1/4"                                     |
|                                                               | 2130-008-12 | Base 1 1/2" x 1 1/2"                                     |
| *13                                                           | 2130-000-13 | Cleanout Plug                                            |
| 15                                                            | 2130-000-15 | Vibration Disc                                           |
| 16                                                            | 2130-000-16 | Virtual Position Indicator Decal                         |
| 17                                                            | 2130-000-17 | Knob Decal                                               |
| 18                                                            | 7010-503-08 | Hex Bolt, 1/4" UNC x 1 1/2" Lg.                          |
| 19                                                            | 7027-502-02 | Flat Washer, 1/4" SAE                                    |
| 20                                                            | 7017-503    | Hex Nut, 1/4" UNC                                        |
| 21                                                            | 2014-300    | Breather Vent, 1/8"                                      |
| 22                                                            | 7017-505    | Hex Nut, 5/16" UNC                                       |
| *23                                                           | 2123-009-01 | Gasket                                                   |
| 24                                                            | 7010-503-04 | Hex Bolt, 1/4" UNC x 1/2" Lg.                            |
| 25                                                            | 3032-100    | Plug, 1/8"                                               |
| * Included In Replacement Parts Kit (2130-000-99)             |             |                                                          |
| + Included In Replacement Parts Kit, Seals Only (2130-000-98) |             |                                                          |

NOTE: Must remove cap (#2) for installation and removal on 1.5cf vessels.



## 9.11 Pop-Up and Internal Piping

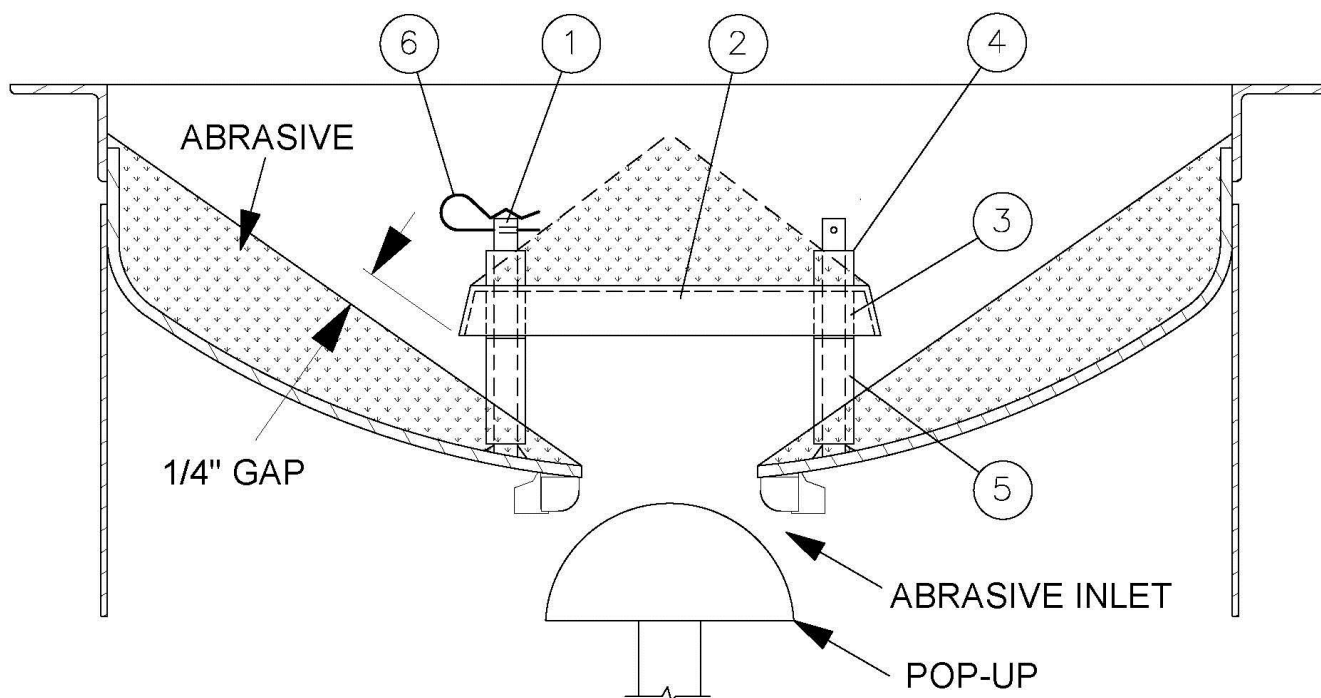


| NO.  | PART NO.    | DESCRIPTION                         | VESSEL                                 |
|------|-------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| 5.   | 2100-000    | Pop-Up Head, (1 Bag)                | (1.5cu.ft.)                            |
|      | 2100-010    | Pop-Up Head, (3 & 6 Bag)            | (3.5, 6.5, 10, & 20cu.ft.)             |
|      | 2100-010-04 | Pop-Up Head, (3 & 6 Bag) High Flow  | (optional for Thompson Valve vessels)  |
| 6.   | 2100-001    | Pop-Up Gasket (1 Bag)               | (1.5cu.ft.)                            |
|      | 2100-011    | Pop-Up Gasket, (3 & 6 Bag)          | (3.5, 6.5, 10, & 20cu.ft.)             |
|      | 2100-011-04 | Pop-Up Gasket, (3 & 6 Bag) SureSeal | (optional for Thompson Valve vessels)  |
| *42. | 3030-005-11 | Nipple TOE, 3/4" x 3" LG            | (1.5cu.ft.)                            |
|      | 3030-006-17 | Nipple TOE, 1" x 8" LG              | (3.5, 6.5, & 20cu.ft.)                 |
|      | 3030-006-86 | Nipple TOE, 1" x 7 1/2" LG          | (vessels with optional skirted gasket) |
|      | 3030-006-23 | Nipple TOE, 1" x 13 3/4" LG         | (10cu.ft.)                             |
|      | 3030-006-23 | Nipple TOE, 1" x 13 1/4" LG         | (vessels with optional skirted gasket) |
| 43.  | 3010-006-05 | Red. Elbow 90, 1" x 3/4"            | (1.5cu.ft.)                            |
|      | 3010-007-06 | Red. Elbow 90, 1 1/4" x 1"          | (3.5, 6.5, & 10cu.ft.)                 |
|      | 3010-008-06 | Red. Elbow 90, 1 1/2" x 1"          | (20cu.ft.)                             |
| 44.  | 3029-006-14 | NIPPLE TBE, 1" x 5" LG              | (1.5cu.ft.)                            |
|      | 3029-007-28 | NIPPLE TBE, 1 1/4" x 7 1/2" LG      | (3.5cu.ft.)                            |
|      | 3029-007-19 | NIPPLE TBE, 1 1/4" x 10 1/4" LG     | (6.5 & 10cu.ft.)                       |
|      | 3029-008-25 | NIPPLE TBE, 1 1/2" x 16" LG         | (20cu.ft.)                             |

\*It may be necessary to cut to length to obtain the proper pop-up gap as shown above.

## 9.12 Abrasive Spider Adjustment (optional)

| ITEM | QTY | PART NO.    | DESCRIPTION                           |
|------|-----|-------------|---------------------------------------|
|      |     | 7001-004-18 | SPIDER, DROP-IN 18" (3.5cf)           |
|      |     | 7001-004-24 | SPIDER, DROP-IN 24" (6.5cf / 10cf)    |
|      |     | 7001-004-36 | SPIDER, DROP-IN 36" (20cf)            |
| 1    | 1   | 7001-000-98 | SPIDER STUDS INSTALLED                |
| 2    | 1   | 7001-000-02 | SPIDER DISK 9"                        |
| 3    | 3   | 7001-000-03 | SPIDER SPACER, 1"                     |
| 4    | 3   | 7001-000-04 | SPIDER SPACER, 3/4"                   |
| 5    | 3   | 7001-000-05 | SPIDER SPACER, 2-1/4"                 |
| 6    | 3   | 7119-002    | SAFETY PINS, AIR BLAST HOSE COUPLINGS |



The optional abrasive spider is a device that is mounted in the top head of the abrasive blaster. The spider is added to blasters that will be installed below an abrasive storage hopper. The spider creates a void area above the blaster abrasive inlet keeping the abrasive from sitting on top of the popup. Abrasive piled on top of the popup restricts movement and can prevent the popup from properly sealing. A leaking popup will cause abrasive flow problems and wear to the popup and popup gasket. Pour abrasive into the vessel top head and allow it to flow in and form the areas of dead abrasive above the spider plate and to the sides as shown above. The gap should be approximately 1/4". The spider spacers can be removed to lower the spider disk. The spacers can be cut shorter if necessary.

### **⚠ WARNING**

Pinch point hazard. Vessel pressurization will close the popup. Keep hands and fingers away from popup. Disconnect air supply prior to performing popup maintenance.

## 10.0 Tera Valve Blaster Recommended Spare Replacement Parts Lists

### A) ELECTRIC and PNEUMATIC CONTROLS (see note below & refer to Section 9.0 drawings)

| Item No. | Qty. | Part No.    | Description                                                     |
|----------|------|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| 2        | 1    | 42XX-10X    | Air Inlet Crowfoot (specify piping size)                        |
| 2        | 10   | 42XX-999    | Crowfoot Gasket (specify piping size)                           |
| 3        | 1    | 2401-50X    | Air Inlet Ball Valve (specify piping size)                      |
| 4        | 1    | 2401-50X    | Blowdown Ball Valve (specify size)                              |
| 5        | 1    | 2100-010    | Popup Head with stem                                            |
| 6        | 1    | 2100-011    | Popup Gasket                                                    |
| 8        | 1    | 2401-502    | Drain ball valve, 1/4"                                          |
| 9        | 1    | 2123-10X    | Auto Air Valve (specify piping size)                            |
| 9        | 1    | 2123-00X-02 | Auto Air Valve Diaphragm (specify size)                         |
| 9        | 1    | 2123-10X-24 | Auto Air Valve Spring (specify size)                            |
| 9        | 1    | 2123-00X-99 | Auto Air Valve Replacement Kit (specify size)                   |
| 10       | 1    | 4104-40X-XX | Blast hose assembly (specify size and length)                   |
| 11       | 1    | 500X-XXX    | Blast nozzle (specify size and type)                            |
| 13       | 1    | 2401-50X    | Choke Ball Valve (specify piping size)                          |
| 14       | 1    | 2152-00X    | Tera Valve (specify piping size)                                |
| 14       | 1    | 2130-000-03 | Tera Valve Spring                                               |
| 14       | 1    | 2130-00X-12 | Tera Valve Base (specify piping size)                           |
| 14       | 1    | 2130-000-98 | Tera Valve Replacement Part Seals Kit                           |
| 14       | 1    | 2130-000-99 | Tera Valve Replacement Part Kit (specify sleeve type)           |
| 21       | 1    | 2014-300    | Breather vent, 1/8"                                             |
| 22       | 1    | 7000-001-11 | Handway crab assembly, 6" x 8"                                  |
| 25       | 2    | 4215-XXX    | Nozzle Holder (specify size and type)                           |
| 26       | 2    | 4213-XXX    | Blast Hose Coupling (specify size)                              |
| 27       | 2    | 4214-108    | Threaded coupling (specify size and type)                       |
| 27       | 20   | 4214-999    | Coupling Gasket (fits hose and threaded couplings)              |
| 34       | 2    | 7000-001-18 | Handway Gasket, 6" x 8" (SureFit™)                              |
| 36       | 2    | 4205-10X    | Hose insert (specify size)                                      |
| 36       | 10   | 4205-10X-99 | Insert gasket                                                   |
| 37       | 2    | 4235-00X    | Hose clamp, double bolt (for field installation) (specify size) |
| 38       | 10ft | 4102-00X    | Air hose (specify size)                                         |
| 39       | 20   | 7119-002    | Safety Pin, Air/Blast Hose Coupling                             |
| 40       | 2    | 8710-98778  | Hose whip check                                                 |
| 41       | 1    | 7031-999-02 | Safety decal kit (See Section 0.0)                              |
| -        | 1    | 2408-907    | Union end ball valve (optional) See Section 5.15                |

### B) ITEMS FOR PNEUMATIC CONTROLS ONLY (see note below)

|       |   |             |                                                                 |
|-------|---|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| 12    | 1 | 2263-002    | G2 Pneumatic Deadman Valve                                      |
| 12    | 2 | 2263-002-99 | G2 Pneumatic Deadman Valve Replacement Parts Kit (specify type) |
| 15    | 1 | 4100-501    | Twinline Hose, 55ft.                                            |
| 16,19 | 1 | 4224-301-02 | Quick Disconnect Socket, 1/4"                                   |
| 17,18 | 1 | 4224-300-02 | Quick Disconnect Plug, 1/4"                                     |

### C) ITEMS FOR ELECTRIC CONTROLS ONLY (see note below)

|       |   |             |                                              |
|-------|---|-------------|----------------------------------------------|
| 12    | 1 | 2263-402-01 | G2 Electric Deadman with Plug                |
| 15    | 1 | 7074-055    | Extension Cord 55'                           |
| 16,19 | 1 | 7109-300    | Female Twist-lock Connector, 3-Prong         |
| 20    | 1 | 2229-100    | Electric Control Valve, 12Vdc                |
| 20    | 2 | 2229-100-99 | Electric Control Valve Replacement Parts Kit |
| 20    | 1 | 7112-000    | Power tee, 12Vdc with coil and connectors    |

**NOTE:** Determine the type of blast controls on the abrasive blaster (either electric or pneumatic). Then, the required list of spare parts is List "A" plus either List "B" or "C". Example: If your abrasive blaster has pneumatic controls then the recommended spare parts you need are those items included in Lists "A" and "B". For blasters with special options refer to supplemental drawing(s) included with this operation and maintenance manual.

## 11.0 Troubleshooting

This section lists probable causes of problems that may occur during operation of the abrasive blaster. Not all of the “probable causes” may apply to your particular abrasive blaster. The probable cause may not apply because of the control type and accessories on the abrasive blaster. Refer to Figures 8.4(b) and 11.1 and the drawings in Section 9.0.

### DANGER

Abrasive blasters are Pressurized Vessels. Propelled objects will cause serious injury or death. Depressurize vessel before performing any maintenance. See Section 6.2 and 6.3.

**NOTE:** Details in this section related to the Tera Valve™ also apply to Tera Valve blasters.

## 11.1 Malfunction With Deadman Lever In The “Off” Position

### 11.1.1. Blast air stops but abrasive will not shut off (Tera Valve™ blasters only)

- (1) Trash stuck between plunger and seat in Tera Valve (#14) prevents closing.
- (2) Defective valve plunger in Tera Valve (worn by abrasive or broken).
- (3) Defective sleeve in Tera Valve (worn by abrasive).
- (4) Blocked signal air hose to Tera Valve (trash blockage or pinched hose).
- (5) Defective or broken spring in Tera Valve (#14) (check length of spring).
- (6) Tera Valve cap (or spring retainer) not screwed all the way down (hand tighten only).

### 11.1.2. Abrasive stops but blast air will not shut off (Tera Valve™ blasters only)

- (1) Defective or broken spring in automatic air valve (#9).
- (2) Defective seat in automatic air valve.
- (3) Blocked signal air hose to automatic air valve.
- (4) Defective o-ring in automatic air valve (around shaft).
- (5) Obstruction inside automatic air valve (#9) binding shaft movement.

### 11.1.3. Both blast air and abrasive will not shut off

- (1) Twinline hoses to deadman valve (#12) are crossed.
- (2) Non-Schmidt deadman (#12) has been installed.
- (3) Control valve (#20) stuck in the “ON” position.
- (4) Blocked twinline hose.
- (5) Defective deadman valve (#12). Pneumatic deadman cartridge plunger stuck in the “ON” position (down). Cartridge plunger is visible below deadman handle.
- (6) Defective Combovalve® (#4) spring (Tera Valve/Combo blasters only). See Section 5.18.
- (7) Defective Combovalve® (#4) lower rod guide seal (Tera Valve/Combo blasters only). See Section 5.18.

### 11.1.4. Blast outlet turns on accidentally

- (1) The deadman lever (#12) is worn out.
- (2) The safety button on the deadman is missing. See drawings in Sections 9.8 and 9.9.
- (3) A bleeder type deadman valve has been installed. A bleeder type deadman valve *is not safe* because a particle of dirt from the air hose can plug the bleed hole and cause the blast outlet to turn on. See *Warnings and Rules for Safer Operation* in Section 1.0.
- (4) Defective electric deadman switch or electric wiring (check for an electric short).
- (5) Defective Combovalve® (#4) lower rod guide seal (Tera Valve/Combo blasters only). See Section 5.18.

## 11.2 Malfunction With Deadman Lever In The “On” Position

### 11.2.1. Air blasts with no abrasive

- (1) Check abrasive level in blast vessel (even if optional second outlet blasts normally).
- (2) Blocked control air hose to Tera Valve™ (#14) prevents opening.
- (3) Tera Valve (#14) plunger stuck in closed position.
- (4) Trash plugging opening from tank to Tera Valve (#14). See Section 11.3.2.
- (5) Insufficient air pressure to open Tera Valve (fully open requires 80 psig).
- (6) Abrasive flow problems. See Section 11.3.
- (7) Defective Tera Valve piston seal (air leaks from breather when deadman is activated).
- (8) Blast vessel leak at popup or handway will reduce pressure slowing abrasive flow.
- (9) Air leak at Tera Valve (#14) cleanout plug. See Section 9.4(b).

### 11.2.2. Abrasive choking out of blast hose with low blast air pressure

- (1) Tera Valve (#14) abrasive adjustment knob is open too far.
- (2) Control air hose to automatic air valve (#9) blocked, pinched, or leaking prevents opening.
- (3) Choke valve (#13) is partially closed causes differential pressure increases abrasive flow.
- (4) Low air compressor output cfm (unit may cycle on and off). See Section 3.0.
- (5) Blocked automatic air valve (#9) breather vent (#21) prevents full opening.
- (6) Obstruction inside automatic air valve (#9) binding shaft movement.

### 11.2.3. Reduced Pressure At The Nozzle (with or without abrasive flow)

- (1) Low air compressor output CFM. See Section 3.0 to determine air requirements.
- (2) Air supply hose to blaster is too small. See Section 3.0.
- (3) Tera Valve abrasive adjustment knob (#14) is open too far.
- (4) Check for leaks in blast vessel (popup or handway) or control piping.
- (5) Choke valve (#13) is partially closed.
- (6) Blocked automatic air valve (#9) breather vent (#21) prevents full opening.
- (7) Trash blocking the blast nozzle orifice (#11). Release deadman and allow the air pressure in the blast hose (#10) to dissipate. Close the air inlet ball valve (#3). **Note:** Only after the air in the blast hose has dissipated then remove the blast nozzle (#11) and clear blockage.

#### **DANGER**

Confirm the air in the blast hose has dissipated before removing the blast nozzle. Squeeze or step on the blast hose. Firmness or stiffness indicates that the blast hose is pressurized. Do Not attempt to remove the blast nozzle. Allow the air to dissipate before proceeding.

#### **WARNING**

Do Not aim the blast nozzle towards yourself or any person. A system malfunction or a blocked blast nozzle that clears can trigger accidental start up resulting in injury to personnel.

### 11.2.4. Blast is slow to turn on or will not turn on when deadman lever is pressed down.

- (1) Check quick couplings (#16 & #17) on control hoses to see if they are connected properly.
- (2) Control valve (#20) stuck in exhaust position or midway (air will leak from breather #35).
- (3) 1/4" strainer (#23) blocked; restricts air flow to deadman.
- (4) Twinline control hoses (#15) are blocked.
- (5) Cartridge in deadman valve (#12) is blocked.
- (6) Low air compressor output CFM (unit may cycle on and off). See Section 3.0.
- (7) Air leaks in twinline hose (#15) from the deadman valve (#12) to control valve (#20).
- (8) Trash blocking the blast nozzle orifice (#11). See Item (7) in Section 11.2.3 above.
- (9) Blocked automatic air valve (#9) breather vent (#21) prevents full opening.

## 11.3 Notes on Abrasive Flow Problems

### 11.3.1. Tera Valve™ operation

If abrasive flow is a problem, remember; the Tera Valve (#14) only opens and closes. The total travel to full open is approximately 3/4 of an inch. This can be quickly checked with the adjustment knob on the abrasive valve.

For this procedure manually close the choke valve (#13) and the media shut-off union end ball valve (if so equipped) to stop blast flow. This test is to verify that the Tera Valve is opening.

With the deadman (#12) off, screw the Tera Valve (#14) knob down until it stops. Notice that the knob turns easily when the deadman is off. Next, back the knob out 3/4 of an inch or slightly less, then press the deadman lever down to open the Tera Valve. The knob should get tight or more difficult to turn because the valve has opened against the adjustment. This guarantees that the valve is fully open. If the material will not flow with the valve fully open, you have an abrasive flow problem, not a problem with the Tera Valve. The abrasive may be wet, or there may be trash blocking the opening. Try choking the blast outlet to clear the opening. Proceed to step 11.3.2. If the knob does not get tighter during this test troubleshoot the controls and the Tera Valve piston seal.



Do Not hammer on any part of the pressure vessel to improve abrasive flow. This can cause cracks that may lead to pressure vessel rupture.

### 11.3.2. Choking the blast outlet

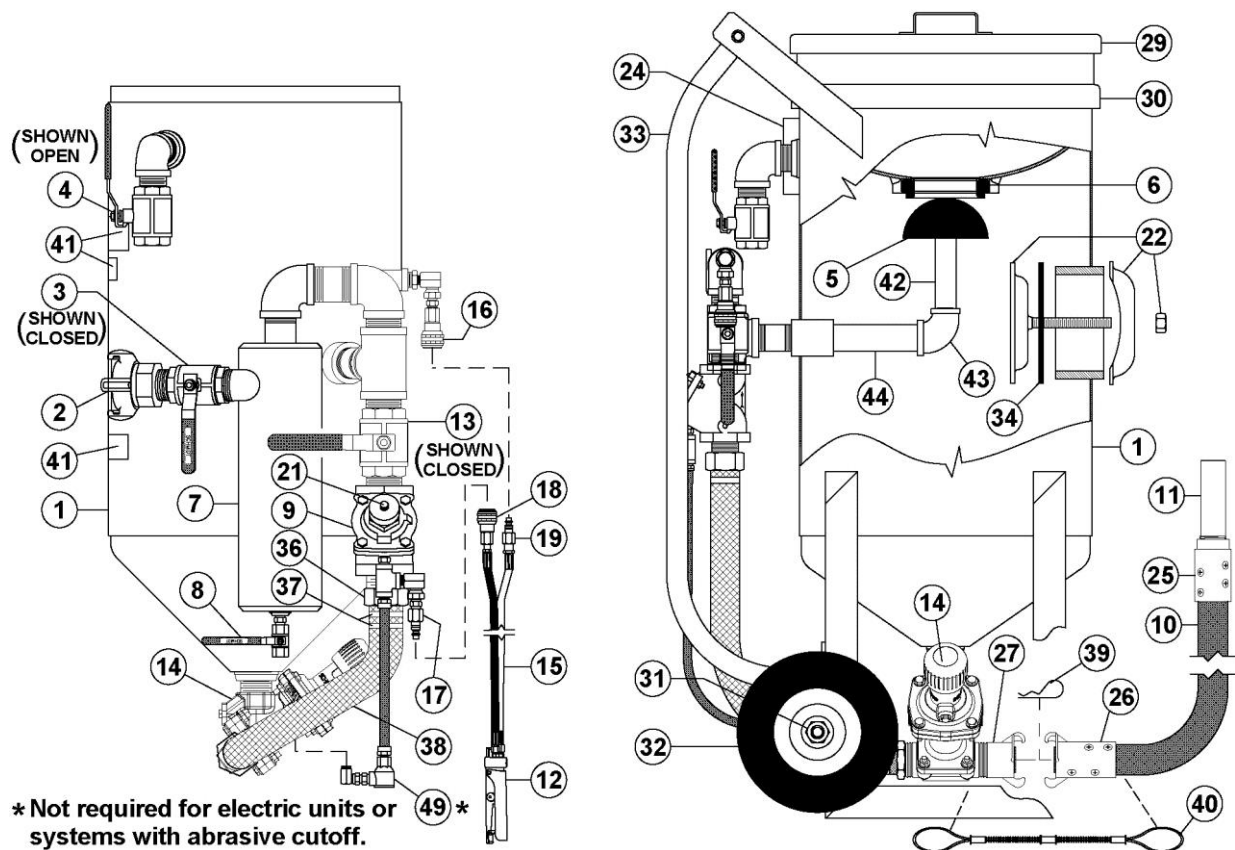
The choke valve (#13) is used to clear any trash that may get into the blast vessel and block the Tera abrasive valve orifice. Whenever trash (paint chip, cigarette butt, etc.) blocks the abrasive valve orifice, the procedure is to fully open the valve by turning the knob counterclockwise, then press down the deadman lever (#12) to begin blasting. While blasting, have an assistant close the choke valve completely for about one second. This creates differential pressure at the abrasive valve (high pressure above; low pressure below). The higher pressure from the blast vessel should be enough to loosen the trash blocking the abrasive valve orifice and blast it through the blast nozzle (#11). To minimize excess wear of the Tera Valve keep the choke valve fully open during normal blasting. If the blaster is equipped with the abrasive cutoff feature set the valve (or switch) to the on-position for the choke procedure.

**Note:** Trash cleared during the choking process may block the nozzle orifice. Refer to Item (7) in Section 11.2.3 for procedure to clear nozzle.

**Note:** The Tera Valve include a cleanout port to use for this procedure. See the valve drawings in Section 9.4(b) (Item 27) and Section 9.10 (Item 13).

### 11.3.3. Blast control hoses

Remember, the blaster controls and valves are normally closed. Therefore, the control hoses are depressurized to turn the blast off and pressurized to turn the blast on. If a needle gauge is available, it is the quickest way to check to see if there is pressure in the control hoses. If no needle gauge is available, disconnect each control hose fitting one at a time until the problem is located.



**Figure 11.1 – Tera Valve™ Abrasive Blaster with pneumatic blast controls**

#### 11.3.4. Contaminated Abrasive

Air quality is crucial to the operation of an abrasive blaster. Moisture and contaminants can cause components to malfunction. Moisture condensation in a blast system causes abrasive flow problems. Condensation occurs when the hot vapor-filled compressed air cools as it reaches the abrasive blaster. Water droplets formed during condensation can be absorbed by the abrasive in the blast vessel which can cause erratic flow to the abrasive valve. To minimize the chance of abrasive flow problems a moisture removal device installed for the blast system air supply is highly recommended (i.e. coalescing moisture separator, air-cooled aftercooler or deliquescent dryer). Contact a local authorized Schmidt® distributor or Axxiom Manufacturing, Inc. to locate one near you.



Do Not hammer on any part of the pressure vessel to improve abrasive flow. This can cause cracks that may lead to pressure vessel rupture.

#### 11.3.5. Recycled Abrasives

Used & recycled abrasives can contain trash & coating particles removed from previously blasted items (particularly sticky coatings) that can cause abrasive to clump together and block the metering valve orifice and stop flow. Prior to use recycled abrasive must be passed through a screen with openings no larger than 1/4" round. Some applications may require smaller openings.

## **12.0 Warranty and Reference Information**

### **12.1 Warranty**

This following section is to be used as a guide in determining warranty policies and procedures for SCHMIDT® products. It is to be used in determining whether a warranty is justified and as a procedural guide in completing a SCHMIDT warranty claim.

### **12.2 Warranty Policy**

1. All SCHMIDT products are guaranteed to be free of defects in material and workmanship at time of shipment. Axxiom Manufacturing, Inc. warrants its products against defects in material and workmanship under normal and proper use for a period of ninety (90) days from the date of delivery. Such warranty is extended only to the buyer who purchases the equipment directly from Axxiom Manufacturing, Inc. or its authorized distributors. This warranty does not include expendable parts such as, but not limited to, hoses, nozzles, and seals.
2. The obligation under this warranty is strictly limited to the replacement or repair, at Axxiom's option, of machines and does not include the cost of transportation, loss of operating time, or normal maintenance services. Axxiom Manufacturing, Inc. shall have no liability for labor, consequential damages, freight or special charges.
3. This warranty does not apply to failure occurring due to abuse, misuse, negligence, corrosion, erosion, normal wear and tear, alterations or modifications made to the machine without express written consent of Axxiom Manufacturing, Inc.
4. Warranty requests must be submitted in writing within thirty (30) days after failure.
5. Written authorization to return merchandise under warranty must first be obtained from Axxiom Manufacturing, Inc. In no case is merchandise to be returned to Axxiom for credit without authorization. At the time of authorization, Axxiom will issue a return authorization number that must be included on all packages and correspondence. Any material returned without prior authorization will remain the property of the sender and Axxiom will not be responsible for it.
6. All returns must be shipped prepaid freight. All returns may be exchanged for other equipment or parts of equal dollar value. If goods are not exchanged, they are subject to a 20% restocking charge. Any cost incurred by Axxiom Manufacturing, Inc. to restore such goods to first class condition will be charged to the customer.
7. Axxiom Manufacturing, Inc. reserves the right to inspect and make the final decision on any merchandise returned under warranty.
8. Axxiom Manufacturing, Inc. offers no warranty with respect to accessories, including but not limited to, engines, motors, batteries, tires and any other parts not manufactured by Axxiom Manufacturing, Inc., but which the original manufacturer warrants.

9. Axxiom Manufacturing, Inc. reserves the right to make product changes or improvements without prior notice and without imposing any obligation upon itself to install the same on its products previously sold.
10. The above warranty conditions can only be altered by Axxiom Manufacturing, Inc. Axxiom must confirm alterations in writing for each specific transaction.
11. Axxiom Manufacturing, Inc. reserves the right to establish specific warranty terms for used or demo machines on an individual transaction basis. Invoices covering such merchandise will clearly state the provisions of the applicable warranty for each specific transaction.
12. USE OF NON-ORIGINAL SCHMIDT® FACTORY REPLACEMENT PARTS ON ANY SCHMIDT EQUIPMENT VOIDS ALL WARRANTIES.
13. AXXIOM MANUFACTURING, INC. DOES NOT AUTHORIZE ANY PERSON, REPRESENTATIVE OR SERVICE OR SALES ORGANIZATION TO MAKE ANY OTHER WARRANTY OR TO ASSUME ON BEHALF OF AXXIOM MANUFACTURING, INC. ANY LIABILITY IN CONNECTION WITH THE SALE OF OUR PRODUCTS OTHER THAN THOSE CONTAINED HEREIN.
14. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL AXXIOM MANUFACTURING, INC. BE LIABLE TO CUSTOMER OR ANY OTHER PERSON FOR ANY DIRECT, INCIDENTAL, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OF THE PRODUCT OR ARISING OUT OF ANY BREACH OF ANY WARRANTY OR FOR ANY SPECIAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES OF ANY CHARACTER, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATIONS, DAMAGES FOR ANY LOSS OF GOODWILL, WORK STOPPAGE, OR ANY AND ALL OTHER COMMERCIAL DAMAGES OR LOSSES.
15. AXXIOM MANUFACTURING, INC. MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE WITH RESPECT TO THE SCHMIDT PRODUCTS SOLD PURSUANT THERETO.

### **12.3 Trademarks, Patents, and Proprietary Statements**

Schmidt®, the Schmidt stylized “S” logo, Thompson®, Microvalve®, MV2®, Tera Valve™, and Combovalve® are registered trademarks owned by Axxiom Manufacturing, Inc. Use of Schmidt, the Schmidt stylized “S” logo, Thompson, Microvalve, MV2, Tera Valve, and Combovalve trademarks without the written consent of Axxiom Manufacturing is strictly prohibited.

Products manufactured and marketed by Axxiom Manufacturing, Inc. are protected by patents issued or pending in the United States and other countries.

The text, diagrams, and drawings contained in this manual are proprietary information intended solely for instruction in the operation of the specified equipment. Use of any text, diagrams, or drawings contained in this manual for any reason other than its intended purpose without the written consent of Axxiom Manufacturing, Inc. is strictly prohibited.

## 12.4 Safety Information Sources

### ***Axxiom Manufacturing, Inc***

This equipment and all Schmidt® equipment are manufactured exclusively by Axxiom Manufacturing, Inc. If any operational or safety related questions arise relating to this equipment contact Axxiom Manufacturing, Inc.

Phone: 1-800-231-2085

Website: [www.SchmidtAbrasiveBlasting.com](http://www.SchmidtAbrasiveBlasting.com)

Axxiom Manufacturing, Inc.  
11927 South Highway 6  
Fresno, Texas 77459

***Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA)*** establishes and enforces regulations regarding safety practices in the workplace including the abrasive blasting industry. Any questions, reporting of work related injuries, or reporting of unsafe work practices can be made to the following contact information. Answers to most any safety related questions can be found at the OSHA website shown below.

Phone: 1-800-321-6742

Website: [www.osha.gov](http://www.osha.gov)

U.S. Department of Labor  
Occupational Safety and Health Administration  
200 Constitution Avenue  
Washington D.C. 20210

***National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH)*** is a federal agency responsible for conducting research and recommendations for the prevention of work related injuries and sickness.

Phone: 1-800-356-4674

Website: [www.cdc.gov/niosh](http://www.cdc.gov/niosh)

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health  
Hubert H. Humphrey Bldg.  
200 Independence Avenue, SW  
Room 715H  
Washington, DC 20201

***American National Standards Institute (ANSI)*** coordinates the development and use of voluntary consensus standards including safety standards.

Phone: 1-202-293-8020

Website: [www.ansi.org](http://www.ansi.org)

American National Standards Institute  
1819 L Street, NW  
6<sup>th</sup> Floor  
Washington, DC 20036

## 12.5 Surface Preparation Information Sources

**The Society for Protective Coatings (SSPC)** consists of research and testing committees, conducts seminars and establishes industry standards on surface preparation methods, abrasive and coatings.

Phone: 1-412-281-2331

Website: [www.sspc.org](http://www.sspc.org)

The Society for Protective Coatings  
40 24th Street  
Pittsburg, PA 15222-4643

**National Association of Corrosion Engineers (NACE)** develops test methods and recommended practices on surface preparation techniques and coatings.

Phone: 1-281-228-6200

Website: [www.nace.org](http://www.nace.org)

National Association of Corrosion Engineers  
1440 South Creek Drive  
Houston, TX 77084

## 12.6 Table of Blast Abrasive Characteristics

| Abrasive Type      | Hardness (Mohs) | Grain Shape | Density Lbs/ft <sup>3</sup> | Color      | Free Silica Content | No. of Recycles | Initial Cost | Typical Use                                           |
|--------------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------------------------|------------|---------------------|-----------------|--------------|-------------------------------------------------------|
| Corn Cobs          | 2               | angular     | 35-45                       | tan        | none                | 4-5             | low          | stripping paint from delicate substrates              |
| Sodium Bicarbonate | 2.8             | crystal     | 60                          | white      | none                | 4-5             | medium       | cleaning and stripping paint from delicate substrates |
| Walnut Shell       | 3               | angular     | 45                          | lt. brown  | none                | 4.5             | low          | stripping paint from delicate substrates              |
| Plastic            | 3.2             | angular     | 45-60                       | white      | none                | 8-10            | medium       | Paint stripping, deburring, and cleaning              |
| Glass Beads        | 4.5             | spherical   | 90                          | crystal    | none                | 8-10            | low          | cleaning finishing                                    |
| Starblast XL       | 6.5             | spherical   | 128                         | lt. brown  | <1%                 | 4-5             | medium       | outdoor blasting                                      |
| Coal Slag          | 7               | angular     | 85                          | black      | none                | 1-2             | medium       | outdoor blasting                                      |
| Copper Slag        | 7               | angular     | 112                         | black      | none                | 1-2             | medium       | outdoor blasting                                      |
| Garnet             | 7               | angular     | 147                         | pink       | <2%                 | 4-5             | medium       | outdoor blasting                                      |
| Steel Shot         | 8               | spherical   | 280                         | steel grey | none                | 200             | low          | cleaning and peening                                  |
| Steel Grit         | 8               | angular     | 280                         | steel grey | none                | 200             | medium       | removing heavy scale                                  |
| Aluminum Oxide     | 9               | angular     | 120                         | brown      | <1%                 | 6-8             | medium       | cleaning and finishing, deburring and etching         |

## 13.0 Blasting Data

**13.1 Table 1 Approximate Air Consumption (CFM) Per Blast Nozzle**

| NOZZLE SIZE | NOZZLE PRESSURE |        |        |        |         |         |         |
|-------------|-----------------|--------|--------|--------|---------|---------|---------|
|             | 60 psi          | 70 psi | 80 psi | 90 psi | 100 psi | 120 psi | 140 psi |
| No.2 1/8"   | 14              | 16     | 18     | 20     | 22      | 26      | 30      |
| No.3 3/16"  | 32              | 36     | 41     | 45     | 49      | 58      | 66      |
| No.4 1/4"   | 57              | 65     | 72     | 80     | 90      | 105     | 121     |
| No.5 5/16"  | 90              | 101    | 113    | 125    | 140     | 160     | 185     |
| No.6 3/8"   | 126             | 145    | 163    | 182    | 200     | 235     | 270     |
| No.7 7/16"  | 170             | 193    | 215    | 240    | 270     | 315     | 360     |
| No.8 1/2"   | 230             | 260    | 290    | 320    | 350     | 410     | 470     |
| No.10 5/8"  | 360             | 406    | 454    | 500    | 550     | 640     | 740     |
| No.12 3/4"  | 518             | 585    | 652    | 720    | 790     | 925     | 1060    |

**13.2 Table 2 Abrasive Consumption (lbs. per hour) Per Blast Nozzle**

| NOZZLE SIZE | NOZZLE PRESSURE |        |        |        |         |         |         |
|-------------|-----------------|--------|--------|--------|---------|---------|---------|
|             | 60 psi          | 70 psi | 80 psi | 90 psi | 100 psi | 120 psi | 140 psi |
| No.2 1/8"   | 90              | 105    | 115    | 130    | 140     | 165     | 190     |
| No.3 3/16"  | 205             | 230    | 260    | 290    | 320     | 375     | 430     |
| No.4 1/4"   | 365             | 420    | 460    | 500    | 560     | 660     | 760     |
| No.5 5/16"  | 575             | 650    | 725    | 825    | 900     | 1050    | 1200    |
| No.6 3/8"   | 840             | 945    | 1050   | 1155   | 1260    | 1475    | 1700    |
| No.7 7/16"  | 1150            | 1300   | 1450   | 1600   | 1750    | 2050    | 2350    |
| No.8 1/2"   | 1460            | 1660   | 1850   | 2000   | 2250    | 2650    | 3000    |
| No.10 5/8"  | 2290            | 2600   | 2900   | 3125   | 3520    | 4100    | 4750    |
| No.12 3/4"  | 3300            | 3750   | 4180   | 4500   | 5060    | 5950    | 6800    |

**13.3 Table 3 Hose Selection Guide (blasting @ 100 Psi)**

| NOZZLE SIZE            | No.4 1/4" | No.5 5/16" | No.6 3/8" | No.7 7/16" | No.8 1/2" |
|------------------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|
| CFM @ 100psi           | 90        | 140        | 200       | 270        | 350       |
| AIR HOSE               | 1 1/4"    | 1 1/4"     | 1 1/2"    | 1 1/2"     | 2"        |
| BLAST HOSE             | 1"        | 1 1/4"     | 1 1/4"    | 1 1/2"     | 1 1/2"    |
| ABRASIVE ( lbs per hr) | 560       | 900        | 1260      | 1750       | 2250      |

### 13.4 Additional Information on Blasting Productivity

Air volume and pressure are very important. The blasting production rate will increase with higher blasting pressures and decrease with lower blasting pressures. The National Association of Corrosion Engineers' data suggests that for each 1 psi reduction in nozzle pressure, there is a 1.5% production loss. Pressure drop through a Schmidt® blast unit is normally less than 1 psi, while blast units manufactured by some of our competitors have pressure losses as high as 12 psi resulting in an 18% loss of production. Air pressure loss can also be avoided by using the shortest possible hose of adequate size. The inside diameter of both the blast hose (other than whip hose) and the air hose should be approximately three times the diameter of the orifice in the blast nozzle.

Standard Schmidt blast units are rated for a maximum pressure of 125 psi or 150 psi. Refer to the pressure vessel nameplate for maximum operating pressure.